

Planning & Development Services

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MEMORANDUM

TO:	Mayor and Boise City Council
FROM:	Hal Simmons, Planning Director Boise City Planning and Development Services
HEARING DATE:	March 29, 2016
RE:	CAR15-00029, CPA15-00008, SUB15-00055 / Syringa Valley Specific Plan and Kirsten Subdivision

Kent Brown Planning Services is requesting approval of a Rezone of approximately 600 acres to create a Specific Plan District Zone (SP03) in the Southwest Planning Area. The property is located on the east side of Cole Road south of Latigo Drive, generally identified as 6298 S. Cole Road. There is an associated Comprehensive Plan Amendment that proposes to modify the text addressing gross density and location of residential development north of Lake Hazel Road. In addition, there is an associated Preliminary Plat for a residential subdivision located in the northwest corner of the specific plan consisting of 422 buildable lots and 20 common lots.



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SUMMARY

The applicant has submitted three applications for the property generally identified as 6298 S. Cole Road. The applicant requests a Comprehensive Plan Amendment to modify the text addressing gross density and location of residential development north of the proposed Lake Hazel Road extension, a rezone of approximately 600 acres from A-2 (Open Land, Reserve) to Syringa Valley Specific Plan (SP03) in the Southwest Planning Area. Finally, a Preliminary Plat for a residential subdivision comprised of 422 buildable lots and 20 common lots.

At the February 8, 2016 Planning and Zoning Commission meeting the Southwest Ada County Alliance Neighborhood Association and numerous neighbors from the surrounding area spoke in opposition to the applications. Their concerns focused mainly on the increase in density and overall number of new homes within the development, traffic impacts to existing roadways in the area, and potential impacts on existing private water wells.

After hearing testimony from the applicant, the Neighborhood Association, and the neighbors in opposition, the Planning and Zoning Commission recommended approval of the Comprehensive Plan Amendment, and approval of the rezone for the conceptual Specific Plan. They noted the conceptual Specific Plan was consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and they were comfortable with the proposed increase in density. However, they felt the additional traffic generated by the new homes within Phase I of the subdivision would have a negative impact on the existing street network in the area. As such, they recommended denial of the Preliminary Plat for Kirsten Subdivision.

On January 27, 2016 the Ada County Highway District Commission acted on the applications including the Kirsten Subdivision. The staff report from ACHD noted that the section of Cole Road between Amity and Victory exceeds the acceptable level of service for a two lane principal arterial roadway. However, they further explain that the intersections of Cole/Amity and Cole/Victory are signalized and currently operate at an acceptable level of service and are projected to continue to operate at an acceptable level of service until 170 homes are constructed. For this reason ACHD has limited the construction within the Kirsten Subdivision to 170 homes until the Lake Hazel and Orchard Street extensions are constructed. The Planning Team understands the concerns of the neighborhood and the Planning and Zoning Commission, but feels that allowing the developer to begin construction on a portion of the development could be viewed as a trade-off for providing much needed infrastructure in the area. If the Council chooses to go against the recommendation of the Planning and Zoning Commission they do have the discretion to allow less construction than what was approved by ACHD.

There has been concern raised that if approved the developer would construct the 170 allowed by ACHD and then delay construction on the remainder of the project. While this is a possibility, the Planning Team feels it is unlikely as the entire 600 acre project is under the ownership of one development company.

In addition to the concerns about traffic impacts the neighbors also raised concerns about water service. When the property was annexed in 2006 comments were provided by United Water. They indicated that the property is serviceable and the service would be provided via the existing 12" water main located in Cole Road. United Water did not provide written comments for the current applications, but did comment verbally that the proposed development would not have a negative effect on the existing private wells in the area.

The recommended approval for the Specific Plan is for a Conceptual Specific Plan. The Current Planning Team and the Planning and Zoning Commission was clear that more work is needed on the Specific Plan. The applicant was provided with specific items that need to be addressed. Those items include – the future alignment of Orchard Street, a more environmentally friendly way to handle storm water runoff, a xeriscape landscape plan due to the lack of water rights, and potential block prototypes to further identify sub-district design. Prior to any further development approvals within the Specific Plan, a modification to the Specific Plan including the Development Code ordinance sections will be required. Both the Planning Team and the Development.

RECOMMENDATION

The Planning and Zoning Commission recommends approval of the Comprehensive Plan Amendment (CPA15-00008) and the associated Rezone (CAR15-00029) as they were submitted. The Planning and Zoning Commission recommended denial of the preliminary plat for the Kirsten Subdivision (SUB15-00055).



Derick O'Neill Director

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City Council President Elaine Clegg

Council Pro Tem Lauren McLean

Maryanne Jordan Scot Ludwig Ben Quintana TJ Thomson

Planning & Development Services

February 9, 2016

Larry Hellhake Pleasant Valley South, LLC 3837 Holl Drive Eagle, ID 83616 <u>ljhres@msn.com</u> (sent via email)

Re: CPA15-00008, CAR15-00029 & SUB15-00055 / 6298 S. Cole Road

Dear Mr. Hellhake:

This letter is to inform you of the action taken by the Boise City Planning and Zoning Commission on your request for an amendment to Policy SW-CCN 2.5 of the Comprehensive Plan to remove both the area and density limits on residential development north of the future Lake Hazel Road Extension in the Reserve Planned Community Area, a rezone of approximately 601 acres from A-2 (Open Land) to SP-03 (Syringa Valley Specific Plan). The new zone will include a number of sub-districts with a range of use allowances and dimensional standards and a preliminary plat for a residential subdivision comprised of 452 buildable and 20 common lots on approximately 101 acres generally located in a proposed SP-03 (Syringa Valley Specific Plan) zone.

The Boise City Planning and Zoning Commission, at their meeting on **February 8**, **2016**, **recommended** to the Mayor and Boise City Council **approval** of your rezone and Comprehensive Plan amendment requests based on the attached Reasons for the Decision and recommended conditions of approval.

On **February 8, 2016,** the Boise City Planning & Zoning Commission recommended **denial** of the Preliminary Plat of the Kirsten Subdivision to the Boise City Council.

These applications will be considered by the Boise City Council to establish a public hearing date. You will be notified of the established hearing date.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (208) 384-3834.

Sincerely,

Id Jucker

Todd Tucker Associate Planner Boise City Planning and Development Services

TT/wm cc:

An Equal Opportunity Employer

Kent Brown / Kent Brown Planning Services / <u>kentlkb@gmail.com</u> (sent via email) Southwest Ada County Alliance, Inc. / Attn: Annette DeAngelis / jangels10@gmail.com (sent via email)

Reason for the Decision

Rezone

The rezone is consistent with the goals, objectives and policies of the Comprehensive Plan. *Policy* NAC7.1 encourages a mix of housing types and densities in residential neighborhoods, particularly for projects greater than two acres. The specific plan provides a mix of housing types and products within its neighborhoods to help promote a community feel. The rezone is compatible with surrounding development and properly integrates land uses and infrastructure with adjacent properties. The majority of the surrounding property to the northwest is currently developed with single-family residential homes. The specific plan includes adequate provisions for utilities, services, roadway networks and emergency vehicles access, and public service demands will not exceed the capacity of existing and planned systems. Public utilities are available to the site and the applicant will be extending those utilities throughout the development. No commenting agency has indicated that the specific plan will place a burden on the public infrastructure in the area. The specific plan will enhance the potential for superior urban design and land use in comparison with development under the base district provisions that would apply if it were not approved. The property is identified as Planned Community on the Land Use Map. Approval of a specific plan is the mechanism the applicant has used to facilitate a planned community. The specific plan has language that regulates the design of the development. It will insure a cohesive development pattern and continuity throughout the specific plan area.

Comprehensive Plan Amendment

The amendment is required for the public convenience or necessity, or for the general welfare of the community. To achieve the densities needed along Lake Hazel to warrant transit service in the future, and to provide a buffer to the lower densities further to the south an increase in density is needed. As such, the amendment is for the public convenience, necessity, and for the general welfare of the community.

The amendment is necessary to address changes in conditions within the community that have occurred since the Boise City Comprehensive Plan was adopted or is necessary to correct one or more goal, objective, or policy that exist in the plan. In 2015 the Boise Airport conducted an update to the Noise Exposure Maps and Noise Compatibility Program. The results indicated that no changes to the Airport Influence Overlay for this property would occur. As such, an increase to the allowed density and area allowed for residential development north of Lake Hazel is possible. The amendment is in compliance with and will further the goals, objectives, and policies of the Boise City Comprehensive Plan. Increasing the density in this area will allow for a greater number of homes to be constructed within current City Limits. This development pattern will limit urban sprawl and provide for better opportunities for a mixture of housing types. The amendment will not create inconsistencies between the goals, objectives, and policies within or between any chapters of the Boise City Comprehensive Plan. *Policy CC9.1(a)* promotes development patterns that will help build new routes and enhanced service over time. Increasing the density in this area will provide the need for new transit routes in this part of the City. The amendment will not place an undue burden on transportation or other public facilities in the planning area, and does not adversely impact the delivery of services by any political subdivision providing services. Correspondence from commenting agencies confirms the project will not place an undue burden on the transportation system or other public facilities in the vicinity. The Ada County Highway District (ACHD) Commission approved the project on January 27, 2016.

Recommended Conditions of Approval

<u>Specific Plan</u>

- 1. Prior to approval of any further development within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan beyond the Kirsten Subdivision an amendment to both the plan and ordinance shall be approved. The amendment shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a. Orchard Street Alignment
 - b. Block Prototypes
 - c. Xeriscaping Landscape Palate
 - d. Permeable Paving
 - e. Mix of Product Type Requirements
 - f. Mix of Uses Requirements
 - g. Phasing Plan for Schools, Parks, Pathways, and Other Services
 - h. Amenity Package
- 2. A full line department store shall not be constructed within the specific plan.
- 3. Streetlight fixtures shall be of a design that will focus the light down to prevent light trespass from the development.
- 4. The residential development along the south side of Lake Hazel shall have a density range between 10 and 20 dwelling units per acre.
- 5. The residential development directly adjacent the city park, and elementary school located south of Lake Hazel shall have a density range between 6 and 15 dwelling units per acre.
- 6. All public streets within the specific plan shall be improved with detached sidewalks.
- 7. The Syringa Valley Specific Plan Ordinance shall be revised to reflect the attached revised ordinance.
- 8. All new residential development within the specific plan is subject to an avigation easement and required to meet the sound attenuation standards of a minimum noise level reduction (NLR) of 25 dB."

Agency Requirements

9. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of ACHD as per their staff reports dated January 27, 2016 (CAR15-00029 & CPA15-00008).

10. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of the Boise City Public Works Department (BCPW). The following is a list of department comments by division:

Grading & Drainage – September 29, 2015 Street Lights – September 29, 2015 Sewer – September 30, 2015 Pressure Irrigation – September 30, 2015

- 11. The applicant shall comply with any conditions of the Boise Fire Department from the memos dated **January 20, 2016**. Any deviation from this plan is subject to Fire Department approval.
- 12. The applicant shall comply with any conditions of the Boise Parks and Recreation Department from the memo dated **January 11, 2016**.
- 13. The applicant shall comply with any conditions of the Boise Building Division of Planning and Development Services from the memo dated **September 29, 2015**.
- The applicant shall comply with any conditions of the Independent School District of Boise City #1 letters dated November 5, 2015 (SUB15-00055) and November 17, 2015 (CAR15-00029 & CPA15-00008).
- 15. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of the Ada County Street Name Committee evaluation dated **July 9, 2015** (CAR15-00029) and **September 10, 2015** (SUB15-00055)
- 16. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of the Central District Health Department memo dated **October 15, 2015** (SUB15-00055).
- 17. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of the Boise Project Board of Control from the comments submitted on **October 15, 2015**.

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COMMISSION MEMBERS PRESENT

- ⊠ Rich Demarest, Chair
- □ Milt Gillespie, Vice-Chair
- Stephen Bradbury
- ⊠ Douglas Gibson
- \boxtimes Jennifer Stevens
- ⊠ Tamara Ansotegui
- Garrett Richardson (Student)

PDS MEMBERS PRESENT

Scott Spjute, Cody Riddle, Ted Vanegas, Brent Moore, Susan Riggs, Todd Tucker, Brianna McNall, Eunice Ortero, Whitney Montgomery and Amanda Schaus (Legal).

<u>CPA15-00008</u> / Pleasant Valley South, LLC

AMENDMENT TO POLICY SW-CCN 2.5 OF THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN TO REMOVE BOTH THE AREA AND DENSITY LIMITS ON RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT NORTH OF THE FUTURE LAKE HAZEL ROAD EXTENSION IN THE RESERVE PLANNED COMMUNITY AREA. <u>Todd Tucker</u>

CAR15-00029 / Pleasant Valley South, LLC

Location: <u>6298 S. Cole Road</u> REZONE OF APPROXIMATELY 601 ACRES FROM A-2 (OPEN LAND) TO SP-03 (SYRINGA VALLEY SPECIFIC PLAN). THE NEW ZONE WILL INCLUDE A NUMBER OF SUBDISTRICTS WITH A RANGE OF USE ALLOWANCES AND DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS. <u>Todd Tucker</u>

SUB15-00055 / Kirsten Subdivision

Location: <u>6298 S. Cole Road</u> PRELIMINARY PLAT FOR A RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION COMPRISED OF 453 BUILDABLE AND 41 COMMON LOTS ON APPROXIMATELY 101 ACRES IN A PROPOSED SP-03 (SYRINGA VALLEY SPECIFIC PLAN) ZONE. <u>Todd Tucker</u>

COMMISSIONER BRADBURY RECUSED HIMSELF

Todd Tucker (City of Boise): Good evening Mr. Chairman and members of the Commission. This presentation is for the Syringa Valley Development which is located in southwest Boise. The project is a large, 600 acre mixed use project located on the east side of Cole Road where Lake Hazel Road intersects.

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This presentation will cover 3 items this evening, a Comprehensive Plan Amendment, a Rezone to designate the property as a Specific Plan, and a preliminary plat for a residential subdivision. I will explain each of these applications within the presentation, but first I thought it would be go through a little bit of the history on this property.

The subject property was annexed into the City of Boise in 2007. The property was zoned A-2. The A-2 zone is a holding zone typically given to property that is annexed without a development plan. The property was given a land use designation of Planned Community. There are several Comprehensive Plan policies specific to the development of this property. In the Comprehensive Plan this area is identified as "The Reserve". Recommendations were specifically given as to how and where certain land uses were to be located. In addition, specific densities were provided for different areas of the property, which leads us to the first application which is a Comprehensive Plan Amendment.

The Comprehensive Plan limits residential development north of Lake Hazel, or the future extension of Lake Hazel, to the 65 acres located in the northwest corner. It further limits the density within this area to 3 dwelling units per acre. These restrictions were placed on the property because of concerns expressed by the Airport related to noise from the jets used at Gowen Field when the property was annexed. The airport has recently conducted an update to the previous sound study and has indicated that they do not have the same level of concern now as they did in 2007. As such, the applicant is requesting to increase the area allowed for residential development to approximately 100 aces with a density of approximately 4.5 dwelling units per acre.

The second application for discussion is the Rezone from A-2 to a Specific Plan. Specific Plans are a tool used to create new zoning regulations for unique areas and developments where other conventional zoning mechanisms cannot achieve the desired results. Some existing specific plans that you know about are the Harris Ranch Specific Plan and the Barber Valley Specific Plan located in southeast Boise. The specific plan was designed to comply with the Comprehensive Plan policies that are specific to this area referred to as "The Reserve" in the Comprehensive Plan. I will just briefly now run through some of the components of the Specific Plan.

So as you can see majority of the development is a fairly low dense residential development, everything in yellow is a fairly low density residential development. The plan does propose to have two schools located on site, a large 50 acre site has been purchased by the school district for a high school and a smaller 10 acre site is anticipated for an elementary school and the school district has indicated that they need both of those. A 10 acre site for a public park is located within the development and this has been worked out with the Parks Department, they would like that park centrally located and that's where it's been located. There are two neighborhood commercial centers in the property. One is located south of Lake Hazel centrally located to the development; it'll have kind of an urban village feel, something very similar to Hyde Park or Bown Crossing area. This is a little bit larger neighborhood commercial area, there's also a business campus located north of that, all of these things were specifically called out in the Comprehensive Plan, things that needed to be located within the development and where they needed to be located. There will be a pedestrian pathway along the canal here that traverses through the western side of the property with other paths through the property to get you to the park. Lake Hazel Road will be

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improved with a 10 foot wide multi-use pathway on both the north and the south sides of the road as well as bike lanes on Lake Hazel. So those are a few components of the specific plan.

I just wanted to talk briefly about one aspect of the Specific Plan and that is the Urban Village in the center of the project on the south side of Lake Hazel. This satisfies the requirement to have a neighborhood commercial center south of Lake Hazel. It will provide a nice place for the residents of the area and students at the high school to meet for lunch time or other times of the day. It's centrally located and it's near the high school, and city park, it's near the elementary school and we feel it will be a great asset to this community.

The Planning Team feels that the Specific Plan that has been submitted and as presented is a great start. It follows many of the recommendations of the Comprehensive Plan for this area. However, there are still some of the finer details that need some improvement and some greater review. Some of those items are the future alignment of Orchard Street, a more environmentally friendly way to handle storm water runoff, a xierascape landscape palate due to the lack of irrigation water rights in the area, and the potential for block prototypes to further identify how development will look in the sub-districts. As such, we are recommending a conceptual approval of the Specific Plan and will work with the applicant to further refine the details that still need to be addressed.

The Kirsten Subdivision is a residential development with 422 buildable lots, and 20 common lots. It will have a total of 452 dwelling units as 10 of the lots will be improved with multi-family buildings. The subdivision has a great network of detached sidewalks and micro-paths through the open space lots. There is a nice mix of product types with larger lots located in the northwest corner that match the existing lots to the north. Smaller traditional front loaded lots and alley loaded lots are centrally located and spread throughout the development and then multi-family lots are located at the southeast corner of the property. The vehicular and pedestrian connectivity is excellent within the subdivision.

As you know from the project report and the late correspondence memo there are some concerns from the neighborhood regarding this development. Their concerns center mainly around 4 topics. The density, or just the sheer number of homes being proposed, how this development will be impacted by the Airport, water, specifically how this development will affect the existing private wells in the area, and traffic. I will address each one of these concerns now.

As previously mentioned the Comprehensive Plan has specific densities identified for this property. The applicant is requesting to construct 452 dwelling units north of Lake Hazel at the northwest corner of the overall development. The Comprehensive Plan placed a density cap of 6 dwelling units per acre south of Lake Hazel. The property located south of Lake Hazel is approximately 370 acres. At 6 units per acre that is 2,220 dwelling units. I just wanted to clarify or point out that that number was established in 2007 when the property was annexed into the City and when we placed these specific Comprehensive Plan policies within the Comprehensive Plan. The developer is not requesting to change that number south of Lake Hazel from the 6 dwelling units per acre gross that is specifically called out in the Comprehensive Plan.

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The majority of the development is located within what is known as the Airport Influence Area "A". This area does not restrict density, but does require buildings to provide a sound level reduction of 25 decibels. A small portion of the development is located within area "B" which is at the north/east corner of the project and this area in the specific plan is identified as industrial, which is good because area "B" doesn't not allow for residential development within it and there is no residential development proposed for this area.

In 2015 the Airport commissioned an update to the sound study to determine what impacts there may be if the mission at Gowen Field changes and louder aircraft are brought to Boise. You can see the subject property is located here, in green in the south/west portion of the map and you can see that it is located in airport influence area "A". It's hard to see, but I did change the map to the 2020 updated map. So on this map, this is the 2020 Noise Exposure Map and it was completed using F-15 jets, which are much louder aircraft than what's at Gowen Field right now. As you can see there really is no change to the impacts to this property as far as the airport is concerned with the airport area of influence being in "A" or changing that and I can toggle back and forth between these two. You can see a slight change around the airport, but for the most part it doesn't change at all for this property. There are some that disagree with the study that was conducted and performed, but that is the documentation that we have, this is the study that was performed and this is the documentation that was provided to us showing that there is no change to the impacts the impacts that would happen to this property.

Suez water or what was previously known as United Water does have main lines currently located within Cole Road that will service this property. They recently extended a new secondary line through this property. The water provided to this area of the City comes from three existing wells located out on Amex road and it's difficult to see on this but Amex Road is out here and I talked with a gentleman at United Water that said there's three wells located out there now, that's where the water comes from, they're not proposing any new wells and they indicated that this development should not be a drain on the system or should not impact those private wells. I reached out to United Water or Suez to see if they would provide someone to come and be at this hearing, they indicated that they might I'm not sure if they're here or not, but that's the comments that they provided to us. They did not provide us written comments, only verbal comments on the phone. We transmitted this application to Department of Water Resources as well and they provided no comments. We take no comments as an indication of that there is not a concern if they didn't comment to us.

Finally, I think the item of most concern is traffic. A full ACHD report was included in the Project Report you received. The analysis covered the Specific Plan as a whole as well as the Kirsten Subdivision. As you can see the traffic counts for Cole Road and Lake Hazel in this area are within the acceptable thresholds except for a mile section of Cole Road from Victory to Amity. That section is listed as "F" although all of the other ones are within their thresholds. However, when this happens the Highway District, I believe it's their policy is they defer to the intersections and see how the intersections handle traffic. If you'll notice the table below, the intersections are currently functioning below capacity. Those intersections will continue to function below capacity until the 171st home is constructed. You can see in that that their threshold is .9 or less, the existing volume to capacity ratio for that intersection at 170 is functioning at .90 which is compliant within their thresholds. At 171 it pushes over that amount and as such, the Highway District has placed a condition of approval stating that before the 171st home gets built

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within this specific plan, that they have to construct Lake Hazel and Orchard extension to provide a secondary access out of here.

At the January 27th ACHD hearing where they approved, or recommended approval of this project, the ACHD Commission gave two specific, very specific recommendations to the City of Boise. The City of Boise currently owns the parcel directly north of where the public right-of-way ends for the future Orchard extension. This right-of-way here would be the Orchard extension that comes up here. Currently Orchard is over here, there's some discussion or some talk about realigning it over to this location. So, this would be the extension of Orchard Road. So this property shown in blue is currently owned by Boise City. ACHD would like for the City of Boise to grant the developer a temporary easement over our property for construction vehicle traffic. Ultimately this will be the decision of the City Council and we are currently working on the issue internally to present all of the options to the Council at this time. In general the planning team is not opposed to that, we think it's probably a good idea, there are just some details that need to be worked out on where that is to be located, how wide is it to be, things like that. So, we're working on that to present all of those options to the City Council. The second request is to reevaluate our roadway and intersection prioritization list to emphasize projects in the southwest area of town. This is another item that will ultimately be decided by the Council with a recommendation from the Planning & Development Services Transportation team, and they are currently working on that list and working on the presentation they will provide to the City Council to formulate that list which will ultimately be transmitted or given to the Highway District.

The Planning Team makes the following recommendations for this project. The Comprehensive Plan CPA15-00008, we recommend approval of that. The rezone from A-2 to a specific plan, CAR15-00028, the planning team recommends conceptual approval and within the conditions of approval we've listed some specific things that we would like to see addressed as we continue to work with the applicant. Those are Orchard Street alignment, block prototypes, xeriscaping landscape palate, permeable paving options, mix of product type requirements, mix of use requirements, phasing plan for the schools, parks and pathways; I've talked with both the school district and the Parks Department, they have no specific time tables now for either the high school or the elementary school, that'll be development driven and as well as the Parks Department, I have spoken with the Parks Department to see if they have a time table of when they foresee that park being greened up and fully functioning and that's also development driven as well. So, it'll be determined how fast the development goes, is when those uses will be needed. As far as the subdivision goes, SUB15-000055, the preliminary plat, we recommend approval of that as well. Basically we've tried to; we felt that the developer did a great job of presenting kind of the bones of the specific plan. We recognize that this is a large area and it takes a lot of work to get it done right but we also recognize the time table that they have to get development started out there so we can get some of these improvements going and so we've tried to work this so that we can get a conceptual approval and they can get going on that very first subdivision and then we have some time to work through the other issues. A cap of 170 building permits is going to take a while, those aren't going to be built in a year, it's going to take a while to happen which gives us a lot of time to work with the developer and make those changes that we see and any changes that the Planning & Zoning Commission would like to suggest. This is by no means the end of the list, if you have other things that you would like to see added to the list for us to work on, we recommend that you provide those to us so that we can get those things discussed and get working on those. That really concludes my presentation, you probably can't read this but it is the

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review criteria for the two applications, a Comprehensive Plan Amendment and then also a rezone. A rezone to a specific plan has a little bit different criteria than just a general rezone and so I've listed those. If you can't read them, if you have your code it's 11-05-06.7.A. So, that concludes my presentation.

Chairman Demarest: Todd I've got one quick question for you. I think we might have a typo, which is somewhat insignificant, but for clarity sake it looks like the CAR15 you had 28 up there, we've got 29.

Todd Tucker: 29, sorry.

Chairman Demarest: 29? Okay good, just for clarity sake. Thank you. We're going to hear from the applicant at this point.

APPLICANT TESTIMONY

Kent Brown (3161 E. Springwood Meridian, ID): I would like to thank the staff. We've had numerous meetings with them and numerous revisions to try to, as Todd called it, to get the bones for this. I've been doing development in this valley, I've worked 9 years for the City of Boise, was over land development at one time for the subdivision portion of it and had never have had this kind of project where you're doing the zoning and everything else. I think a lot of people when they look at these 600 acres they kind of believe that we had all of this freedom to do this, but realistically with the goals that are called out in the reserve there's over 20 some goals that we had to meet. Todd has done a really good job of explaining, but what's in yellow or what's in yellow and highlighted in red is the Syringa portion of the reserve. You can see Lake Hazel being extended through the site; it's intended for Lake Hazel to continue to the east and eventually come out at Isaac Canyon and then Orchard Road to continue to the north and extend up to the freeway and there's a realignment study that ACHD did and the City of Boise participated in that. Our southerly boundary is Columbia Road so realistically we're 600 acres; a square mile is generally 640 acres. For you to move forward you're supposed to approve that we've met the intent of the plan. Todd has called out many of those items in the northeast corner as the business park that is called out in the Comp Plan to be there. There are two neighborhood centers, one in the north side of Lake Hazel Road and then the urban village in the center. It calls out that we have a variety of housing types and lot sizes and yet that we keep the lower portion in the density of 6 units per acre. It is really specific about where the parks are supposed to be located and where the streets are adjacent to them and all of these things had to be taken into consideration as we move forward with doing that layout and design. The boundary of the reserve is called out in the text and it talks about it going all the way over to Pleasant Valley to the east. If you look at the screen, what's kind of highlighted in brown to the east, that's where Pleasant Valley is and the map and the text are different. So, technically depending on legal which one overrides, there's a potential I guess that more of the reserve could be done to the east, but specifically with what we're doing we have a majority of it, we have about 40 acres that is out on our side of it. What's highlighted above the map calls that area out as a part of the reserve also and so we showed that. We're supposed to establish mix use and a business campus. So, we have the business campus located on the north and that makes sense when we have the industrial area that is up there and those type of uses. We're trying to be mindful of what the airport wants and not trying to show any residential uses there. The airport study made a huge change in what we're proposing to do. It calls for a higher density along the south side of Lake Hazel Road and that's why we have that medium density zone. It talks about everything being pedestrian

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friendly and a lot of pedestrian activity. We put names on each one of these sections to make it easier as we wrote the verbiage to be talking about a specific area so that we could meet the goals that is called out. Each one of those, like Kestrel and Lanner Falcon, Peregrine, those are roughly 40 acres, they're about 1,200 foot block lengths both north and south and we only have three acres points to Lake Hazel Road as it functions as an arterial. The business campus, it talks about what types of uses can be used there. The business uses are generally non regional; it's specific in there that they don't want regional department store type things. It calls for auto service, warehouse, storage, very similar to what's in the manufacturing and industrial zones. It does allow for health clubs and those kinds of things and then having the neighborhood village to the south with restaurants and so forth makes that support those types of uses. It calls for limiting the density on the north side. Originally in an original layout that was before the Commission and the Council back in 2007, Lake Hazel Road curved and so and it was moved up to the north a little bit. It had an arch in an older version of that and so the residential portion was 65 acres in total. When we moved it down through different versions of the plan and the airport came in and said that they would allow us to put residential anywhere on the north side we looked at increasing the density to the east of the high school site, but at the same time we figured the people that are there along Cole and the people in the South Fork Subdivision had an anticipation at the time of annexation that we would only have three units per acre, so we left that 20 acres in that configuration so that we limited that access. Here's a plan of the Kirsten Subdivision, that 100 acres, it's color coded, what you see in purple is considered estate lots. The ones along and backup to the South Fork Subdivision are 130 feet deep. They are the same or greater than the sizes that are in South Fork. The densities go smaller as you move to the south and east and closer to Umatilla which is on our easterly boundary, that's called out to be a collector road between us and the high school. So, no front on housing would be on there. There's connected paths that are through there and this ends up being a prototype of how those other low density sections will develop in the future. On the south side there are specific things that we are supposed to do. It called out that we were supposed to have two neighborhood centers on the south side of Lake Hazel Road, but with speaking with the Highway District, they said that because the high school is in there and on the north side that they prefer that we put a neighborhood center on that side to keep the high school kids from meandering across the road to those areas. Umatilla is the one where the urban village lines up and that's a controlled intersection. Obviously, Orchard would be a controlled intersection also so that you have lights to get people across. I felt that it was safer and then it made a lot more sense for that urban village or that neighborhood pedestrian center to be on the north helping to support the business campus that was also there. Safe routes to school were also talked about. If you look they can cross there on Umatilla through a controlled intersection and then Todd's presentation he talked about that we have a 10 foot path on both sides of Lake Hazel Road. The subdivision, if we go back one more, you can see the common areas that run north and south that funnel that development so that people can have access to that 10 foot pathway that is along Lake Hazel Road on the north. They could come out onto Cole, go on sidewalks and then cross at the Cole/Lake Hazel intersection and either go on either side of that 10 foot path also. There is also a 10 foot path that's along the New York Canal on the backside of those lots in the south/west corner there of the subdivision. It calls for us to have a mixture of housing types and then greater density around the park. The medium density is called out in the plan to be 10 to 20 units and the medium density zone as recommended by staff would do that along Lake Hazel. It is intended for that to be where the more intense uses are and the roadway having that arterial, Lake Hazel being, and then going less as you come down. Here's an example of how that might work. Lake Hazel along the very north that's off the screen, 350 feet in is that back road that's there; you have office and apartment uses

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that would be in that medium density zone. Then as you come south we would have single-family with density. The park would be off the screen and in the right hand corner. It calls for next to the park to have higher density. This is moving in that direction, you can see that having a little more intense uses on the other side of the street from there. We thought that it would be a good idea instead of with the park having a parking lot like you see on the school site there that having the on street parallel parking would be a good idea. It also slows the traffic that is next to the park. It calls for a pathway to be located between the school and the park and the specific plan also calls that the park be located on a street that has two sides. So, there wasn't a lot of flexibility, but overall putting this park in the center helps create a more pedestrian friendly environment. Also, it calls for the density to decrease as we get to the southerly boundary down by Columbia Road and having 6 units per acre for the entire area south. So, in the detailed plan, Red Tail and Snowy Falcon call for the density to reduce to the 5 units per acre as called out in the plan. So you have a progression on this side that the other slide shows, higher intense uses closer to Lake Hazel that help create a buffer for the single-family developments as you go further south. The pathway, as Todd called out, there's a 10 foot pathway along the New York Canal, that's a really nice space. Here is a slide of how we envision that. Block lengths, reasonable block lengths are called out. As I stated earlier these 40 acre sections are 1,200 square feet. At 1,200 feet if you use the Kirsten development as a prototype and you break those blocks down then you're not getting blocks that are greater than 500, 600 feet is what they end up being consistently. We have detached sidewalks through the development. We've asked for reduced street widths on all of the locals. As I stated before, you basically have 50 acres on either side of that center road. That center road is Cheyenne and this prototype allows you to see how these 40 acre sections can be broken up and the emphasis is for the new urbanism to take place with a variety of housing types. The multi-family located in the southeast corner is right there along a collector. That works in, it allows us to bring some of that density up a little bit higher, but at the same time it fits into the neighborhood.

Chairman Demarest: Mr. Brown, you're down to about 5 minutes, that's the last 5.

Kent Brown (3161 E. Springwood Meridian, ID): Yes, I saw that. It calls out for open space along the New York Canal, we showed you that plan with a connecting path that would come back over to the parks. It says that those could be turned over to the Park's Department. We've been working with the Park's Department when we donated the park site. This is the slide that I really wanted to get to, we basically have a 30 foot section that is outside the New York Canal's easement, then you have 25 feet that's in the New York Canal easement, in between the two would be a fence and then you have a variety of distances because of the slope of the canal. They require 25 feet at the bottom of the toe of the slope, so that area could end up being 70 to 80 feet wide. When you look at the entire distance that that goes, it creates a really nice walking area with that pathway there along that westerly boundary of the entire subdivision. Our intent along Lake Hazel Road is to have the two 10 foot pathways inside our area and then instead of ACHD requiring a sidewalk as a part of their street section and having us build two, we would just build the 10 foot path in that buffering area. Whether its behind subdivided lots that are in Kirsten or whether they're up next to office and commercial or apartments it creates that inner connectivity that the new urbanism plan desires. Here's the information that I spoke about the park and what was required, having it on two sides for the pathway in-between. Airport influence, Todd covered that in great length, the only part that we have that's in influence "B" is the industrial, that would be allowed without the plan to have that in there. Anything in "A" is allowed to have residential. Our street

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network system, as we progress we're going to have a series of traffic studies and the traffic studies are going to determine the sizes of these roads. We're calling out that we have a minor collector on the south side of Orchard, over here on the right hand side of the screen, up to where it connects to Lake Hazel. We are showing a portion of it being a collector going north next to the high school in between the two developments. Those street sections are three lanes. The rest of those we're calling out to be 36 foot back to back but if a traffic study says that they need to be greater than they can have the ability to be increased. All of the infrastructure, the sewer, the water are all located over here on the west side and so the development is going to start next to Lake Hazel after we finish the 100 acres of the Kirsten Subdivision and then it's going to swing south/east, is how that will go. Overall that's a 30 year period of time. Since I have so much time left, I'm going to hurry to the Kirsten Subdivision. The only thing that we really had an issue with is in the staff report for the Highway District they called us to be a temporary access point. The planning staff has asked for that to be permanent right-of-way. If done, talking with Highway District staff, you've put me in a position where I can't comply. They do not want that access to remain. The problem that I see and it's a problem that I saw when we were first dealing with this development is that I have this high school and nothing against Chairman Richardson here, but high school kids are going to go wherever and if they have that connection over here they're going to cut through that if they think that it's a little faster than going to the stop light and down to Lake Hazel Road. We have straight streets that this new urbanism requires and having that connection, to me, is going to create havoc in that neighborhood, long term.

Chairman Demarest: Mr. Brown, you're time is up and that's the full 20 minutes. Okay if you would stay right there and have Todd come back up, let's see if we have some questions from the Commissioners. Commissioners?

Chairman Gibson: Mr. Chairman, I have a whole list of questions so I'll try not to belabor it. First question is specific to sewer capacity; I didn't necessarily hear that as part of staff's presentation, could you give us a little bit of background on sewer capacity, direction, etc.?

Todd Tucker: Chairman Demarest, Commissioner Gibson, this project was transmitted to the Public Works Department who reviewed it; this is in the Boise City Sewer District. Currently there is sewer available in Cole Road and the new section of Lake Hazel that was connected, it used to terminate further to the west of Cole Road, it has since been brought and connected to Cole Road. That enabled sewer to be brought and installed along that section of that road and tied into Cole Road which would provide service to this property. So, the Public Works Department has been working with the developer. I believe there is an existing lift station located in the South Fork Subdivision which would be at the northwest corner of this property. I believe the Public Works Department is working to do away with that one and there may be a new lift station, a more powerful one, for lack of a better term, put in with this development. Public Works Department is working with the development is working through that, but they did not indicate any issues or concerns with capacity.

Chairman Gibson: Thank you. A follow up question specific to the extension of Lake Hazel over the New York Canal; I know canal right-of-way issues have been problematic, has the developer, and you could speak to this as well, have you entered into an agreement with the New York Canal company to build a bridge for Lake Hazel over that property?

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Todd Tucker: The Highway District has purchased that property so the section of road, if you could switch it back to the staff podium, so this little section of property right here, it's hard to see, maybe I've got a better slide. So, Lake Hazel right now, that right-of-way is currently owned by the Highway District, it's obviously owned by them further to the west, this piece of property right here is also owned by the Highway District. So as far as the easement or getting it over the canal that will have to be worked out with the New York Canal company, the developer and the Highway District, but that will occur, but the Highway District does own that property now.

Commissioner Gibson: A follow up question. What process has been utilized to consult ITD on the capacity of the Orchard/I-84 on ramp/off ramp? I know it was recently completed knowing that this is a 20 year project or so; at final build out will Orchard be meeting that capacity?

Todd Tucker: Our transportation team and the Highway District have been working on an Orchard realignment plan for quite some time. As far as the details of how ITD would be affected, I'm not sure if they've weighed in on that, I would hope that they have been involved with that discussion and that planning effort. We transmit these applications to them and they did not provide us with comments.

Commissioner Gibson: One final question specific to bike lanes and onsite circulation. The intent would be that this would be connected to the bike grid for the City of Boise so residents could ride to downtown and the greenbelt, etc.?

Todd Tucker: Correct. We've talked about Lake Hazel will be improved with the 10 foot wide pathways on both the north and south side of the road as well as bike lanes. I believe there is an intermittent bike lane system to the west of this on Lake Hazel, but it would connect eventually with Orchard heading into downtown. So yes it would be a goal to have this be not only a pedestrian, but a bike friendly community and provide options for people to get to the development and get out of the development.

Commission Gibson: Thank you.

Chairman Demarest: Further questions for either the applicant or staff?

Commissioner Stevens: Mr. Chairman, could you help me understand, Todd, the authority that we have as a City Commission to require anything above and beyond what ACHD has required with regard to some of these connections, particularly the alignment of Orchard and the extension of Lake Hazel?

Todd Tucker: Sure. Chairman Demarest, Commissioner Stevens, we have a memorandum of understanding with the Highway District, they provide us with comments, I believe that that understanding is that we cannot require less of what they require, but we can require more than what they require. Many times we see this where the City desires, I think you had an item even today where it was up for reconsideration where the Highway District did not require paving of an alley, but the City wanted that paving of an alley and you put a condition on which was above and beyond what the Highway District required. So that would be the same in this situation. You can require more, just not less.

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Commissioner Stevens: Great. I think you may have sort of touched on this in your very great presentation, which actually anticipated several of my questions which was great, I wanted to know, last week we had a great presentation from some of staff regarding a new transportation planning document and I was just hoping that you could in sort of a general way explain to us if or when that gets approved how the policies that are in that plan will be implemented in this place where we basically have fresh ground and we could be doing some really fabulous things with regard to that transportation network in addition to the connections that we're seeing on the plan in front of us, I'm thinking more about the infrastructure issues, like the green streets and some of that. So, if you could just touch on that that would be helpful.

Todd Tucker: Sure, Commissioner Stevens, this application was submitted quite some time ago last year. We've been working on it, reviewing it while that Transportation Action Plan has been in review and in process as well, which hasn't been adopted vet, but moving forward I think we would look very closely at that. Some of the things, one of the reasons why we as a planning team wanted to just give a conceptual approval for this so that some of those issues we can work out later. We think there are some great options out there for managing storm water, different than typical ways that we've seen it done, that's going to be an effort that's probably going to be in concert with the Highway District on seeing how we're going to handle some of those issues, but definitely looking forward we are anxious with fresh ground, a blank slate to get some of that implemented and I think that this is a great opportunity to use some of those options. One of the things that they're proposing, if you'll notice on the plan right up at Lake Hazel in this block section, they're proposing a retention pond area where a lot of the storm water would be funneled into this area and then could be reused later for irrigation. This property doesn't have irrigation rights right now, they are working on getting some of those water rights, but they don't have them so that's one of the things that we're interested in seeing is how can we handle storm water differently so that we could reuse it. How can we come up with a xierascape landscape for maybe the common areas, or even implement those as an incentive to some of the homeowners to not have just a bunch of green lawns that's using a lot of water, but how can we incorporate some of those new urbanism and energy efficient programs into this development? That's why we need a little bit more time to work on that.

Commissioner Stevens: One final follow up, I think, and that is, I guess the idea of a conceptual approval, again this is sort of a clarification question, but by providing only a conceptual approval, what does that permit the developer to do that they wouldn't be able to do or vice versa with just a flat out approval.

Todd Tucker: Commissioner Stevens, a flat out approval of the whole thing would approve it as is, as it was submitted, and I think we all kind of recognize that it needs a little bit more refinement. What our goal was, was to, the developer has a need to get started on that first phase which would be the Kirsten Subdivision and even the first phase of that first phase the Highway District referred to it as phase 1a that would be, basically be the 170 building permits. At 171, the Highway District is going to require a new traffic impact study to determine what those 171 homes has done to the traffic infrastructure in the area. Like Kent said, a lot of the roads that they're calling out as collectors or locals as development occurs it may be that those don't need to be collectors, or maybe some of the local roads need to be collectors and so multiple traffic studies will be required as this project moves on down the line which is the same that

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happened with Harris Ranch, they've done multiple traffic studies and that will happen with this. Basically, our goal was to get them started on the project so that we could get some of this infrastructure in place and we can get moving on down the road as far as getting these very needed connections in the area. We will hear a lot of testimony tonight about the need for Lake Hazel and Orchard to be connected now. The Highway District has said that the thresholds that they have, that the numbers that they're working with, they can get 170 and not go over that. So, our goal was to get them started on the project so that then we could get some of this infrastructure going and get some of these needed infrastructures in place.

Commissioner Stevens: Thank you.

Chairman Demarest: Further questions?

Commissioner Richardson: Mr. Chair, I have some questions for the applicant. So, will this all be constructed in specific phases or more of just like a slow, gradual development of the whole project?

Kent Brown: It will be done in phases. As we discussed with the Highway District, for example, the 170 lots of Kirsten most likely could take 5 years, we'll do 30 to 40 lots at a time. We need to get out to Cheyenne to be able to have a location where we could enter in with a development agreement and build two lanes out to Gowen Road. By that time, if it does take 5 years, most of the items that were on ACHD's Capitol Improvement Plan will be done. Part of this even taking place, we are the ones that purchased the right-of-way, including the right-of-way where the bridge goes for ACHD and then they have since purchased it from us. Those 23 acres is a huge step in them being able to do what I think most of these people behind me want to have happen. They want Lake Hazel Road and the connection to Gowen done so that people could get out of southwest Boise. That couldn't have taken place; we were over a year and a half with state lands trying to negotiate with them to purchase that strip of right-of-way that is that finger that is showing off in some of those drawings, as Todd has shown, to make that happen. That's a part of that phasing.

Commissioner Richardson: I have a question Todd. How many lanes will Lake Hazel be or will that be determined in future traffic studies.

Todd Tucker: Commissioner Richardson, it'll be an arterial roadway, so I think it's planned to be a 7 lane arterial if I understand the Highway District's report.

Kent Brown: We have 96 feet of right-of-way.

Chairman Demarest: Commissioners, any more questions?

Commissioner Gibson: Quick question for the developer. One of the homeowners who submitted a letter to the Commission wanted to ensure that a deed, or some notice was placed on the deed for the property that the residents knew that they were near an airport or near the airport. Is that something that this is a requirement that that be recorded on the plat that it runs with that they're in that impact area "B"?

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Todd Tucker: It's actually area of impact "A" that they're within. Yes, the airport requires what's known as an avigation easement and that avigation easement is noted on, generally on the deeds and there's a note placed on the plat there as well.

Commissioner Gibson: Okay, thank you.

Kent Brown: The entire Columbia Village has it on it and most of southwest Boise does to.

Commissioner Gibson: Thank you.

Chairman Demarest: Further questions? I have a follow up questions, it's actually Commissioner Stevens' next question. It's a process question, is after the conceptual approval, which we're working on tonight, what assurance is there for the public that they're going to get a chance to weigh in on those finer details that are coming down later on.

Todd Tucker: Mr. Chairman, it would be a new application. So it requires an amendment to the ordinance, so there will be an ordinance tied with this and there's an adopted narrative that goes along with the specific plan as well. So, there will be an amendment to those documents required and that requires notification just like all of our public hearings notifications, signs posted on the property, has to come before the Planning & Zoning Commission, has to go back before the City Council; so there will be multiple hearings on that. I guess the assurance would be there's a condition of approval that says basically, that beyond the 170 they've got to do that. If they want to build more than 170 homes, they would have to do this.

Chairman Demarest: Thank you. Any last questions? Gentleman, thank you. So, we do not have a neighborhood association however, don't worry, Ms. Bermansolo I already know you're coming, so we do have a neighborhood association, that's Southwest Ada County Alliance, and we think it's the right thing to do to give them equal time as we would a neighborhood association. With that said, Ms. Bermansolo if you could come in under the 20 minutes, I think everybody here would probably appreciate that. Let's start from 10, it'll go from there.

NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION TESTIMONY

Betty Bermansolo | **Southwest Ada County Alliance (1970 Canyon Arrow):** I'm here on behalf of the Southwest Ada County Alliance and I thank you for allowing us to comment on the three items before you. Southwest Ada County Alliance east boundary includes Cole Road. I would like to ask if there is a representative from the Highway District here tonight. I think in understanding what came out of the recommendation that followed the hearing on January 27th, I understood one thing and that was that with approval to this project that the Highway District also recommended after hearing the testimony and after looking at some of the findings that came out of the staff report that were disturbing, that they requested that there be construction of a two lane easement for construction traffic from Orchard to Kirsten, that Cole Road reached capacity by looking at the findings from the staff report and I would like to go there. The Southwest Ada County Alliance requests that the Boise Commissioners consider the following

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ACHD report findings, staff report findings, prior to sending any recommendation to the Boise City Council regarding these three items. Number one, ACHD staff report titled Syringa Valley specific area plan, attachment three, complete traffic study summary year 2013, existing conditions stated, in quotes "a review of historical crash data indicates that there were a significant number of crashes at the South Cole Road/South Victory intersection over the last five years." Number two; ACHD staff report related to the Southwest Ada County Alliance, that trips at this intersection are within 74 trips per day before arriving at level of service "F", currently. Staff indicated that this number could vary between 10 to 20 percent on any given day. Number three; there is no relief planned for improving the Cole/Victory interchange to handle more traffic until 2020. Number four; the ACHD staff report states, page 5, in quotes, "when a roadway or intersection is at or above an acceptable level of service, policy requires that improvements be made to mitigate the additional traffic to be generated by the development." "Typically staff recommends improvements to mitigate the impacts, or that the developer waits until ACHD makes improvements." "However, given the cost associated with widening Cole Road", and the staff report goes on to state, in quotes, "staff recommends a modification of district policy, 7106.4.1 level of service standards for Cole Road from Amity Road to Victory Road." Now that was startling to me because it says that we can't accommodate what the developer wants to do unless we change the policy that corresponds to level of service "F". Number five; ACHD staff indicates that level of service "F" is imminent, crashes have no doubt increased since 2013 at Cole and Victory, but solely to allow the developer to begin construction, ACHD policy has to be modified. So in light of these discrepancies in the ACHD staff report, it makes affording all three times difficult for the Southwest Ada County Alliance. Essentially we don't feel that the infrastructure is in place to begin construction without the recommendation that was made by the Highway Commissioners, January 27th. Regardless of what staff put in front of them they agreed after hearing testimony that the infrastructure was just not in place to further burden the Cole and Victory intersection, number one. Also, there are other indications that you're going to hear tonight that Hollilynn is burdened and there just has to be more mitigation before there's any construction of Kirsten. The Southwest Ada County Alliance asks that given these findings and ACHD's recommendation to the City that no construction begin on the Kirsten Subdivision until the Orchard interchange is completed for two lanes to serve construction needs of the developer without further burdening Cole Road neighbors. This be the recommendation that was advanced by the Highway Commissioners unanimously to Boise City Planning & Zoning on January 27th. We ask that this be the decision of the Boise Planning and Zoning Commission and forwarded to City Council as well. Finally, specifically the Southwest Ada County Alliance would like to know why Mr. Tucker has not changed his findings to accommodate the recommendation that the Highway District Commissioners placed before the City. It was a recommendation and the Southwest Ada County Alliance feels that infrastructure is more important than getting the construction phase started and it should be foremost that the City look at the people that live out there, that travel those roads, and some of that is overlooked in ACHD findings and I think those folks created enough concern from the Highway District Commissioners to have them want to put a very strong recommendation that that easement be in place before we have construction trucks going up and down Cole and Victory to service this subdivision. It serves nobody's interest except the developer and it's a very bad way for Boise City to expand in the southwest and I think that's why our group really feels that the infrastructure is key to the attractive elements that are in this project, they may be very attractive once completed, but there's going to be so much bitter resentment, and maybe some safety issues that are going to go by the wayside if that easement is not placed number one on the docket. That's what I ask this Commission to send forward.

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Chairman Demarest: Thank you, ma'am. Okay, so we're going to go to the public testimony now. Remember everybody gets three minutes, if you would state your name and address clearly, I will just go down the sign-up sheet. Just like before we will give everybody their three minutes even if you didn't have a chance to sign up. So the first person on the sign-up sheet is Richard Kaylor.

PUBLIC TESTIMONY

Richard Kaylor (7355 W. Ring Perch Drive): Good evening, Cole Road south of Victory is only two lanes. There are four churches on it and when a car is waiting for opposing traffic to clear to turn left it backs up traffic behind it. Traffic has been heavy and has increased since the Lake Hazel extension was opened. Some say more traffic has increased on Cole Road south of the Lake Hazel extension than north at the Lake Hazel extension, but that is not true. Phase 1a, Kirsten Subdivision, with 170 single family lots will add 1,770 vehicle trips per day. ACHD said that in 2017, traffic on Cole Road segment between Amity and Victory Road will not be acceptable. In 2025, segments of Cole Road from Amity to Desert Avenue and from Amity to Victory Road are expected to exceed acceptable levels of service threshold. Under 2035, total traffic conditions all segments of Cole Road between Lake Hazel and Overland Road are expected to exceed acceptable levels of service thresholds. Airport noise; we live in South Fork Subdivision zoned R-1 in the county, just north of the planned development and we are in an airport avigation easement, airport influence area "B" subject to noise level of up to 70 day/night level average, but no one told us that when we were buying our home. An avigation easement is the right to the use of real property for the purpose of aircraft over flights and related noise, vibrations and other effects caused by aircraft operations. An avigation easement is a permanent incumbent of the land. I wonder if new homeowners in Syringa Subdivision will be told this. They are in an avigation easement, airport influence area "A", noise levels of up to 65 day/night level. Airport avigation easement causes homeowners to lose many rights, such as limits on noise, dropping of oil, fuel and debris on property, ability of airport personnel to come on the property and planes to fly low overhead. All new residential development is subject to avigation easement and required to meet the sound attenuation standards of a minimum noise level of 25 decimals. Boise City Planning and Zoning Commission, January 8, 2016, page 16, last fall when Boise City held hearings on the Boise Airport they said they would acquire that land south of the airport would not be developed because of noise in the area.

Phil VanSickle (6228 S. Latigo Drive): Good evening Commissioners, I'm a member of a group we formed called the Citizens Alliance of Southwest Ada County and my neighbor who lives across the street, Chris, will be submitting a bunch of petitions later on tonight. What we would like to see is the completion of Orchard to Lake Hazel Road extension before the first home is even built. We would like this to be a condition of acceptance of the Syringa Valley and Kirsten Subdivision plans. ACHD insists that Cole Road exceeds the acceptable level of service standards. ACHD's traffic studies only look at the data from the PM peak hours and not the AM rush hour. We believe that this is a severely flawed approach. Since the Lake Hazel Road has been connected to Cole, traffic has significantly increased. After 7:00 AM traffic is usually bumper to bumper past Amity all the way to Victory; throw a little ice on the road or some snow it could be 30 minutes before you hit the I-84 connector. Ask anyone who lives in this corner of southwest Ada County and has to drive Cole Road every morning. If the road is acceptable, I believe they would strongly disagree. Many of these people back here were at the ACHD

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Commissioner's meeting on January 27th. Now I'm not putting words in people's mouths, this is on video, it's a matter of public record, ACHD Commissioner Hanson says we have choices to use commuter ride and many of us do, but many of us have jobs that are not compatible with this option. ACHD Commissioner Baker says the City of Boise wants congestion. I ask you, do you really want congestion? Is that acceptable? I don't think so. You know, I read up a little bit on Mayor Bieter because I don't vote in the City of Boise, I live in the County, and Mayor Bieter was elected on the promise to make Boise the most livable City in the country and this is a great area to live in. I've lived in eight different states, I love living here. I believe that you should make your decisions tonight in keeping with the promise of Mayor Bieter. Connect the roads first, then build. Thank you.

Douglas Pogue (6954 Hollilynn Drive): I live to the south; it doesn't show up on any of the maps in the presentations that were shown. First thing I want to say is good presentation, we saw it twice, it was awesome and it's thought out except for the connections. It can't, in my mind, be a planned community unless it's planned. Looking at it in an island, that's great, I like the little raised views with all the trees and whatnot, but you've got to get there and out of there. Come up on Hollilynn at 7 in the morning, you cannot believe the amount of traffic that is there and a lot of it is becoming from what these folks are telling us in the very beginning here, the ones that live to the north, and people change direction, they get tired of heading down to Overland, they go up to Hollilynn over to Pleasant Valley and back down. Now I wasn't at the ACHD Commission meeting, but as I understand it and they've attested to it, it's a flawed study. They've also used a study, I believe from 2013 because they were not compelled to use the one that was done in January of 2015. What do we have to do to compel them to use that one? Those counters were in front of my house. I know that road is over capacity, plain and simple, at this point, not with 170 extra homes. Do the right thing. Build those roads first and it's not beyond precedence to have that required. It happened out at Harris Ranch, they started to build that, they said, whoa put the brakes on until Parkcenter Road bridge, 25 million bucks and your developer had to put that in, you guys had to put that in first before it was allowed, before anymore development was allowed. That's what needs to happen now. The precedent is there, the City of Boise and the Ada County Highway District required that bridge to go in before the development could move forward and because of the pressure that was on Warm Springs Road. So, it's there, what's the rush also? I'm not going to bring up the water, I'm going to leave that to some other folks here, but that is a big concern and to say that we got no comment from United Water so that means green light? That's pretty goofy. It feels like we're being hoodwinked between the Ada County Highway District not using the most current study and then what we're hearing from United Water and the way the gentleman hasn't even updated what he has given to you as facts that came out of the Ada County Highway District meeting.

Doug Hackler (5755 Hollilynn Drive): Would it be possible to have an exhibit up from earlier? There was one that was in this set of slides that had vicinity on the bottom that was a zoomed out view. We have a serious problem on Hollilynn Drive. Current traffic on south Boise roads with the additions of relatively new building in South Hill, South Fork and Creek Wood is well beyond the existing capacity of the roads in south Boise. Other than Victory, there's only one connection going west from Cole, that's Hollilynn. Despite ACHD's collection of millions of dollars in south Boise impact fees, no roadway has been constructed or approved to solve this problem; it has not been addressed. We read that your current Boise Planning & Zoning recommendation to approve these proposals is based on quote, "no commenting agency has indicated that the specific plan will place a burden on the public infrastructure in the area."

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We believe that Boise Planning and Zoning has been severely mislead and should reconsider the recommendation due to the fact that the fatally flawed opinion of ACHD totally lacks consideration of any of the Hollilynn residences directly affected by the proposed development. Cole Road south is not a through street; it does not go through. All Cole Road south traffic to pleasant Valley goes down Hollilynn. Hollilynn is a twisty, narrow, only 21 feet wide residential street; it's one of those itty bitty streets that you see on the development that's been proposed. It doesn't have any bike lanes, we don't have sidewalks, we don't even have shoulders on our road. If residents on Hollilynn want to ride a bike, walk to a neighbor's house, or even get the mail, they have to walk on the street. Now ACHD is ignoring a serious safety problem today due to traffic that already exists on South Cole. In fact, over 90 pages of ACHD reports written on the three proposals tonight regarding these developments, not one reference or even mention Hollilynn is included in those proposals. Page 4 of the January 19th ACHD report specific to the Kirsten Subdivision notes that quote, "the average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Lake Hazel was 3.924 on December 7, 2015." Now I pose a question, considering that South Cole Road is not a through street, where do they think all of that traffic is coming from? I'm going to skip the answers and save my time, would you approve 3,000 cars traveling at over 30 MPH passing in front of your driveway? Would you approve making the situation worse? Why would anyone think that that was acceptable for our neighborhood? The Lake Hazel extension of some type connecting Cole to Orchard, Gowen or Pleasant Valley must be constructed prior to the approval of any additional developments.

Chris Chrisman (6209 S. Latigo Drive): Chairman, Commissioners, I'm speaking on behalf of myself and the citizens of the Alliance of Southwest Ada County, like Phil here, and along with the near 200 homeowners on this position that I have before me that I have personally met and spoke with on my own free time in the last couple of weekends and during the week. I'm here to talk to about the specific plan, Syringa Valley specific plan, and also the Kirsten Subdivision as we all know. Specifically the concerns we, myself, the signees of this position and many residents in this area and others have for this area is the traffic. Originally, South Cole traffic study was done at night, as we've already discussed, this road is only two lanes. This study does not reflect the true gridlock that occurs at 7:30 in the morning and also around 8:30; if any of you have ever been there, especially the people behind me, they know exactly what I'm talking about and I would invite you to experience that for yourself. With increased construction on these roads, United Water is currently also putting in these utilities and homeowners from these existing subdivisions throughout the Southwestern Ada County outside the City limits, the traffic concerns will only prove more severe over time and could become a safety hazard. As an example, for ambulances and fire trucks, which one of these stations is currently on Cole Road that ACHD describes as being a very specific issue of concern. The ACHD board has made a recommendation for a temporary road for construction connecting to Orchard that Todd also talked about. We as all of us citizens would like to see this a necessity for making the Lake Hazel extension east of Cole Road to Gowen and south to Orchard a permanent road for this before these 170 homes are built. The Syringa Valley specific plan area states that they will only do this after the 170 are built. We want to ensure the roads will be in place even if there is a problem with finishing the construction of these homes due to the economy, which is what has put this delay in the subdivision originally. If you put this road in permanently before this development goes in this would alleviate the traffic concerns which is what most of the current subdivision homeowners are worried about and all these people behind me. Completion of this road prior to the development will be a win, win for everyone, the people, the developer and the City itself; it's going to help us all. As Mayor Bieter stated, like we've said before, lets' make Boise the most livable City in the country. I'm sure we

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can all say that we agree. We love this place. We love our City and we want you to help us keep it great. Thank you for your time and considerations.

Jack Wilson (6220 W. Hollilynn Drive): I just want to touch on one of the issues that, one of the ones previously brought up, and it's about the Harris Ranch development and how my understanding is that Planning and Zoning were the ones who made that a priority to finish the Parkcenter Bridge and connector for that area because of the high tax and everything that we were going to receive as a City. That's all we're asking out there, is to make that a priority to get the Lake Hazel extension done and to alleviate those traffic problems that we run into out there and thank you.

Marjorie Cameron (7065 W. Ring Perch Court): We moved up here less than two years ago and bought this house. We had called everybody we could including the City about what was going to be done all around us, we have an empty cul-de-sac practically when we bought, and we chose to build on the south because it looked like the other sides were going to built first and we could not get any straight answers from anybody. After we were in there sleeping on an air bed because we couldn't move up for a long time, so we were there for three nights I think, and got a letter saying that this was going to be built right next to our land. This is my retirement home, I expect to die here and now they changed it without us being able to find out anything about what was going in, even though we really, really tried. Now everything just about what I have written down, everybody covered much more eloquently than I could, but I wanted to mention a couple of things, there are more homes going in South Fork, that's not even being considered. We are retired, so we travel, not like the people who are working, we can travel mostly whenever and it's backed up, 1:00 it's backed up, 3:00 it's backed up, we just sit there on Cole, sit there, sit there, sit there. My husband said one day, gee if they would just add 10 seconds of green onto the light and I think it's probably the one up around Overland, I'm not really sure, things would move. So I feel really bad for the people who have to go work when they have no alternative. Another thing I noticed this morning about 6:15, 6:20 in the land behind me, which will be the Kirsten development, bright lights, huge, what could that be? Turned out to be some kind of a machine with layers of lights, bright lights going just a little bit farther than my house and then it ended up going south, I don't know if it's working on Lake Hazel or what, but we're wondering, okay, that started already, I don't know why because this hasn't been approved yet, but we're wondering if they're going to be digging up the whole lot back there, that whole acreage for the 2,000 homes only in the one section, now there's going to be more beyond it, it sounded like from the presentation. So, is this going to be all dug up, all cleared and be a dust bowl for us? I mean we have covotes we hear at night, we have big owls that come next door to us on the roof next door once in a while, we have rabbits, bunnies.

Zach Prettyman (9716 W. Homewood Drive): I would like to read a little bit out of ACHD's previous project, CAR14-00009/SUB14-00024; this was done in 2013. So, at that point it says that Cole Road, S. Cole Road between Victory and Amity is already at an "F" for PM peak hours. Reading further in that, it says from Amity Road to Victory Road, it actually exceeds the level of service for grade "F", for classification "F" in 2013. Now, again this is for PM Peak hours, this is not for AM, you've already heard about the gridlock, I mean this is a real problem. If you guys want to do this, that's fine, I have no problem with this project being done, what I have a problem with is that the infrastructure is not built first to accommodate that. Not just a two road off shoot going over to Overland, but its Cole, that's the problem. Cole is what needs to be fixed first. So, I would like to ask you to either a, reconsider that this

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be done at a later date or that b, again referring back to that document, that it be 3.5 million dollars to upgrade Cole Road, specifically that section between Amity and Victory is done first. I mean, it would be ridiculous for you to approve this without having that done. Thanks.

Marti Darrow (**7850 S. Cole Road**): Thank you Commissioners for hearing us. I'm ditto on many, many things that have already been said. I'm echoing everybody else's requests that at least the service road that we have some kind of easement for the construction traffic. You heard all about the studies, but both of those ACHD studies, both the Victory and Cole and the Overland and Cole were done prior to a lot of development that's already added traffic to them so I doubt that they're even close to acceptable levels of service and another interesting thing I found was according to build Boise our southwest area has 14 subdivision and developments, that's 625 lots in addition to what you're already hearing about and the biggest problem that's out there is Cole from Overland to Victory to Hollilynn, that's over 5 miles and that's a really a lot of traffic to try and get east without some additional help here. So, my point is, I would just really like to see the extension take place before anymore building goes out there. All of us are already stuck in an amazing amount of traffic, I would be curious if any emergency vehicles had to get past that traffic was like out there they never would have bought their home. So even from a developer stand point, it would make a lot more sense to not frustrate your people who are interested in being homeowners out there. Thank you very much.

Thomas Coops (8196 Thunder Mountain Drive): I live on the south side of the New York Canal. I wrote down several points, I'm not near as a speaker as several of the people that proceeded me. I just want to emphasize a few things. At the ACHD meeting, when asked, ACHD had as a previous speaker alluded to, no information about the current subdivisions that are in progress being built and how many trips that's going to load onto Cole Road. They didn't know anything about that. There's a mess of small developments out there on 5 and 10 acres, they're partially built and 3 or 4 houses built on 10 acres, but it's going to be 20 here and there and everywhere, up and down Five Mile Road, Lake Hazel, Maple Grove, all of them have to get to the interchange at Cole and the freeway. They have got to get on your road on Victory and Maple Grove, they've got to go down Cole Road, or they go onto the residential street on Hollilynn to get to Pleasant Valley, drive an extra 4 or 5 miles to get to Orchard. No one seems to address the single lane north of Victory for southbound traffic; it backs up ³/₄ of a mile for an hour and a half in the afternoon. I noticed on this plan that you plan to put a high school where the kids do PE and play games and train as close to the airport as possible. They've got a choice of doing that a mile further south. I live on the canal, I know that the military planes do not have to follow the rules and they come right over my house and right over the roof and they're going to be playing on top of that high school. They do touch and goes; it makes money for the airport. The last thing I wanted to say was each one of these things that we consider, they are recommendations from the rules that were contrived, but we'll make exceptions. We're supposed to have a street however many, but we'll make it narrower.

Liam Brown (9585 W. Canford): I don't have time to talk about a lot of the things that I would like to mention, don't really have time to talk about how the wildlife will be impacted by the addition of 2,000 new homes, I don't have time to talk about a lot of the other things that other people have already mentioned; fortunately they've mentioned those and others will mention them again, maybe angrily, but justly just the same. I would like to talk about two things, one is airport noise that's already been

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mentioned a few times, but I think I need bring it up again just a little bit more to emphasize just how important this is. Two, density, these are related. We're looking at homes that will probably be purchased by people 5 to 10 years younger than myself, I am an old millennial, there will be other millennials purchasing these small starter homes, they will be having young children. Have any of you had an F-35 fly low over your house on the deck with the after burner on? 25 decimals attenuation is not enough, you will need a bomb shelter built of 6 foot concrete to block that noise out and 25 decimals is enough attenuation in a saw mill to prevent deafness, by the way, I've worked in a saw mill, I know. It's not enough to make a place livable, especially if you have people doing even fly overs to go to the south to do their exercises. Now, the airport, the military wants to bring in F-35's, there's been discussion about that already, they also want to use that third airstrip that's sitting out in the middle of nowhere right now. The vector for that airstrip goes right to the north of this new development; that needs to be considered very carefully because if you have F-35's going over there, they are going to fly right over this thing and if you tell them to fly down to Mountain Home and do exercises out in the middle of nowhere, well great, but they still have to cross that airspace and they're going to be low because they can't just shoot up into the air at 30,000 feet and hope to not interfere with the people on the ground. All of these people are going to be angry. My wife was angry when we had a couple of F-18's fly over our house a few weeks ago and that was one incident. I had to call Gowen Field just to satisfy the frustration she felt and having our two year old awakened from a sound nap. He wouldn't wake up if the neighbor's dog was barking and it's a big dog. Now, density is related, I think that if we're going to build this thing, it looks like we are, I think that we need to look at the density of it again. I think the plan needs to be very carefully reconsidered. Can you afford to build all of these little tiny homes in this large space? You're going to have 2,000 homes, that's 8,000 people roughly. So I ask you to consider those two things when deliberating. Thank you.

Mike Taylor (6208 S. Latigo Drive): My concerns are the same as everybody else's, but I just want to reiterate the fact that the traffic situations, our friends to the south on Hollilynn, yeah they're getting wiped out already like they've already told you. I look at the, I'm assuming the grey zone here is already City limits off to the right and to the north of the proposed site, that tells me that you guys already have your fingers in the pot, so to speak, so that means that this is something that should really, really concern you guys. I'm looking at, when I go over across Lake Hazel they brought that extension over to S. Cole, you go down Lake Hazel Road, you're seeing all kinds, tremendous amount of growth over there. There are subdivisions being built all the time down there, Five Mile and Lake Hazel, the backside of Hubble Subdivision out towards the New York Canal, that's all being developed. It's in the County so I don't know what you folks are aware of in the City, but this is going to have a major impact on everything that is going on. It's going to increase more people at Hollilynn; it's going to increase more people by us which is also going to increase everything on S. Cole. If you guys have jurisdiction out to, they're talking impact zones out from Victory out to, oh I'm not sure the name of the street, its right across the street from the fire station on S. Cole, but in all actuality that road has to be taken care of clear out to Desert in order to make any help at all. So if you guys allow this to go in without bringing in that Orchard and bringing in everything, the substructure before these houses are built, then we're just going to play hell out there and I'm not thinking that you guys really want that, but hey progress is progress. You know I'm not going to talk about all the little things, but the bottom line is, you're just going to have, I just don't know what you guys know. It sounds like you may not know, you haven't got all the information from the Ada County Highway District, because if you did, you'd be looking at this project as a, we better hold off

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until we can get some streets put in out there, and not just little streets, we need some major arteries coming out to Lake Hazel and it looks like it's in your jurisdiction from what I can see on that map. I just hope that you guys consider all the other growth out there that nobody's really, I haven't heard anybody talk about the other growth, just consider all of that. Thanks.

Amy Martin (7028 W. Ring Perch): One of our major concerns is in our subdivision we are anticipating another 50 plus homes that are going to be built and has that been taken into consideration as far as the impact on the traffic as well as the Charter Point Subdivision? Everything that I've listened to tonight I fear that the new Syringa and Kirsten Subdivision is going to be mimicking what Charter Point is with the mixed housing with the apartment complexes and the single-family homes and the fact that there is not going to be any sense of consistency that's going to be provided. We also are going to be looking at a huge impact environmentally as we have a lot of wildlife and the Birds of Prey that are out there that we have treasured as a valley for so long, that we are going to allow this much to go in and impact that area. My other concerns are without adding this infrastructure into it, the impact that it has on the school age kids. We have multiple elementary schools already in the area that are unsafe for them to be crossing Cole Road and the amount of traffic, I do travel that daily, it takes me approximately 45 minutes to travel the 6 miles down Cole. I have witnessed in the last 3 months probably 6 car accidents and have personally been in one. So, until we are able to adjust the safety concerns of this subdivision and the impact that it's going to have overall, I think that we need to take a step back and address those concerns. Thank you.

Brian Martin (7028 W. Ring Perch Court): That was my wife that you just heard from. Obviously the Birds of Prey was a big one. We get to watch these bird majestic birds fly down, that's their hunting ground, that's where the coyotes are, the rabbits, the ground squirrels, all the wildlife out there. None of these people back here have said please don't build these homes, not one person out here has said to you, don't build these homes. What they said is put the roads in first. I understand, I'm in building, I'm in construction, I understand the money, I understand all the stuff that goes in it. I'm one of the problems on Hollilynn. Depending on what time I leave my house in the morning determines whether I go right down Cole Road or go left and head up towards Hollilynn and to avoid accidents and road rage and whatnot from sitting in traffic, because it literally is backed up from Overland past Desert at about 7:15 in the morning. If you don't get out before 7:15, you're in traffic. The infrastructure is all we're asking for, we're asking for the roads to be put in first. It's not that hard and if they want to base their stuff based on 171 building permits, well I'll be it, but make that a171 building permits south of Victory Road and I'll get every one of my neighbors to go file for one tomorrow to build a shed in their backyard and we'll eat those up that fast. So, that's all we're asking is that the impact is huge. Thank you.

Ronda Hirnyck (5790 Saddle St.): I'm in Southwest Ada County, not in Boise City limits. I appreciate the opportunity to speak to you this evening. I have a lot of concern about the density in this area, you've heard all of the traffic issues, I won't reiterate, I ditto everything that's been said about the traffic, it's a disaster. My big concern is the water and I haven't heard any discussion and I didn't get a lot of definitive information from your staff person. I believe a no response from IDWR and the water company does not represent consensus in my opinion, I think we need to investigate that. I strongly plead with you to vote no on this decision before you. There are too many unanswered questions about water, about density, the roads, obviously you've heard multiple times and the environmental impact. Most of us who live in that area live there because we don't want to live in a City, we want to be out where there's space, no light

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pollution, wildlife, you've heard all of those issues and this sort of density will destroy that. I also heard this evening that this seems to be an experiment, a fun experiment and subdivisions and planning that might be interesting and fun for Boise to venture into, maybe that's true, but I plead with you, we're not ready for this. This is not a place and a time to experiment with new subdivisions; we have too many unanswered issues. I am a bicyclist, Commissioner Stevens, I heard your question early on, I do ride my bicycle from my home to downtown Boise daily from early summer through the fall with daylight. It's a fairly dangerous adventure. I'm a 62 year old woman, raised three children, I figured if they hit me it might dent their car, but anyway the point is, this subdivision looks cute on the schismatic, but it's not conducive right now. I don't see the plans in there for connecting this part of Boise to the Greenbelt to downtown Boise, it's very treacherous and I think that would continue especially with this type of density. I also ride the bus; the bus system in Boise system is horrible. I make a huge effort to get on the bus, I leave my home at 6:30 in the morning to drive to Overland Park to catch a bus to come downtown and the only time I can catch the bus that time of day is because I leave early otherwise I get stuck in all of the traffic that you've heard. So we need to develop much more infrastructure before we even think about doing something like this. Water is a huge issue; we need to have these questions answered. Three existing wells, nothing is being watered, its dry land, its desert land that's full of, there's a lot of invasive species, that's another concern, obnoxious weeds; we need to understand the water usage. It will draw down wells and the ground water. We need to hear from IDWR, I plead you on that.

Peter Jenny (12066 N. Humphreys): Thank you Commissioners. The previous person just spoke about what I wanted to visit with you about; water. I'm president of the Peregrine Fund; we have a facility just to the south of this proposed development area. We have a well on that property, but already it's not enough, we rely on United Water's three wells that you mentioned earlier, someone mentioned earlier. So I guess the concern I have is there going to be adequate water to supply these over 2,000 households that are proposed and right now we host over 30,000 visitors a year and that's increasing and we have greater demands down the road in mind. So I guess what I would urge the Commission to do is due diligence on understanding the hydrology in that area to make sure that there's adequate water for the needs of this proposal. Thank you.

Hannah Shainholtz (7720 S. Cole Road): I actually just moved here last July and I'm from the country and I hate traffic and I would have never had bought my house if I knew I was going to deal with this kind of traffic. Obviously, everybody's covered traffic for the last 4 hours, so I've had 4 hours to sit around to think about what else I want to talk about and I think that the Birds of Prey and the water are two really big concerns for us as well. The speed limit on S. Cole Road is 35 mph and by the time you get out to my house there is not one car that goes 35 mph. It's super dangerous and there are no sides to the road and there's bicyclist and people out there walking and the traffic is just too much for that area and I have yet to see a police officer out there patrolling the speed limit. So, that just coincides with the speed, or the traffic. I brought a video, I think it's about a minute long; it just kind of helps everybody get a visual of what everybody is talking about with the traffic. So, I actually started recording after Victory, after crossing Victory. I'm headed south bound on S. Cole Road. I started recording after Victory, but I mean this, it was more bumper to bumper from Overland up to the point where is started recording. I stopped recording right before you cross the canal again. That was this Thursday morning at 7:55 in the morning. Just so everybody can see. I have 30 seconds left, but since everybody's really tired, let's go home soon.

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Jan Peterson (5960 W. Hollilynn Drive): You've already heard about most all of the traffic issues, so I'll just try to just highlight a couple of things. Someone asked if there were bike lanes for people to use to get into downtown and I don't think Cole Road was address in all of that, they discussed that there was on the Lake Hazel extension a bike path put on there and that one would be on the new Lake Hazel extension, but right now there is nothing to serve bikes going into town onto Cole Road. As other people have addressed, all of the development going in along Lake Hazel extends not only past the Meridian, it goes all the way over to Eagle Road, which is in Meridian, and they're developing hundreds of homes right now at the intersections of Lake Hazel and Eagle Road which again, being close to Lake Hazel, once this extension goes through, I think you're going to see even heavier traffic on Lake Hazel. So, having the infrastructure in the whole southwest of Idaho really, really has to be addressed prior, I think, to more development. We know it's coming, but just having that there would be important. The other issue is water that several people have brought up and I brought an article that was in the paper last week written by Roger Chase, the Chairman of the Idaho Water Resource Board, titled depleted Idaho aquifers a major concern and in it he says that the board will conduct public meetings throughout Idaho in the coming year to gather suggestions on incorporating its findings into our Comprehensive State Water Plan. Sustainability of our precious water resources is critical to our future. So, I think there's going to be, just because they haven't commented to date, that doesn't mean that there isn't concern and that the water issues need to be addressed. All of the existing homes out there are currently on wells and we lie right between the wells where United Water will be serving this 4,000 home community and we'd like some assurance or have our wells monitored that the impact of these homes will not deplete our wells. Other than that, I agree with everything else. Thank you.

Sharon Clough (6071 S. Latigo Drive): I'm about halfway between Cole Road and Maple Grove on the other side. I agree with a lot with what people are saying now about the traffic. I've driven the traffic, retired just a little while ago, so I drove it in the morning, I would go down Maple Grove, that traffic is heavy, and what happens with Maple Grove is people that are on Cole that are frustrated with Cole will cut across Stirrup and Desert and go over to Maple Grove. I don't know if anybody has looked at the impact to Maple Grove because that again, there's no stop lights, there is limited cross walks, limited sidewalks and no shoulders. So I think that's one thing that people need to look at is Maple Grove going down to and then of course Cole, I've witness, I don't know how many accidents I've seen on there were people, there's no stop lights there, no traffic signals on Cole other than at Victory and at Amity and that's it. So everybody trying to cut across traffic, you know you saw the video and how crazy that can be, well we're on the other side of Cole, so I would have been cutting that traffic or trying to in the morning commute, it just can't happen, it doesn't happen. They mention the bike walks, or the bike paths, there's nothing on Cole. There's a lot of pedestrian traffic on Cole, people walking because it's kind of that country feel and very limited cross walks, very limited sidewalks, and that's a concern for people also. So I just think, you know, rather than like she mentioned, it's late, everybody's tired, but I think you need to look at Maple Grove and see what the impact would be on those cars coming across from Cole. People will not always use that Lake Hazel go through. If they work downtown or they work in Meridian, they're not going to go to Lake Hazel to try and hit the connector, they're going to go down Cole to the connector and to Overland to try and get out to work. So I think those are all things that you need to look at as you're going through it. I know a lot of people have talked and I appreciate you guys listening and we just ask that you do that.

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Mike Thacker (7300 S. Cole Road): You could probably sell it if you put that road through, you would get away with a lot, otherwise this is a rough shot at operation to just send everything through with amending the rules that society has gone by in previous. There are consequences often, to certain exceptions, and in the construction business we had to follow certain rules, OSHA was there to watch us. They handed out severe fines for minor infractions and I was on that Robinson Bridge and I asked my supervisors why he was getting away with certain things because we were way up there visible and he finally told me well, we get away with certain things that normal people don't and that bridge went down, 13 of us gimped up, I used to be a light stepper. When you're trying to experiment with new rules, be careful at whose expense, or what the consequences might be. That's somewhat a blank piece of paper to work with, per say; don't rush on it over the existing people, they're water, they're traffic. I've met some good people who are throwing their hands up and moving, having been there 50 years, retirees, a man in his 80's, he's fixing his home right now to try and get a better price to go somewhere else. He's done everything right all of his life, things just aren't being done right, there's been a lot of well disruptions for a lot less than anything that's being proposed right now. There has been an environmental impact study that nobody else got away with and like the people have said before, there is housing going on everywhere that's impacting us as we speak and I think the rules need to be followed from previous big developments. It's nice to try and do different things with water, but the fact is, I don't think they've gotten water, that's why they haven't developed desert property before and it was picked on nice irrigatable pastures, hay and what have you, because the water was there and a nice reclamation pond might bring mosquitos. I mean it's, we all try to conserve our water, we don't take it for granted. I've bailed my water into my washing machine out of the bath tub for over 10 years and I've always been on a well. It's not for money; it's just out of respect for precious resource. Right now, bottled water is worth more than true to oil and we don't take it for granted and we hope that you don't either, please. Thank you.

Chairman Demarest: Okay, last call. Did we get everybody that wants to testify? It looks like we have everybody so the applicant gets up to 5 minutes for rebuttal; Mr. Brown.

APPLICANT REBUTTAL

Kent Brown (3161 E. Springwood Meridian, ID: The one lady mentioned that there was some construction going on behind her house, that construction is the extension of a 16 inch water main that connects those three water tanks that Todd spoke about through this site. Over a mile and a half of water line is being extended, it's part of the way through, they need a rock saw to finish that, but that brings the water line through the first phase, it actually brings it through, it comes from the south and up through the development along Cheyenne Street which is a quarter mile in. That was something that took a while for us to do and work out with United Water. United Water is trying to provide pressure to the developments that are to the north of us, and South Fork being one of them, and they needed this water line and we provided a means. The Pleasant Valley South partners went and negotiated with land owners to help make that happen because there were certain parcels of ground that wouldn't allow that water to come through and they worked to make that happen. Just as we've done with ACHD, we went out and got that right-of-way that they needed to be able to help them make that take place. We've got meetings planned with ACHD next week to start talking to them about increasing that time frame. We don't want to wait the 170

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lots, but that gives us an opportunity to do all of this infrastructure. Commissioner Gibson, you talked about sewer, we've been working with them over a period of time and that's the infrastructure that we need to get in place and do the detailed work and that will all take place with this first phase of development to start making some of those things happen that we start looking at that. We do have surface water rights for 23 acres. 23 acres is enough ground for us to build the 170 lots. We already have that water right available to us; we just have to transfer it from the south side of Lake Hazel Road to the north side within our own development. We've looked at getting other surface water rights from other places and bringing them to here for another 200 acres, but those things are going to take place over a long period of time. We're not proposing drilling any wells that would affect anybody's water. On the subject of the airport, we didn't propose making any changes that would affect the airport. We've tried to be as good of a neighbor as possible and sensitive to what the people that we've been talking with in the numerous meetings that we've had. We've met them out at the airport, had multiple meetings with the planning staff where the airport people have been involved before we put this plan together. We had their assurance that they we're okay with us doing that and those commitments have been made. United Water or Suez, like Todd, I called John Lee at United Water and they said these wells were drilled in 1994 and 1995, this is just taking their infrastructure in making the connection through our site that helps makes those things happen. We've tried to be proactive in what we've done. Without our development, the concern that these people have about the extension of Lake Hazel Road wouldn't be possible and this helps make that happen at a sooner time period. We still are thinking that the 170 lots are going to take five years. Thank you.

Chairman Demarest: Item number 6 is before the Commission for deliberation. We've got three items to approve. Commissioners, what is your pleasure? You can ask questions, we can discuss amongst ourselves. It's most helpful if we have a motion, however sometimes that's not the way things can begin.

PUBLIC TESTIMONY CLOSED

Commissioner Ansotegui: Chairman, can I ask a question of Todd?

Chairman Demarest: Let's just clarify that, if it is something that we've already talked about and it's on the record and clarification of that; new information we probably don't want to begin with.

Commissioner Ansotegui: Just clarification and if it isn't, I will retract it. Todd, the part 150 study that you showed online did the DNL noise contours that showed 65 DNLS significantly northeast of this development, does that include the proposed F-35's that were under study a couple of years back or no?

Todd Tucker: Commissioner Ansotegui, yes I showed two maps, one was the current 2015, the 2020 map was actually anticipating the ultimate eventual jets that they're anticipating which is F-15's, which I understand are possibly the loudest jet ever made by the Air Force. So, ultimately it's the F-15's.

Commissioner Ansotegui: That answers my question, thank you.

Chairman Demarest: Further discussion by the Commission?

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MOTION: COMMISSIONER GIBSON MOVED TO RECOMMEND APPROVAL OF CPA15-00008 & SUB15-00055 & CONCEPTUAL APPROVAL OF CAR15-00029 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT REPORT AND CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL THEREIN

Chairman Demarest: Let's see if we have second for that. Do we have a second? I see no second. So that's not going to go anywhere. So, we do have to take some action.

MOTION: COMMISSIONER STEVENS MOVED TO RECOMMEND APPROVAL OF CPA15-00008 & SUB15-00055 & CONCEPTUAL APPROVAL OF CAR15-00029 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT REPORT AND CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL THEREIN

Commissioner Stevens: Mr. Chair, unfortunately I don't have the right document in front me and I can't seem to find it. Which one of the three is the conceptual approval, is it the CPA?

Chairman Demarest: It's the CAR.

Commissioner Stevens: I'm not quite ready to make a motion, I don't think. Here's where I'm heading, I guess for the purposes of discussion, and I know that that's not the favored way to go, but maybe we could start there. I think there's a lot to commend with regard to the specific plan that's in front of us and the Comp Plan amendment and I think, I would like to see the planning go forward and I would like staff to be able to continue that process, because I think eventually, per our Comp Plan, it's very clear and I hope that you all participated in the Comp Plan meetings 8 or so years ago when they were going on in your neighborhood that this is an area that's going to be developed. So, I would like to see it go forward, I think there's a lot to commend in the plan that's in front of us and I think it's one of the best we've seen. I think it takes a lot of the things that were learned in the Barber Valley and have built on that and I think staff has done a phenomenal job working with the developer toward that end. However, with that said, I'm definitely not comfortable right now approving the subdivision. I think it's irresponsible; it would be irresponsible of the City of Boise to approve that right now. I think the evidence, not just from the citizens who have spoken tonight, but I think also from ACHD's own reports make it abundantly clear that this area is not ready for the number of houses, 170 or 2,200, it's just not ready and I'm not comfortable voting right now for a subdivision, for a plat that would permit that sort of development to go forward. So, I'm split on these three things. I'd like to see the conceptual plan move forward; I'm okay with the zoning change as well. I think the density, if we're going to build here, I think we need to have high density, I think that's how it should go and in fact, well, I'll leave it at that, but I'm not in favor of the subdivision at this point. So, I'll leave that for now, I can make a motion, but maybe we can a little more discussion first.

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Chairman Demarest: So to move anything officially ahead past the discussion phase it will take a motion that gets seconded.

MOTION: COMMISSIONER STEVENS MOVED TO RECOMMEND APPROVAL OF CPA15-00008 & CONCEPTUAL APPROVAL OF CAR15-00029 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT REPORT AND CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL THEREIN

SECONDER: COMMISSIONER GIBSON

Chairman Demarest: There is a second. So in other words, the subdivision you're leaving off at this point?

Commissioner Stevens: That's Correct.

Chairman Demarest: Okay, so we've got two items, CPA15-00008 and CAR15-00029, it's been moved and seconded, let's have some discussion. Usually back to the mover, although I don't want to put you on the spot.

Commissioner Stevens: Well, I've said what I need to say at this point, so if anybody else wants to weigh in, please go ahead.

Commissioner Gibson: Mr. Chairman, I would like to point out that the public's testimony is really critical to S. Cole traffic, Maple Grove traffic. One of the things that I wanted to point out from a larger land use point of view is that one of the reasons why traffic is so messed up on S. Cole is because, I'm not pointing to anyone in other jurisdictions, but the way subdivisions are approved within the County, there's not a strategic type of process that this methodology that we're going through is difficult as it is, it's easier for a developer to come in and pick up a 5 or 10 acre parcel, maximize the density, so if you go to Google earth, take a look and see everything west of Cole Road and everything south of Victory and some of these areas are really the result of County planning practices, which we here have no control over, and then that's further exacerbated by malice of ACHD. I'm questioning some of the comments that were made specific to the documents that we're provided to the planning Commission on what ACHD is advocating. Having been on the board for three years, I've seen many instances where the can has been kicked down the road. Unfortunately, I think this is one of those situations. To have S. Cole Road at these locations at this traffic volume at an "F" and still have it a two lane road I think it's really reprehensible, that's my own personal opinion obviously, but not, I think it's indicative of this developer's desire to extend and relate and make the infrastructure connections, that's critical to the overall development, it will happen eventually. I agree with my fellow Commissioner in that it is going to happen, sorry I hate to say it. I've lived here since 1990, moved to Boise in 1980 and I can remember when there was really nothing south of S. Cole Road before they even built the interstate. So, I can appreciate the resident's testimony to the affect and I think by voting for this motion we can move forward with a lot of the conceptual planning that is really kind of the meat and potatoes, but then allow staff and the engineer and

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the developer to work in concert with local agencies on this subdivision. So, the end result is actually the best product that I think that we can get. So, I'll be voting for the motion on that reason.

Chairman Demarest: Thank you Commissioner. Other discussion? I want to weigh in that it's really, I agree, I want to underscore what you said Commissioner Gibson, that it is critical that we hear the public testimony; it does make a difference to us, I've got to tell you, we read these reports before we get here and we hear lots of information, but then we're here to listen and then to make the best decision possible and I noticed a couple things and it was underscored by a couple of the folks that testified and one is that I didn't hear anybody say, don't ever do this, I heard people say hey, we've got a problem. Roughly 35, maybe 36 people, virtually all of them said the same thing, that the quality of life that we live day to day is impacted by the density and the traffic and doing more is more problem, not solution, and a whole lot of people had some solutions for us. I don't think we have those within our control, but they're important nonetheless. So, I'll support the motion as well. So, we've got two motions, at some point we've got do something with the third that's before us, but let's finish these two first and we'll go from there.

Commissioner Gibson: Mr. Chairman, a question for council specific to the separation of the motions that we're voting on two vs. three motions, is there any procedural issue that we would encounter later on by proceeding as moved?

Amanda Schaus (City of Boise Attorney): Mr. Chair, Commissioner Gibson, if you mean having two combined; I have one motion now that combines the rezone to the specific plan and the Comprehensive Plan amendment, that's one motion, and the second being the subdivision. As long as we're clear in our findings, there is no issue.

Commissioner Gibson: Thank you.

Chairman Demarest: Okay, let's finish with the first two. Any further discussion? All those in favor of approving CPA15-00008 and CAR15-00029, please signify by saying aye. Any opposed?

ALL IN FAVOR, NONE OPPOSED, MOTION CARRIES.

MOTION: COMMISSIONER STEVENS MOVED TO RECOMMEND DENIAL OF SUB15-00055 TO THE CITY COUNCIL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROJECT REPORT AND CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL THEREIN

SECONDER: COMMISSIONER ANSOTEGUI

Commissioner Stevens: Mr. Chair, I would like to put some findings in the record. We need to find whether or not this subdivision is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan and if we do look at southwest policies in Blue Print Boise, you'll see under various goals that we need to improve street system

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connectivity, SW-C2.1, SW-C2.2, and I do not find that this subdivision meets those particular policies of the Comprehensive Plan. In addition, we need to find that the plan, if we were to approve it, is consistent with the general purpose of the code to promote public health and safety and general welfare of residents and I do not find that the subdivision meets that because of the connectivity issues. I think if it were not for that, I think it would meet that, but I think that is an important safety concern that I have with regard to allowing 170 lots to be platted without those connectivity's fixed. So with that, I've said everything I've needed to say.

Chairman Demarest: Thank you. Okay, is there further discussion? Motion to deny the subdivision, SUB15-00055 with findings in the record. Any last discussion? All those in favor of denying the motion please signify by saying aye. Any opposed?

ALL IN FAVOR, NONE OPPOSED, MOTION CARRIES.

<u>6</u>/6a/6b

BOISE CITY OF TREES

Boise City Hall, 2nd Floor 150 N. Capitol Boulevard P. O. Box 500 Boise, Idaho 83701-0500 Phone: 208/384-3830 Fax: 208/384-3753 TDD/TTY: 800/377-3529 Website: www.cityofboise.org/pds

CAR15-00029, CPA15-00008, SUB15-00055 / Pleasant Valley South, LLC.

Planning & Development Services

Summary

Rezone of approximately 600 acres to create a Specific Plan District Zone (SP03) in the Southwest Planning Area. The property is located on the east side of Cole Road south of Latigo Drive, generally identified as 6298 S. Cole Road. There is an associated Comprehensive Plan Amendment (CPA15-00008) that proposes to modify the text addressing gross density and location of residential development north of Lake Hazel Road. In addition, there is an associated Preliminary Plat (SUB15-00055) for a residential subdivision located in the northwest corner of the specific plan consisting of 422 buildable lots and 20 common lots.

Recommendation

Approval of CAR15-00029, CPA15-00008, and SUB15-00055

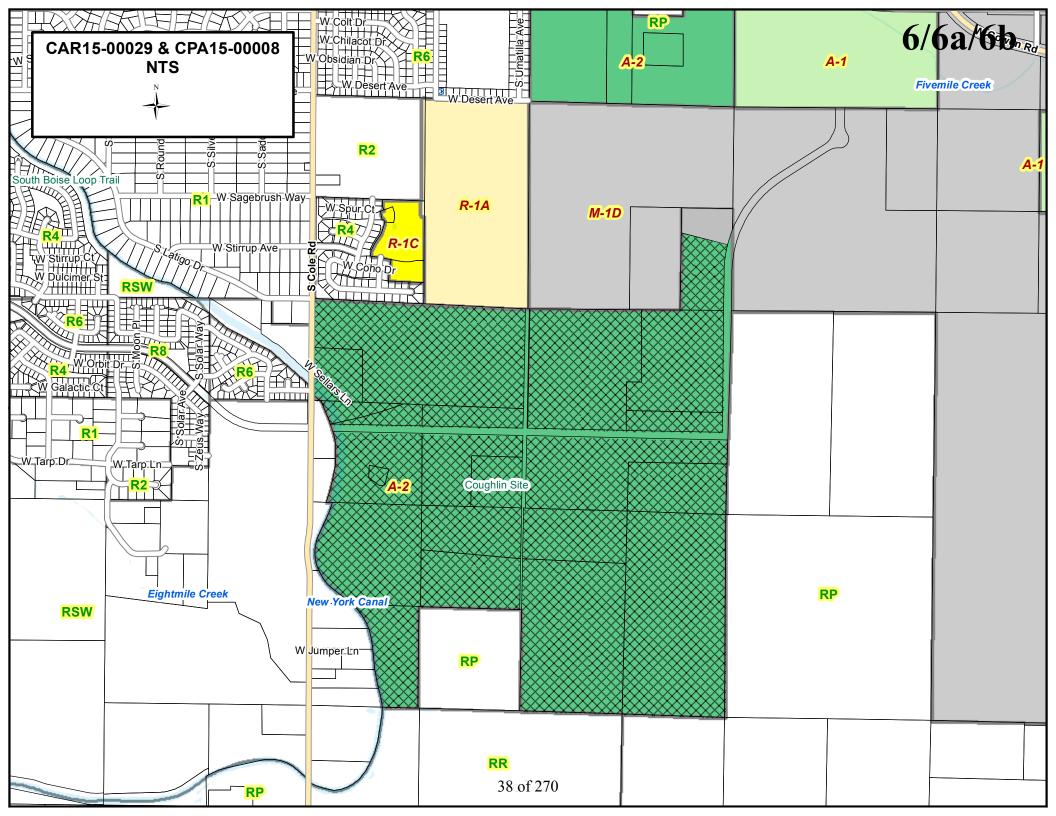
Reason for the Decision

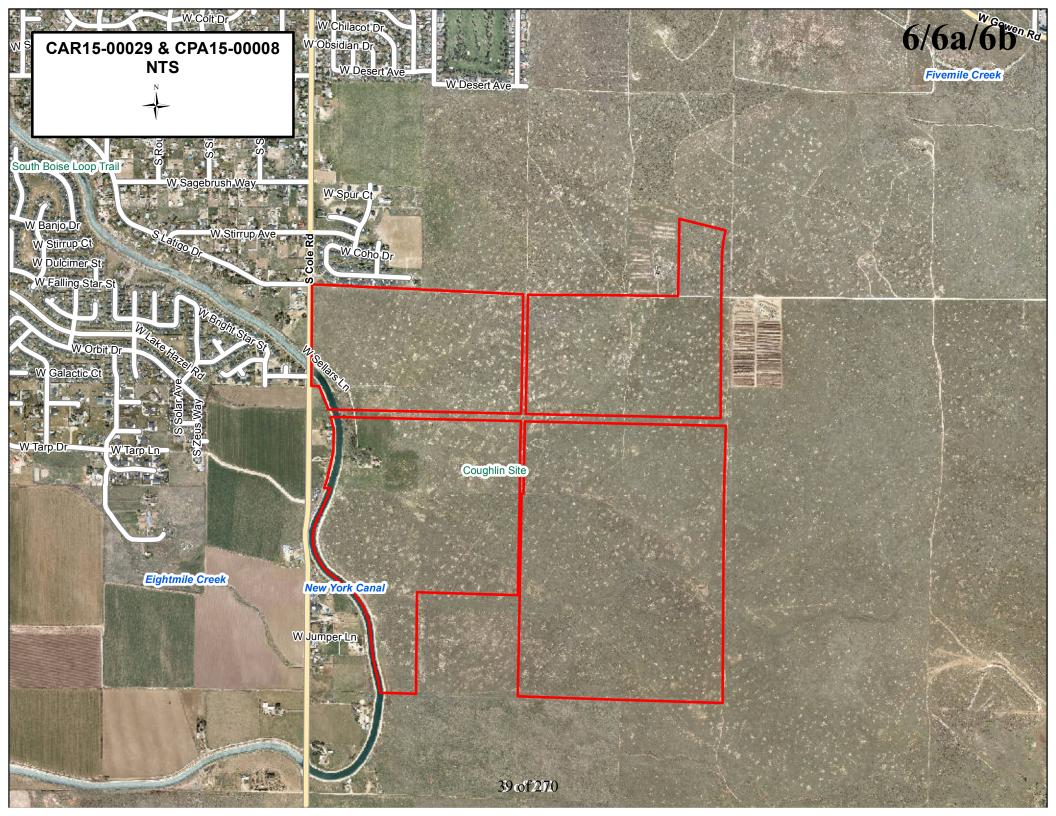
Rezone

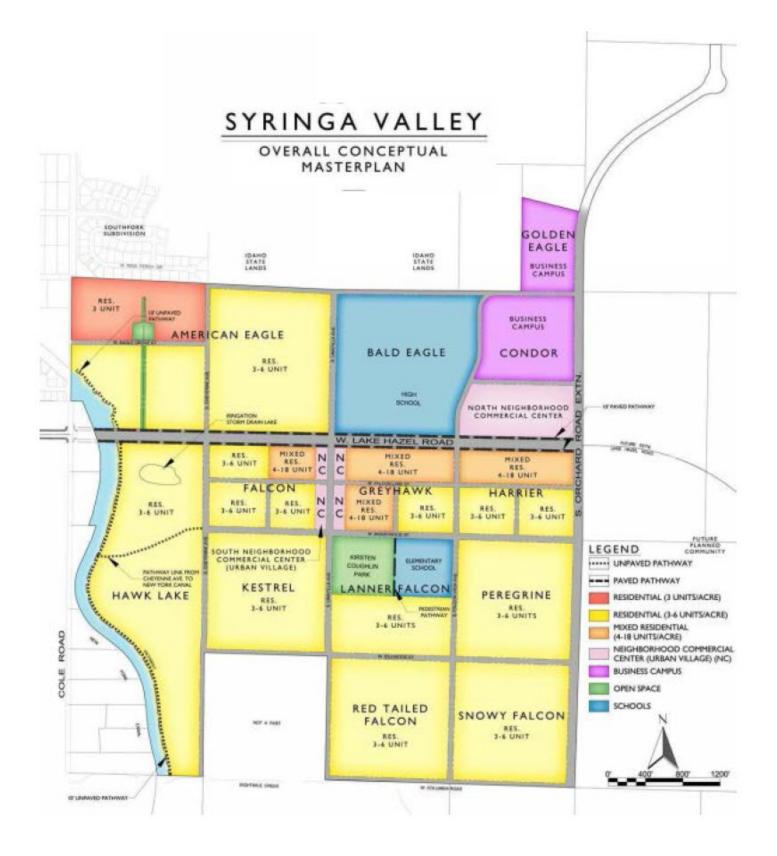
The rezone is consistent with the goals, objectives and policies of the Comprehensive Plan. *Policy* NAC7.1 encourages a mix of housing types and densities in residential neighborhoods, particularly for projects greater than two acres. The specific plan provides a mix of housing types and products within its neighborhoods to help promote a community feel. The rezone is compatible with surrounding development and properly integrates land uses and infrastructure with adjacent properties. The majority of the surrounding property to the northwest is currently developed with single-family residential homes. The specific plan includes adequate provisions for utilities, services, roadway networks and emergency vehicles access, and public service demands will not exceed the capacity of existing and planned systems. Public utilities are available to the site and the applicant will be extending those utilities throughout the development. No commenting agency has indicated that the specific plan will place a burden on the public infrastructure in the area. The specific plan will enhance the potential for superior urban design and land use in comparison with development under the base district provisions that would apply if it were not approved. The property is identified as Planned Community on the Land Use Map. Approval of a specific plan is the mechanism the applicant has used to facilitate a planned community. The specific plan has language that regulates the design of the development. It will insure a cohesive development pattern and continuity throughout the specific plan area.

Comprehensive Plan Amendment

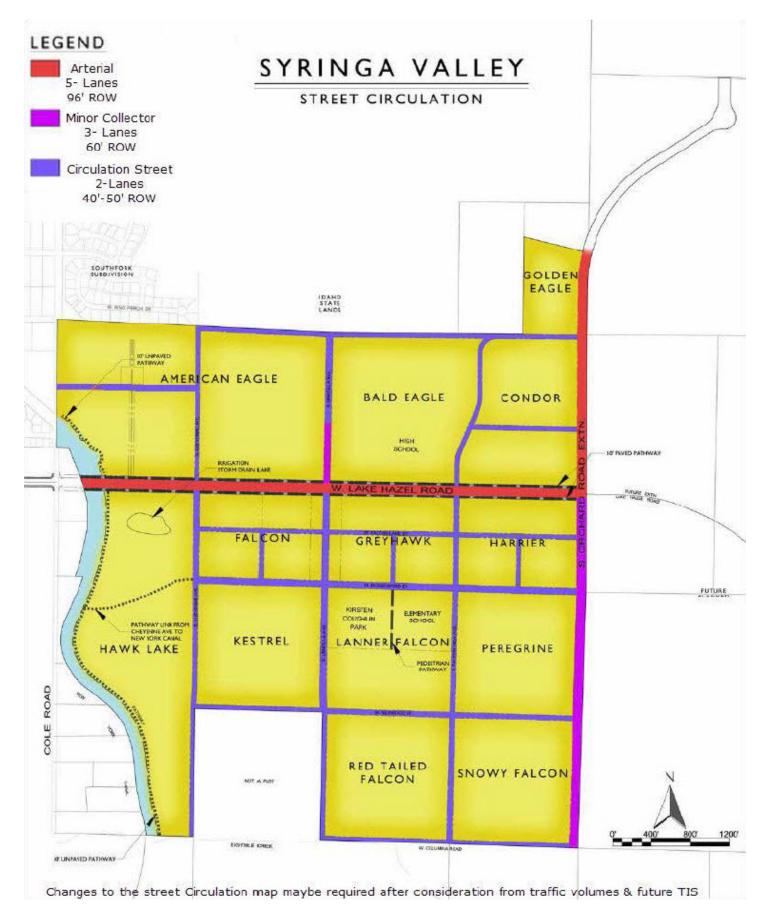
The amendment is required for the public convenience or necessity, or for the general welfare of the community. To achieve the densities needed along Lake Hazel to warrant transit service in the future, and to provide a buffer to the lower densities further to the south an increase in density is needed. As such, the amendment is for the public convenience, necessity, and for the general welfare of the community.

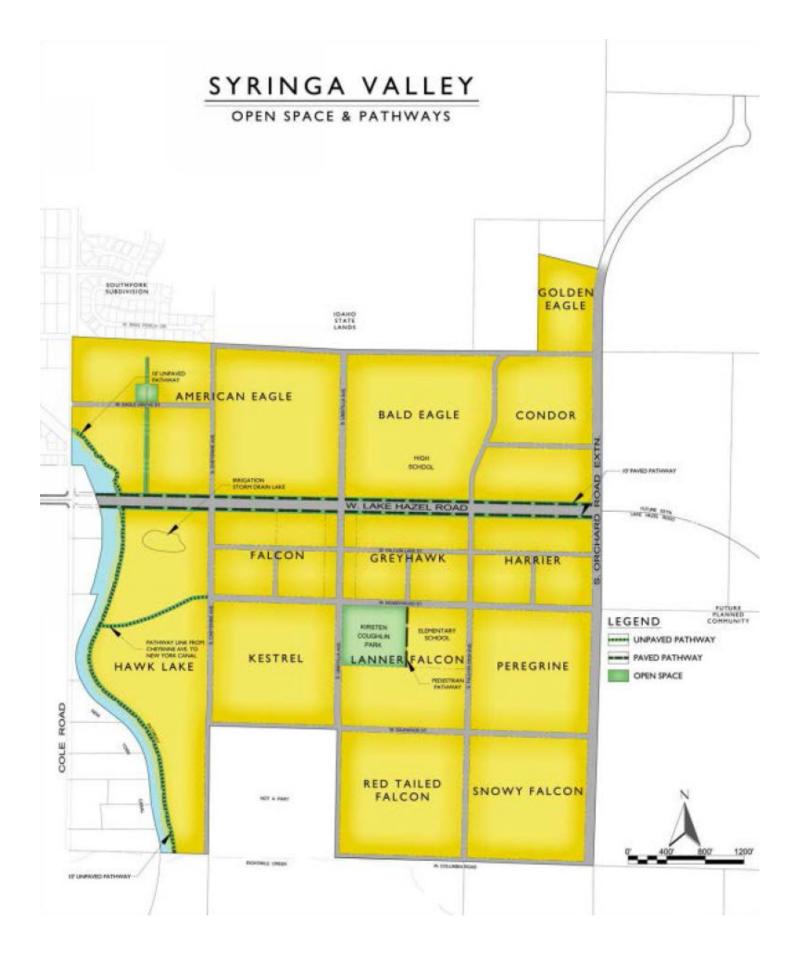


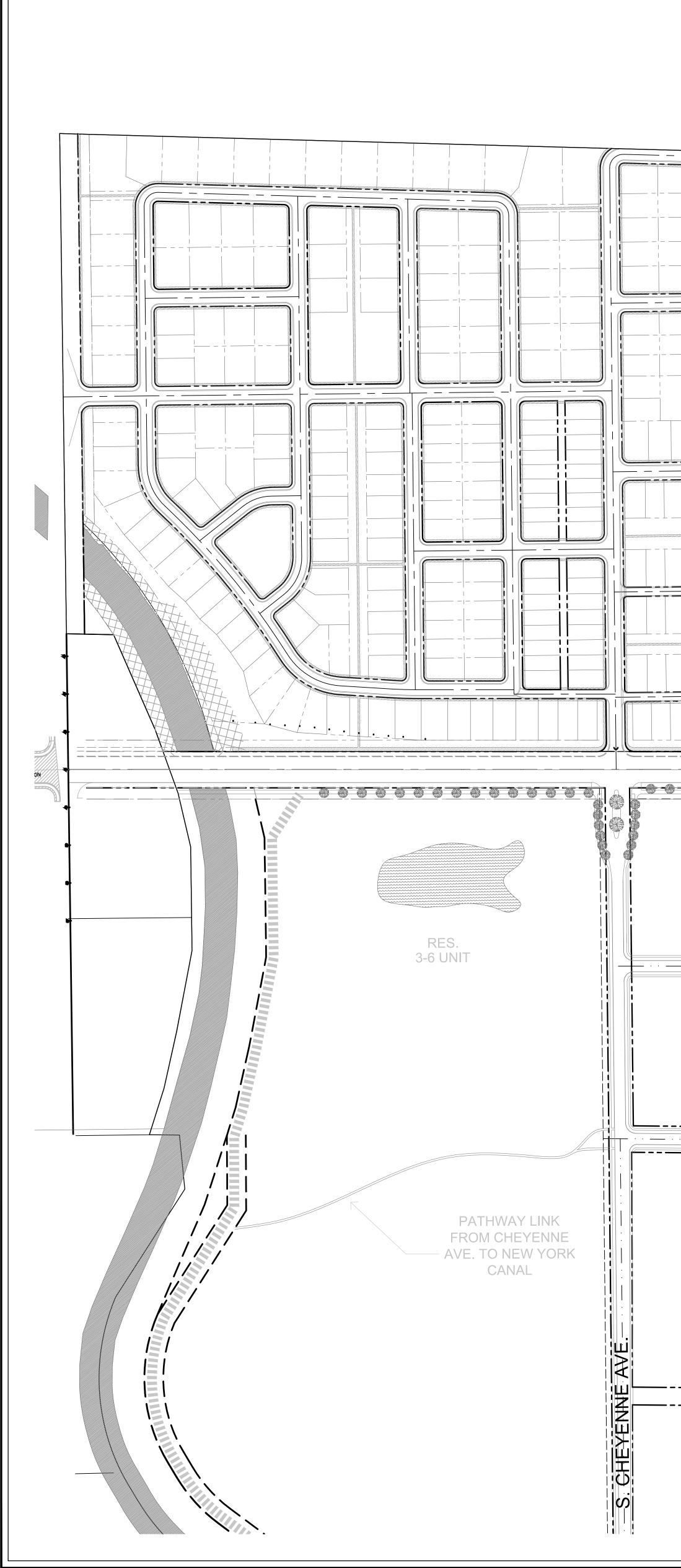






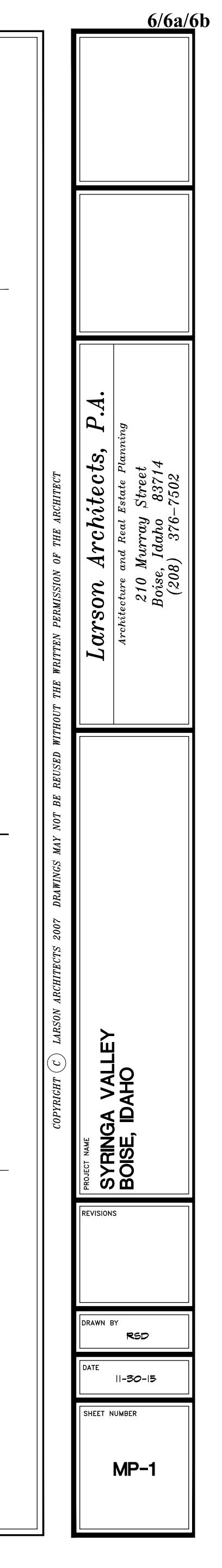


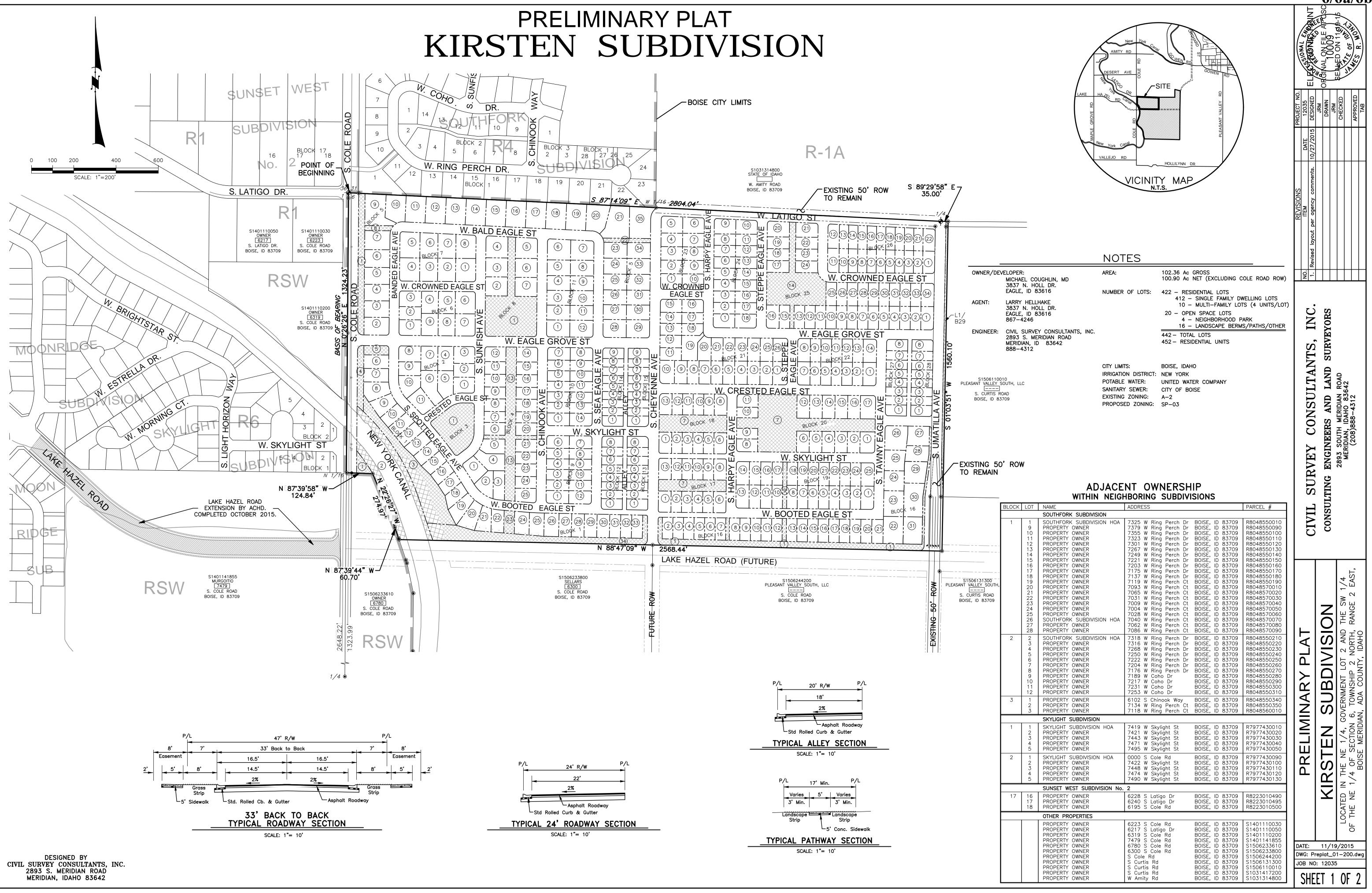


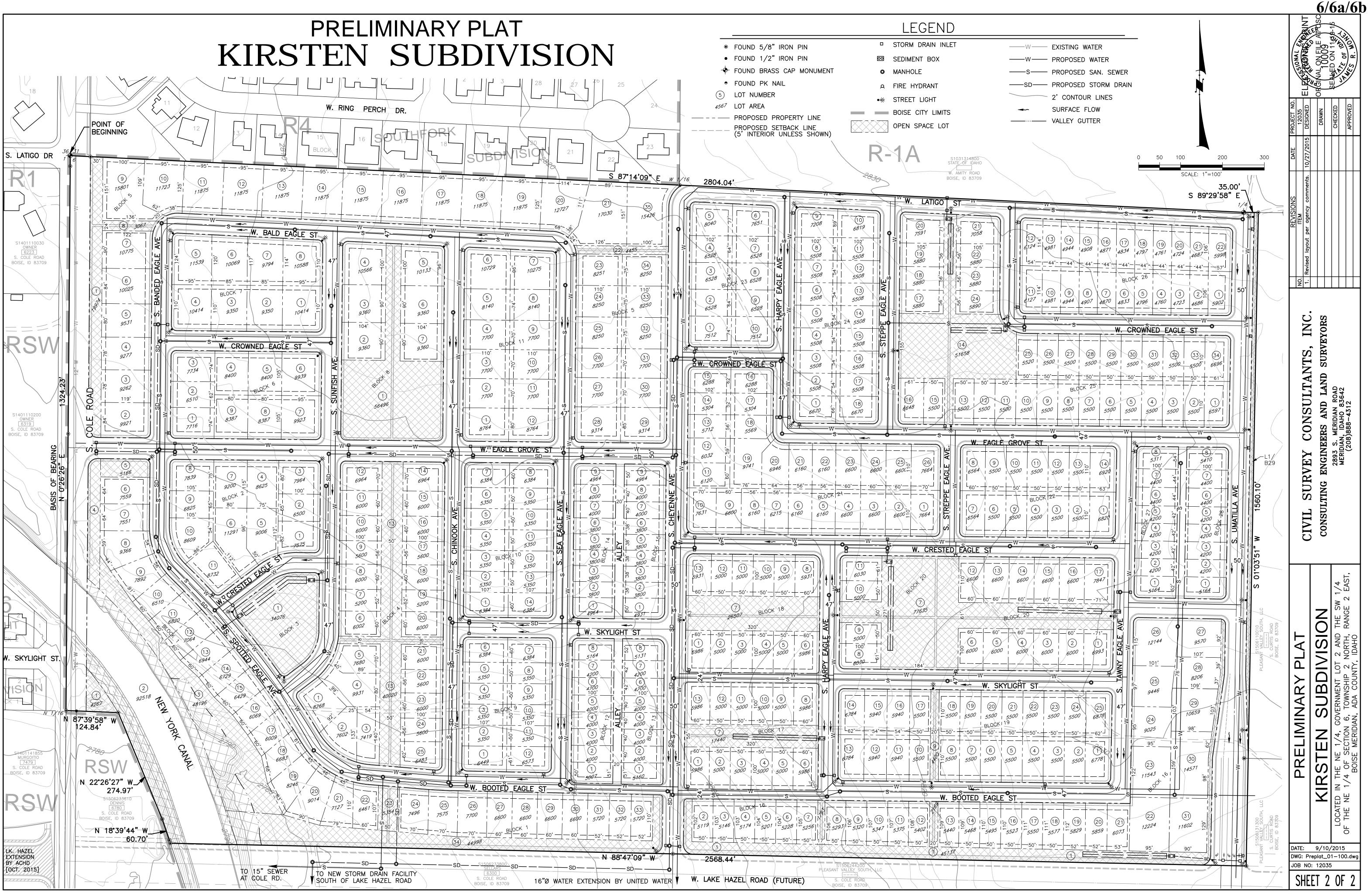


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SYRINGA VALLEY SPECIFIC PLAN NARRATIVE

Introduction

With this application, Pleasant Valley South LLC ("Pleasant Valley") seeks the City of Boise's approval of a new Specific Plan Ordinance to be added to Chapter 11-013 of the Boise City Code. This new Ordinance will cover land that Pleasant Valley controls in the Southwest Boise Reserve Planned Community Area. The Specific Plan Ordinance, authorized by Boise City Code Chapter 11-05-08, provides a means for creating new zoning regulations for unique areas and developments, such as mixed use districts and planned developments, where conventional zoning mechanisms are inadequate.

The application package addresses specific aspects of the project's development and the associated requirements of the Specific Plan Ordinance. This narrative provides a summary of the key issues and requirements, along with an overview of the proposed development.

Project Overview

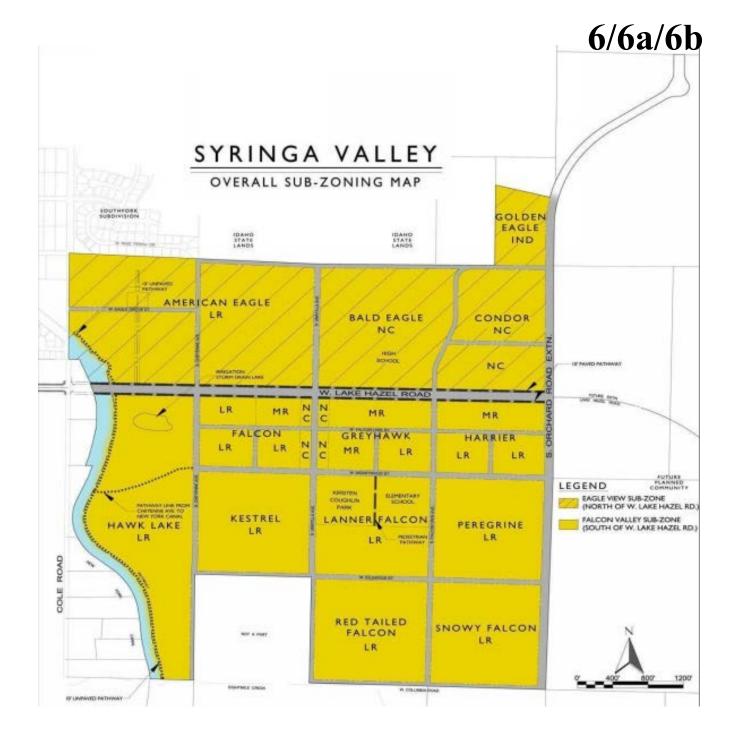
The Syringa Valley Development proposed in this application will effectively implement the City of Boise Comprehensive Plan for Southwest Boise's Reserve Planned Community. The Comprehensive Plan describes the Reserve Planned Community as generally bounded by the New York Canal and S. Cole Road on the west, extension of S. Orchard Road on the east, and the extension of South Latigo Road on the north and Columbia Road on the south. The Syringa Valley Specific Plan will cover 601.32 acres of this Reserve Planned Community Area.

Both the Syringa Valley Specific Plan and Reserve Planned Community center on the extension of Lake Hazel Road from S. Cole Road over the New York Canal to the extension of S. Orchard Road.

The Reserve is intended to establish a mixed-use development with a range of residential housing types and densities, neighborhood commercial centers and a business campus. The Reserve is split into two Specific Plan areas, Lake Hazel North and Lake Hazel South.

The Syringa Valley Specific Plan includes two planning areas: Eagle View, which is located north of Lake Hazel Road, and Falcon Valley, which is located south of Lake Hazel Road. Both of these areas are also described in the Comprehensive Plan as North of Lake Hazel Road Area and South Lake Hazel Road Area.

Both Eagle View and Falcon Valley planning areas are described in detail below.



EAGLE VIEW

Eagle View is split into four (4) different planning areas: American Eagle, Bald Eagle, Condor and Golden Eagle.

<u>American Eagle</u> is approximately 100 acres located on the western half of the overall Eagle View planning area. American Eagle is also the Kirsten Subdivision, a quality low-density residential neighborhood. The design promotes a friendly pedestrian walking environment with the use of detached sidewalks and tree lined streets. There is easy access to the rest of Syringa Valley with the ten (10) foot wide pathway along the

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north side of W. Lake Hazel Road and along the east side of the New York Canal, as well as other paths that link the neighborhood together. The American Eagle planning area has a designation of (LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District.

<u>Bald Eagle</u> is located near the center of the overall Eagle View planning area. It is a 50 acre site for a high school east of S. Umatilla Avenue. The layout design for the high school building and parking lot places the high school near the northeast corner of South Umatilla Avenue and West Lake Hazel Road. There will be extension of the ten (10) foot wide pathway along the north side of W. Lake Hazel Road. The Bald Eagle planning area has a designation of (NC) Neighborhood Commercial Sub-Zoning District.

<u>Condor</u> is located at the northwest corner of South Orchard Road and West Lake Hazel Road. The Condor planning area is a mixture of commercial office, commercial retail, and residential uses in the (neighborhood commercial) Sub-Zoning District. Condor allows for a mixture of small-scale commercial and professional offices with medium density residential development located near the high school site. There is a ten (10) foot wide paved pathway along the north side of W. Lake Hazel Road to provide pedestrian accessibility to this neighborhood center.

<u>Golden Eagle</u> is located on the west side of South Orchard Road in the Airport influence area "B". Golden Eagle has a designation of (IND) Industrial Sub-Zoning District, 12+- acres in size and is the only area of the entire Specific Plan for Syringa Valley that is located in the airport influence area B.

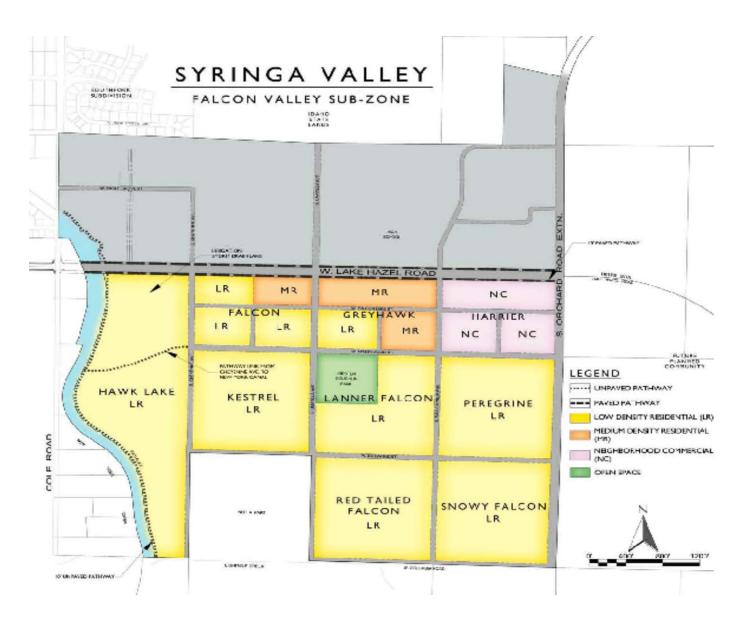
Falcon Valley

The Falcon Valley planning area has three (3) Sub-Zoning Districts. These Sub-Zoning Districts are the (LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District, the (MR) Medium

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Narrative

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6/6a/6b Density Residential Sub-Zoning District, and the (NC) Neighborhood Commercial Sub-Zoning District. Through the use of a grid of circulation streets, the Falcon Valley area is split into eleven (11) subsections. The Kirsten Coughlin Park has been located as close the center of Falcon Valley as possible. This provides all the residents walkable access to this City Park. Other noteworthy features are the ten (10) foot wide unpaved pathway along the New York Canal easement and the ten (10) foot paved pathway along the southern side of W. Lake Hazel Road. Both these pathways provide for pedestrian connection throughout the development.



<u>Hawk Lake</u> is located along the New York Canal and is the largest planning area in Falcon Valley. Hawk Lake is a low-density residential neighborhood and is designated with a Sub-Zoning District of (LR) Low Density Residential. It is designed to promote walkability, with detached sidewalks and tree lined streets. Hawk Lake has two major pedestrian connections: a 10 wide paved pathway along the south side of W. Lake Hazel Road and 10-foot wide

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Narrative

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unpaved pathway along the east side of the New York Canal. Hawk Lake will have an irrigation pond and storm water pond located near the southern side of W. Lake Hazel Road to provide irrigation water and storm water storage for a portion of the Syringa Valley. This pond also provides an amenity to the surrounding development.

<u>Falcon</u> is located along the south side of W. Lake Hazel Road between S. Cheyenne Avenue and S. Umatilla Avenue. The Falcon planning area has both (LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District and (MR) Medium Density Residential Sub-Zoning District, which encourages a mixture of both residential and office uses. The Falcon planning area also has portion of the South Neighborhood Commercial Center which is surrounded by residential development. South Umatilla Ave provides a location for an urban village development at a pedestrian scale. Where a mixture of both commercial and residential uses help create a village look and feel along S. Umatilla Ave..

<u>Greyhawk</u> is located along the south side of W. Lake Hazel Road between S. Umatilla Ave and S. Falcon View Avenue and S. Umatilla Avenue. The Greyhawk planning area has both (LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District and (MR) Medium Density Residential Sub-Zoning District, which encourages a mixture of both residential and office uses. The Greyhawk planning area also has portion of the South Neighborhood Commercial Center which is surrounded by residential development. South Umatilla Ave provides a location for an urban village development at a pedestrian scale. Where a mixture of both commercial and residential uses help create a village look and feel along S. Umatilla Ave

<u>Harrier</u> is located along the south side of W. Lake Hazel Road between South Falcon View Avenue and South Orchard Road. The Harrier planning area has both (LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District and (MR) Medium Density Residential Sub-Zoning District, which encourages a mixture of both residential and office uses.

<u>Kestrel</u> is located between West Mossywood Street and West Idlewood Street and between South Cheyenne Avenue and South Umatilla Avenue. The Kestrel planning area another is quality low-density residential neighborhood designed to promote walkability throughout the community with detached sidewalks and tree lined streets, with easy access to the rest of Syringa Valley. Increased density of residential housing is encouraged along the west side of South Umatilla Avenue near the Kirsten Coughlin Park. The Kestrel planning section has a Sub-Zoning District of (LR) Low Density Residential.

Lanner Falcon is located between West Mossywood Street and West Idlewood Street and between South Umatilla Avenue and South Falcon View Avenue. Lanner Falcon has the Kirsten Coughlin Park in the northwest quarter of the planning area a and future elementary school next to it. The remaining 20 plus acres is low-density residential neighborhood. Its Design promotes walkability throughout the community with detached sidewalks and tree lined streets and with easy access to the rest of Syringa Valley. Increased density residential housing is encouraged near the Kirsten Coughlin Park and along the west side of South Falcon View Avenue. The Lanner Falcon planning area has Sub-Zoning District of (LR) Low Density Residential.

Peregrine is located between West Mossywood Street and West Idlewood Street and between

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Narrative

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South Orchard Avenue and South Falcon View Avenue. It is another quality low-density residential neighborhood, designed to promote walkability throughout the community with detached sidewalks and tree lined streets, with easy access to the rest of Syringa Valley. Increased density residential housing is encouraged near the Kirsten Coughlin Park and along the west side of South Falcon View Avenue. The Peregrine planning area has Sub-Zoning District of (LR) Low Density Residential.

<u>Red Tailed Hawk</u> is located between West Columbia Road and West Idlewood Street and between South Umatilla Avenue and South Falcon View Avenue. Red Tailed Hawk is another quality low-density residential neighborhood designed to promote walkability throughout the community with detached sidewalks and tree lined streets, with easy access to the rest of Syringa Valley. The Red Tailed Hawk planning area has Sub-Zoning District of (LR) Low Density Residential.

<u>Snowy Falcon</u> is located between West Columbia Road and West Idlewood Street and between South Falcon View Avenue and South Orchard Road. Snowy Falcon is another quality low-density residential neighborhood designed to promote walkability throughout the community with detached sidewalks and tree lined streets, with easy access to the rest of Syringa Valley. The Snowy Falcon planning area has Sub-Zoning District of (LR) Low Density Residential.

Land Uses and Zoning Standards

The Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance describes the land use sub-districts proposed for the Syringa Valley project, along with the allowed uses and densities, for each Sub-Zoning district. The Zoning Ordinance also describes a review, approval, and amendment process.

Eagle View Planning Area:

Eagle View Land Use Planning Goals:

<u>American Eagle</u> is in the (LR) Low-Density Residential Sub-District which through the design of Kirsten Subdivision, provides diverse urban housing products. Along with the single family residential uses, American Eagle includes a multi-family element near the corner of S. Umatilla Avenue and W. Lake Hazel Road.

<u>Bald Eagle</u> is in the (NC) Neighborhood Commercial Sub-District which has been reserved for a high school site. The future high school building and parking lot will be located near the northeast corner of S. Umatilla Avenue and W. Lake Hazel Road a controlled intersection.

<u>Condor</u> is the property located at the northwest corner of S. Orchard Road and W. Lake Hazel Road both of which are planned to be five (5) lane Arterial Roadways. Condor is neighborhood center in a (NC) Neighborhood Commercial Sub-District to accommodate both residential uses and commercial uses.

<u>Golden Eagle</u> is in the (IND) Industrial Sub-District, which plans for industrial uses along the westside of S. Orchard Road.

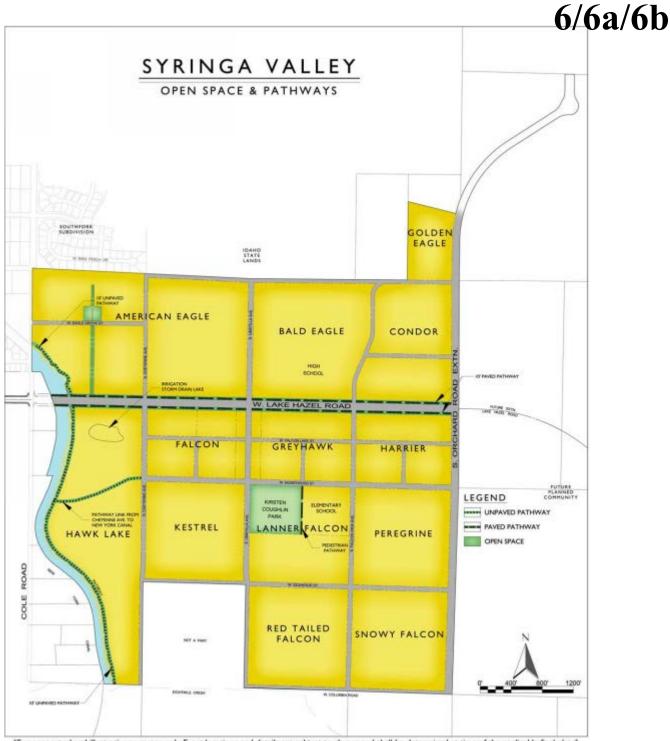
Falcon Valley Planning Area:

Falcon Valley Land Use Planning Goals:

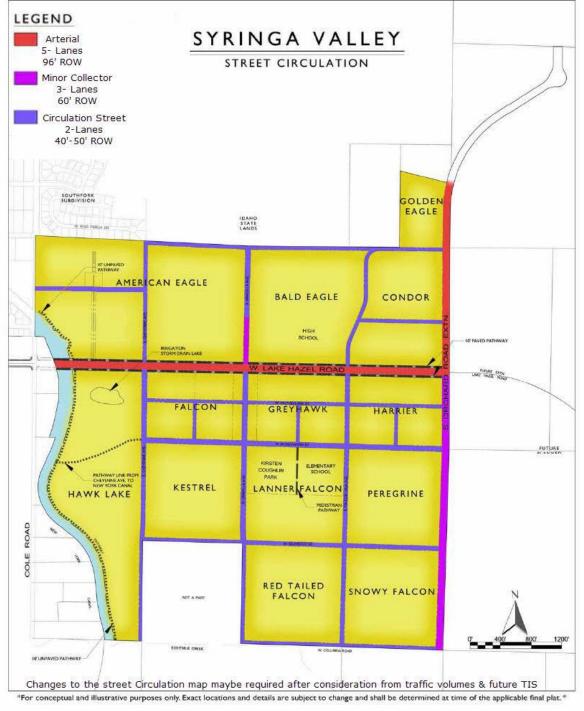
In all eleven sections, there is some portion of the section has a (**LR**) **Low-Density Residential Sub-District**, within in there design to provide diverse urban housing products. Along with the single family residential uses, these planning sections offer a multi-family element near the circulation roads, and multi-family elements are encouraged near the Kirsten Coughlin Park located in the Lanner Falcon Planning Area.

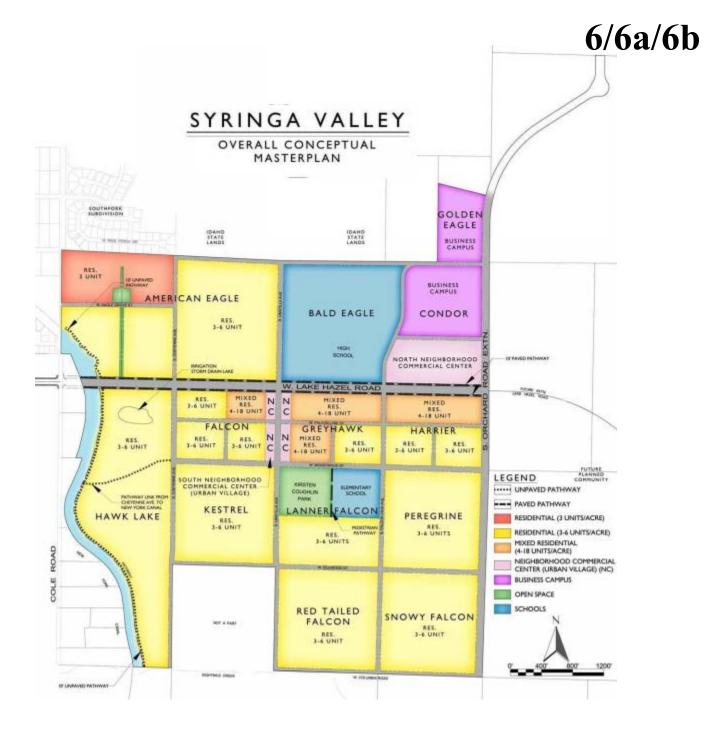
Falcon, Greyhawk and Harrier contain areas in the (**MR**) **Medium-Density Residential Sub-District**, which is designed to (a) accommodate medium density residential uses; (b) provide an orderly transition from more intensive uses to less intensive, lower density uses; and (c) allow apartments and a variety of residential uses, ranging from row houses and townhouses to office and commercial uses.

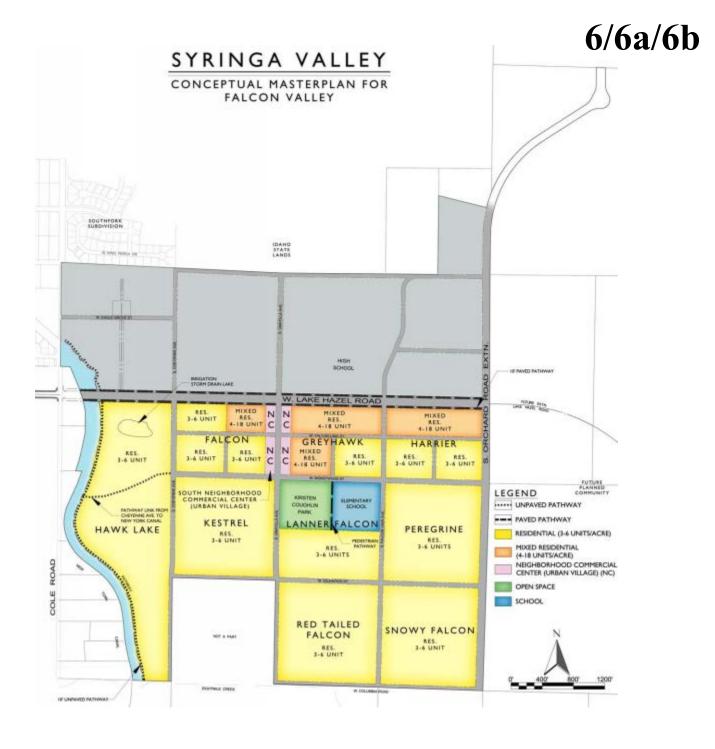
<u>Falcon and Greyhawk</u> combined contain the Southern Neighborhood Commercial Center. Located on both sides of S. Umatilla Ave between W. Lake Hazel Road and W. Mossywood Street. This neighborhood center in a (**NC**) **Neighborhood Commercial Sub-District** to accommodate both residential uses and commercial uses in a urban village surrounded by residential uses.



*For conceptual and illustrative purposes only. Exact locations and details are subject to change and shall be determined at time of the applicable final plat. *







Syringa Valley's Plan Consistency with Southwest Boise's Reserve Plan

The Syringa Valley Land Use Plan is consistent with the design goals of the Boise Comprehensive Plan, and more specifically the Southwest Boise Reserve Plan. The Southwest Boise Reserve Plan design goals are:

1. Establish a mixed use development with a range of residential housing types and densities, neighborhood commercial centers, and a business campus.

Syringa Valley's zoning and design will encourage a mixture of housing types and

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Narrative

Page 11 of 26

densities with two neighborhood centers and a business campus.

2. Establish a business campus with a mixture of uses, such as auto repair and service, fabrication, self-storage, and medical and professional offices. Incorporate other uses as restaurants, health clubs and child care and convenience centers.

Syringa Valley's Condor and Golden Eagle planning areas will encourage a mixture of businesses from self storage to medical and professional offices with other supporting businesses like health clubs and child care.

3. Limit residential uses in the northwest corner of the site.

With the design of the Kirsten Subdivision located in the northwest, residential densities have been limited through the use of LR zoning.

4. Provide safe access to future schools for children to walk and cross Lake Hazel Road.

Syringa Valley's design has placed the future high school near a ten (10) foot wide pathway and near the Lake Hazel Road and Umatilla Avenue controlled intersection to provide safe access for future students. The future elementary school located near the Kirsten Coughlin Park is a short distance for all the students plus close to Umatilla Avenue, which provides a safe place to cross Lake Hazel Road.

5. Develop two neighborhood commercial centers which incorporate pedestrian friendly design to provide for easy pedestrian access.

Syringa Valley has two neighborhood commercial centers located north and south of W. Lake Hazel with design guidelines to promote pedestrian access.

6. Provide a variety of residential housing types and densities, including from traditional single family to townhouse, row houses, multi-family and patio homes. Allow for live/work and other accessory dwelling units.

Syringa Valley's Sub-Zoning districts encourage variety of residential housing types and sizes.

7. Encourage the mixture of residential and commercial development along W. Lake Hazel Road with increased densities up to 10-20 units per acre.

Both the MR and NC Sub-Zoning districts encourage the mixture of residential and commercial uses with increased density.

8. Encourage residential housing types such as townhouse, multi-family and patio homes around City Park with increased densities.

Each of the surrounding planning areas near the Kirsten Coughlin Park have design goals to encourage residential housing types with increased densities.

9. Near Columbia Road encourage decreased density to five (5) units per acre.

Both the Red Tailed Falcon and Snowy Falcon planning areas have design guidelines to decrease densities near Columbia Road.

10. Overall plan shall have six units per acre density.

The Syringa Valley Specific Plan, and its design goals, planning areas, and Sub-Zoning districts, set an overall goal density of six units per acre, and are designed to encourage development to reach this goal, if consistent with market conditions.

11. Interconnect the residential areas with the use of streets and pathways and bike paths.

Syringa Valley creates an interconnected neighborhood through its circulation street network and pathways system.

12. Enhance pedestrian activity with the use of detached sidewalks, micro-paths and reasonable block lengths.

Syringa Valley's design requires all street sections to include detached sidewalks, and the circulation street pattern has limited the block lengths.

13. Establish open space and pathway along New York Canal and encourage dual use of drainage areas for open space.

Syringa Valley has a pathway outside of the New York Canal's easement for the residents to walk along.

14. Establish a co-location for elementary school and City Park. The park site shall have two sides along public streets with connections to the pathway along the New York Canal.

The Lanner Falcon planning area has both the Kirsten Coughlin Park and elementary school planned together in it.

15. Land uses shall comply with restrictions of the Airport Influence Areas.

Syringa Valley's design and zoning comply with all the restrictions of the Airport Influence Areas.

16. Development should include a back road to Lake Hazel Road.

Falcon Lake Street, on the south side of Lake Hazel Road, will provide access to all residential and commercial uses along Lake Hazel Road's limited access right of way.

17. Street network shall support development.

Access and traffic concerns in Syringa Valley are being addressed with the design of the circulation street network.

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1. Introduction

- 2. Project Overview
- 3. Intent
 - a. Location
 - b. Land Uses
 - c. Character

Syringa Valley Specific Plan Design Guide

1. Introduction

6/6a/6b

This Design Guide has been created to support the Syringa Valley Specific Plan, and to ensure that the development evolves as proposed and approved through the Boise City Planning and Zoning process.

This Guide provides an overview of the Specific Plan, and breaks down of each of thirteen planning sections to provide an illustration as to how each of these individual planning sections interfaces with each other to reach the overall planning goals. The Design Guide is written as a timeless and flexible document with the understanding that the development will occur over an extended time period. The goal is to ensure the development is harmonious, resulting in complimentary imagery through appropriate uses and common site amenities. Amenities may include materials, as well as street sections, sidewalks, paths, and open space development. Overall design and implementation shall prevail as established by the Syringa Valley Specific Plan, and the City in response to the applicable building and planning codes.

All improvements within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan's two planning areas, Eagle View and Falcon Valley, will conform to the zoning and development criteria established under the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Ordinance as adopted by the City of Boise.

2. Intent

The objectives of the site development guidelines include:

- To support and amplify the goals of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan, and City of Boise Comprehensive Plan for Southwest Boise's Reserve Planned Community.
- To encourage development that is visually understandable and meaningful to the users.
- To encourage planning and buildings of a high quality and appropriate character with a variety of expression and creativity within all areas of the development.
- To promote pedestrian accessibility throughout the Syringa Valley Specific Plan and its connections with the neighborhood commercial center, Kirsten Coughlin City Park, and pathways.
- To create a pedestrian scale in the design of streets, spaces between buildings, and the buildings themselves.

3. Project Overview

The Syringa Valley Specific Plan compromises approximately 601 acres of land south and west of Boise Airport. Approximately 12 acres are located in Airport influence



area B, and the remaining 589 acres are located in Airport influence area A. The areas 6/6a/6b within Airport influence area A include Eagle View and False M. W

Eagle View

The planning area north of West Lake Hazel Road, more specifically shown on the provided maps.

	Zoning:	 (LR) Low Density Residential planning area for American Eagle (NC) Neighborhood Commercial planning area for Condor and Bald Eagle (IND) Industrial planning area for Golden Eagle
Cond	Airport Influence Zones: lor	(A Zone) planning areas for American Eagle , Bald Eagle , and (B Zone) planning for Golden Eagle
	Special Features:	<i>Open space and pathway</i> : New York Canal pathway, north side Lake Hazel Road pathway. <i>Commercial Neighborhood Center</i> : Condor <i>Schools</i> : High school site in Bald Eagle
	Sub-Zones in Eagle	View
	American Eagle Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District
	Allow uses:	Per Low Sub-Zoning district requirements
	Special Features:	ten (10) foot wide unpaved pathway along the eastside of the New York Canal ten (10) foot wide paved pathway along the north side of W. Lake Hazel Road.
	Section Design:	Pedestrian friendly design through the use of detached sidewalks
	Bald Eagle Zoning:	(NC) Neighborhood Commercial Sub-Zoning District
	Allow uses:	Per NC Sub-Zoning district requirements
	Special Features:	ten (10) foot wide paved pathway along the northside of W. Lake Hazel Road.
	Section Design:	High School building and student parking shall be located near the northeast corner of W. Lake Hazel Road and S. Umatilla Avenue.

Condor	U/ Ud
Zoning:	(NC) Neighborhood Commercial Sub-Zoning District
Allow uses:	Per NC Sub-Zoning district requirements
Special Features:	ten (10) foot wide paved pathway along the northside of W. Lake Hazel Road.
Section Design: Golden Eagle	This north Neighborhood Commercial center shall be designed per pedestrian friendly guidelines.
Zoning:	(IND) Industrial Sub-Zoning District
Allow uses:	Per IND Sub-Zoning district requirements
Special Features:	This section is located in Airport Influence zone "B" and will be required to comply with all the requirements of the Airport Influence zone "B".

Falcon Valley

The planning area south of West Lake Hazel Road, more specifically shown on the provided maps.

Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential planning areas for Kestrel,
	Lanner Falcon, Peregrine, Red Tailed Falcon, Snowy
	Falcon, Hawk Lake, and parts of Falcon and Greyhawk
	(MR) Medium Density Residential planning areas for parts of
	Falcon and Greyhawk
	(NC) Neighborhood Commercial planning area for Harrier
Airport Influence	
Zones:	(A Zone) planning areas for Hawk Lake, Falcon, Greyhawk,
	Harrier, Kestrel, Lanner Falcon, Peregrine, Red Tailed
	Falcon, and Snowy Falcon
Special Features:	Open space and pathway: New York Canal pathway, South
-	side Lake Hazel Road pathway and Kirsten Coughlin Park and
	Hawk Lake.
	Commercial Neighborhood Center: Harrier Schools:
	Elementary School site Lanner Falcon
Sub-Zones in Falco	n Valley

Hawk Lake
Zoning:(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning DistrictAllow uses:Per Low Sub-Zoning district requirements

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Special Features:	Dual use or lake located in the northern portion of the section. ten (10) foot wide unpaved pathway along the eastside of the New York Canal. ten (10) foot wide paved pathway along the southside of W. Lake Hazel Road. ten (10) foot wide pave pathway from canal pathway to S. Cheyenne Avenue.
Section Design: sidewalks	Pedestrian friendly design through the use of detached
Falcon Zoning: Vill	 (LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District (MR) Medium Density Residential Sub-Zoning District (NC) Neighborhood Commercial planning area for Urban age
Allow uses:	Residential uses per Low and Medium and Neighborhood Commercial Sub-Zoning district requirements
Special Features: Lake Hazel Road	ten (10) foot wide paved pathway along the southside of W. with connections to the south into the commercial and residential uses along W. Lake Hazel Road.
Section Design:	Mixture of Residential, and offices and multi-family uses between W. Falcon Lake Street and W. Lake Hazel Road. Increased use residential housing between W. Falcon Lake Street and W. Mossywood Street. Use of townhouses, row housing and multi-family residential housing along W. Mossywood Street near Kirsten Coughlin Park.
Greyhawk Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District (MR) Medium Density Residential Sub-Zoning District (NC) Neighborhood Commercial Sub-Zoning District for Urban Village
Allow uses:	Residential uses per Low and Medium and Neighborhood Commercial Sub-Zoning district requirements
Special Features:	Ten (10) foot wide paved pathway along the southside of W. Lake Hazel Road with connections to the south into the commercial and residential uses along W. Lake Hazel Road. Encourage Urban Village style commercial and residential uses along both sides of S.Umatilla Ave.

Section Design:	Mixture of commercial, and offices and multi-family uses between W. Falcon Lake Street and W. Lake Hazel Road. Increased use residential housing between W. Falcon Lake Street and W.
Harrier	
Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District (MR) Medium Density Residential Sub-Zoning District
Allow uses:	Residential uses per Low and Medium Sub-Zoning district requirements
Special Features:	Ten (10) foot wide paved pathway along the southside of W. Lake Hazel Road with connections to the south into the residential and commercial uses along W. Lake Hazel Road.
Kestrel	
Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District
Allow uses:	Per Low Sub-Zoning district requirements
Special Features:	Use of townhouses, row housing and multi-family residential housing along S. Umatilla Avenue near Kirsten Coughlin Park
Section Design: sidewalks	Pedestrian friendly design through the use of detached
	reasonable block lengths, no cul-de-sacs
Lannan Falaan	
Lanner Falcon Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District
Allow uses:	Per Low Sub-Zoning district requirements
Special Features:	Kirsten Coughlin Park shall have frontage on S. Umatilla Avenue and W. Mossywood street. Elementary School and City Park both located in Section.
Section Design: sidewalks,	Pedestrian friendly design through the use of detached
	reasonable block lengths, no cul-de-sacs
Peregrine	
Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District
Allow uses:	Per Low Sub-Zoning district requirements

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Section Design:	Pedestrian friendly design through the use of detached
sidewalks,	reasonable block lengths, no cul-
de-sacs.	

Red Tailed Falcon

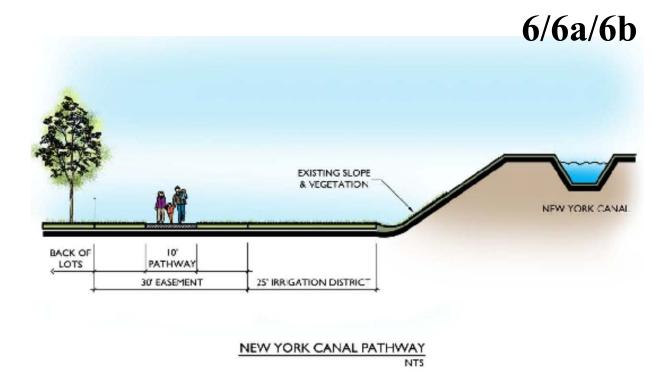
Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District
Allow uses:	Per Low Sub-Zoning district requirements
Section Design: sidewalks	Pedestrian friendly design through the use of detached
	reasonable block lengths, no cul-de-sacs.
Snowy Falcon	
Zoning:	(LR) Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning District
Allow uses:	Per low Sub-Zoning district requirements
Section Design: sidewalks	Pedestrian friendly design through the use of detached
Stat Walle	reasonable block lengths, no cul-de-sacs.

Site Development

The site development of Syringa Valley Specific Plan provides a visually distinctive network of gridded streets and tree lined streets. This overall method of development provides for friendly walking experience for the residents in Syringa Valley and relieves demands on irrigation systems. The overall concept for the site planning is the use of a network of street sidewalks and micro paths to interconnect the Syringa Valley Community, and to encourage reduction in street widths and location of houses close to the street system as ordering elements between structures. Site development is the framework associated with the placement of structures and related improvements throughout the Syringa Valley Specific Plan areas including individual parcels within the specific planning areas.

New York Canal

Development adjacent to the New York Canal should primarily reflect the natural character of this riparian area by the use of native shrubs, trees and grasses. Large expanses of manicured lawn or ornamental planter beds should be avoided. Maintenance may be kept to a minimum to encourage a semi-natural appearance in these areas that provides a transition from the built environment to the riparian environment.



Urban Guide

The Planning Sections of Falcon, Greyhawk, Harrier and Condor are intended to provide an urban core for the entire development. This urban core is to provide a mixture of both commercial and residential uses along West Lake Hazel Road. The Urban Guide exhibit below helps provide a visual concept as to how these uses might logical be implemented. It is not intend to be the only way these Planning Sections might be developed. The following design principles are to be used to help guide the development of these Planning Sections:

OBJECTIVES:

- Locate the more intense uses closer to West Lake Hazel Road and South Orchard Road.
- Where possible orient buildings toward the streets and open spaces.
- Encourage a village type atmosphere along both side of West Falcon Lake Street. Where the uses are of smaller scale buildings close to the street create a village atmosphere.
- Encourage pedestrian friendly environment with the use of sidewalks, pathways, courtyards and plazas to interconnect the buildings.
- Where possible development should connect to the ten (10) foot pathway along West Lake Hazel Road.
- Provision of one or more walkways that directly links the pedestrian entrances of businesses within the retail and office development to the public pathways.

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- Develop a mixture of commercial, service and residential developments that
 6/6a/6b encourages walking.
- Provide opportunity for a wide diversity of housing types that offer a choice between ownership and rental dwelling units and encourage the development of housing for all income groups.
- Concentrate appropriate commercial and office development onto relatively small amounts of land, in close proximity to Lake Hazel Road
- Encourage diverse developments that provide a mix of housing types and products and where possible, an assortment of amenities within walking distance of residential development.

SYRINGA VALLEY Street Standards

All detached sidewalks shall be located in easements. All public street ROW shall extend at less 2' beyond the top BOC

Section A: see Section 3, Conceptual Street and Lot Pattern, 11-22-06C – Map 1

Circulation Street with Parking

• Circulation Street with parking is a 40' right of way with 36' street section and landscape strip and 5' wide detached sidewalk, see Street Circulation Map section.

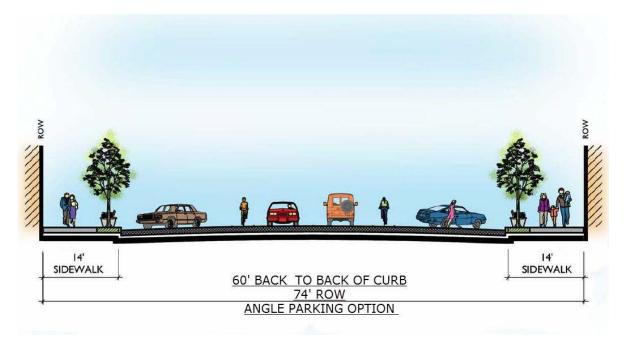


Circulation Street without Parking

'Circulation Street without parking is a 37.-40' right of way with two landscape strip and 5' wide detached sidewalk, see Street Circulation Map



Section C: see Section 3, Conceptual Street and Lot Pattern, 11-22-06C – Map 1



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Local Street Section D: see Section 3, Conceptual Street and Lot Pattern, 11-22-06C – Map 1



KENT BROWN PLANNING SERVICES

November 21, 2015

City of Boise Planning Department 150 N. Capitol Boulevard Boise ID 83701-0500

RE: Preliminary plat Kirsten Subdivision

Gentlemen:

Respectfully request the City of Boise approval of the preliminary plat for Kirsten Subdivision, which is located at northeast corner of future W. Lake Hazel Road and S. Cole Road. Kirsten Subdivision is portion of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan, being 100.9 acres of the overall 601 acres development.

Kirsten Subdivision complies with both the City of Boise's Comprehensive Plan and Syringa Valley Specific Plan, Kirsten Subdivision has a vary of residential lot types and sizes. The design promotes pedestrian friendly environment where residents are connected with each other by a series of north – south and east – west pathways that use detached sidewalks, trails and micro paths to travel through the neighborhood. These interconnections are also supported by the design of the subdivision with shorter block lengths and no cal-da-sacs. The subdivision has an overall density of 4.48 units per acre, with 412 single family residential lots and 20 common lots and 10 with multi-family lots or 40 units.

Kirsten Subdivision is also located in Airport Influence Area "A", and is allowed to have residential uses. We are working with utility companies to bring services to the site. United Water and Boise City are planning to construction water and sewer extensions in this area. We are also working with the New York Irrigation District another other irrigation districts to provide pressure irrigation to the development. As a backup plan we are working on an agreement with United Water to drill a well for irrigation water.

SUMMARY:

Total number of lots452Total number of single family lots412Total number of multi-family lots10Total number of common area lots20Zoning : LR Low Density Residential Sub-Zoning DistrictIf there are any questions please feel free to call me.

Sincerely,

Kent Brown, Planner

KENT BROWN PLANNING SERVICES

August 20, 2015

City of Boise Planning Department 150 N. Capitol Boulevard Boise ID 83701-0500

RE: Comprehensive Plan Amendment

Gentlemen:

SEP 28 2015 PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

SERVICES

Respectfully request the City of Boise approval of a Text Amendment to the Comprehensive Plan for Southwest Boise's Section SW-CCN 2.5.

States:

"Apply the following considerations to the area north of the Lake Hazel Road extension: (a) Limit residential uses to the approximately 65 acres located in the northwest corner of the development.

(b) Gross density in this residential area should not exceed three units per acre."

SW-CCN 2.5 describes an area located near the northeast corner of future W. Lake Hazel Road and S. Cole Road. The area described is also a part of Southwest Boise's, Reserve Planned Community now being called Syringa Valley and is in the preliminary plat for Kirsten Subdivision.

Section SW-CCN 2.5 Goal requests that the sixty-five acres near S. Cole Road be limited to residential density to three units per acre. This limitation comes from concern that this area might have been affected by noise from the airport.

The area being sixty-five acres comes from an earlier design for the Reserve Planned Community in which there was about sixty-five acres near Cole Road. Currently that area has increased to over 100 acres, due to request from the City's Planning Department moved the extension of Lake Hazel Road to the south. Now this area includes portions of Reserve Planned Community that was required to have six units per acre on it.

The Airport has told us of a Sound Study Report they recently received that allows not to have any concern about any of the any in Reserve Planning Community in Airport Influence Area "A", which includes the area near S. Cole Road. We could there request the Comprehensive Plan Text Amendment just remove those restriction to limit the residential housing density to three units per acre.

However, we feel the residents in that the surrounding area had some expectation that the density be limited to three units per acre. So we request that SW-CCN 2.5 read as follows:



"SW-CCN 2.5 Apply the following considerations to the area north of the Lake Hazel Road extension: (a) Limit residential uses to the approximately 21 acres located in the northwest corner of the development. (b) Gross density in this residential area should not exceed three units per acre."

If there are any questions please feel free to call me.

Sincerely,

Kent Brown, Planner



SEP 28 2015

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

CPA 1 5 - 0 0 0 0 8

Chapter 11-013-03

6/6a/6b

SYRINGA VALLEY SPECIFIC PLAN ZONING ORDINANCE

Sections:

11-013-03 SYRINGA VALLEY SPECIFIC PLAN ZONING **ORDINANCE 11-013-03-01 APPLICABILITY OF ORDINANCE 11-013-03-02 INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICTS** 11-013-03-02.1 Districts Established 11-013-03-02.2 District and Sub-District Boundaries 11-013-03-03 CONFORMITY REQUIRED 11-013-03-03.1 General 11-013-03-03.2 (LR) Sub-District 11-013-03-03.3 (MR) Sub-District 11-013-03-03.4 (NC) Sub-District 11-013-03-03.5 (IND) Sub-District 11-013-03-03.6 Residential District Standards 11-013.03-03.7 Uses Not Listed 11-013-03-03.8 Lot and Structure Dimensions 11-013-03-03.10 **Property Development Standards** 11-013-03-04 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING **REQUIREMENTS 11-013-03-05 DESIGN REVIEW** 11-013-03-05.1 General 11-013-03-05.2 Procedure for Design Review **11-013-03-06 ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS** 11-013-03-06.1 Plat Approval Criteria 11-013-03-06.2 Annexation into Syringa Valley Specific Plan District 11-013-03-06.3 Amendments 11-013-03-06.4 Exceptions 11-013-03-06.5 Periodic Review **11-013-03-07 DEFINITIONS**

RECEIVED

SEP 28 2015

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

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11-013-03-01. APPLICABILITY OF ORDINANCE

This Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance applies to all property designated on the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Map (attached as Exhibit A) and the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Land Use Sub-Districts Map (attached as Exhibit B) in lieu of the Zoning Classifications chapter of the Boise City Zoning Ordinance (currently Chapter 11-044), except where noted herein. All remaining chapters of the Boise City Code shall apply, except where noted herein. If any provision of this Ordinance conflicts with any provision of the Boise City Zoning Ordinance, this Ordinance shall control.

11-013-03-02. INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICTS

1. Districts Established

- A. The Syringa Valley Specific Plan District is hereby established.
- B. The following Sub-Districts are established within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District:
 - (1) (LR) Low-density Residential
 - (2) (MR) Medium-density Residential
 - (3) (NC) Neighborhood Commercial Residential
 - (4) (IND) Industrial

2. District and Sub-District Boundaries

- A. The location and boundaries of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District are shown on the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Map (attached as Exhibit A). The location and boundaries of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Sub-Districts established are shown on the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Land Use Sub-Districts Map (attached as Exhibit B). Where any uncertainty exists as to the boundary of any such district, the following rules shall apply:
 - (1) Where any such boundary line is indicated as following a street, alley or public way, it shall be construed as following the centerline thereof.
 - (2) Where a boundary line is indicated as approximately following a lot line, such lot line shall be construed to be such boundary line.
 - (3) Where a boundary line divides a lot or crosses unsubdivided property, the location of such boundary shall be as indicated upon the Syringa Valley Zoning Map.

11-013-03-03 CONFORMITY REQUIRED

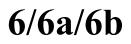


6/6a/6b

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Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

1. General



Except as otherwise provided herein, all land, buildings and premises in any district or sub-district shall be used only in accordance with the regulations established by this ordinance for that district. No property shall be allowed to maintain an attractive or public nuisance, as defined by the Boise City Code and/or state code, at any time.

2. (LR) Sub-District

The purpose of the LR Sub-District is to provide for the development of diverse urban housing products at a net density ranging from (2) to six (6) units per acre. Overall gross density cannot exceed six (6) units per acre. This area may include a variety of lot sizes. A variety of housing types may be included within a development, including attached units (townhouses, duplexes), detached units (patio homes), single-family and multi-family units, regardless of the district classification of the site, provided that the overall gross density does not exceed six (6) units per acres. Accessory dwelling units and uses are also allowed, along with community uses such as parks, community centers and recreational facilities.

The following provides a list of allowed uses within the LR Sub-District and the corresponding level of review:

Allowed

- Accessory structures to single family dwellings
- One single family dwelling per lot
- One duplex unit per lot
- o Bus Shelter

Allowed with Design Review

- Row House / Townhouse
- o Multi-family near or on any Circulation roadways
- Home occupation
- o Accessory dwelling unit
- o Professional offices near on any Circulation roadways
- In-home child care facility up to 5 children
- o Church
- School (public, private or parochial)
- Religious Institution
- Funeral Home
- Off-site parking lot
- Apartments or Multiple family dwellings from 3-14 units
- \circ In-home child care facility for 6-12 children
- Child care facility for 13 or more children
- Swimming Lessons Private Pool
- o Golf course/Parks/Recreation
- Government building, non-industrial

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance



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o Commercial swimming pools or social centers

3. (MR) Sub-District

The purpose of the MR Sub-District is to (a) accommodate medium density residential uses at a net density of four (4) to eighteen (18) units per acre; (b) provide an orderly transition from more intensive, higher density uses to less intensive, lower density uses; and (c) allow limited cottages and quasi- residential uses, including senior housing and care facilities. The MR Sub-District includes flexibility in lot sizes and restrictions, and anticipates residential uses ranging from row houses and townhouses to condominiums and multi-story apartments. A range of civic and recreational facilities is allowed, along with office, medical and personal service commercial uses that are ancillary to senior housing and care facilities.

The following provides a list of allowed uses in the MR Sub-District and the corresponding level of review required for each:

Allowed

- One single family dwelling per lot
- One duplex unit per lot
- o Bus Shelter
- Subdivision Office Temporary

Allowed with Design Review

- Row House/Townhouse
- Assisted Living Apartment
- o Bank, including drive-in
- o Office Business, Professional, Medical
- Multiple family dwellings
- Police Station
- o Car Wash
- o Church
- Religious Institution
- School (public, private or parochial)
- o Restaurant, Café, Coffee Shop, including drive-in
- o Skilled Nursing Care Facility
- Personal Service Store (dry cleaning, laundromat, barber shop, etc.)
- Small scale commercial
- o Convalescent home
- o Health Club Facility
- o Funeral Home
- Tavern/Lounge
- Hospital/Clinic
- Swimming Lessons Private Pool



6/6a/6h

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Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

- Service station
- o Restaurant, drive-in

4. (NC) Sub-District

The purpose of the NC Sub-District is to accommodate medium density residential uses, business and professional office uses, and complementary commercial uses such as hotels, restaurants, and theaters, together with necessary off-street parking facilities. Large office buildings are allowed in this area, along with retail, shopping, service, lodging, and civic uses. The NC Sub-District will emphasize high quality design, pedestrian orientation, and flexible development standards.

The following provides a list of allowed uses in the NC Sub-District and the corresponding level of review required for each:

Allowed

- Adult Day Care
- Single Family dwelling
- One duplex dwelling per lot
- Condominiums
- Animal Grooming
- o Financial Institution
- Auto-Emission Test Site
- o Dental office
- Doctor's office
- o Office
- Photography Studio
- o Bus Shelter
- School of Art/Music/Business/Secretarial
- Laundry (self-service)
- Outdoor Recreation Facility
- Police Station
- Single family and duplex dwellings

Allowed with Design Review

- Child care facility of 6-20 children
- o Multi-family Dwellings
- o Car Wash
- Hotel (no room limit)
- Residence for owner or caretaker
- Personal Service Store (dry cleaning, Laundromat, barber shop, etc.)
- Building Materials Supply
- Outdoor Recreation Facility
- o Indoor Recreation Bowling Alley, Skating Rink, Arcade
- o Church

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance



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PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

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6/6a/6b

- o Health Club Facility
- o Clubs, Lodges, Social Halls
- o Restaurant, Café, Coffee Shop
- o Repair Shop
- Pharmacy/Optician
- Multiple family dwellings
- Retail store (Design Review approval required)
- Parking Lot/garages/structure
- o Bank with drive-up
- o Schools
- o Religious Institution
- Restaurant, with drive-in, including drive-in
- Shopping Center, Convenience Commercial, Neighborhood Commercial or Community Commercial
- o Laundry
- Printing & Publishing Associated Reproductions
- Laboratory Medical/Dental
- School (public, private or parochial)
- o Office (Business, Professional, Medical)
- Seed & Garden supply
- o Retail store
- Funeral Home
- o Mini-Storage
- Nursery (retail or greenhouse)
- Service station
- Health Care Facilities
- Convalescent & Nursing Home
- Hospital
- o Grocery
- Fire Station
- Tavern/lounge

5. (IND) Sub-District

The purpose of the IND Sub-District is to provide for convenient employment centers of manufacturing, research and development, warehousing, and distributing. The IND Sub-District is intended to encourage the development of industrial uses that are clean, quiet and free of hazardous or objectionable elements and that are operated, entirely, or almost entirely, within enclosed structures. The following provides a list of allowed uses and the corresponding level of review required for each.

Allowed

- o Hospital- Large Animal or Small Animal
- o Auction Establishment

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance



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- Automotive Uses
- Service Station
- Vehicle Repair
- Blacksmith Shop
- o Building Materials Supply & Garden supplies
- o Bus Shelter
- o Carwash
- o Contractor Shop or yard
- o Laboratory
- Laundry
- o Outdoor Recreation Facility
- o Health Club Facility
- Public Utility Facility Major
- Wholesale Business
- Printing, Publishing
- o Parking Lot
- o Urban Farming
- o Warehouse

Allowed with Design Review

- Composing Facility
- Residence for owner or caretaker
- o Mini-Storage
- o Light Industrial Facility
- o Bottling & Distribution Plant
- Wireless Communication Facility, Micro-Cell or Visually Unobtrusive/Attached



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PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT

SERVICES

6. Residential District Standards

The following standards apply to the LR Sub-District and the MR Sub-District

- A. Minimum Property Size:
 - 1. Each property shall be of sufficient size to meet the minimum setbacks as established in this section.
 - 2. Minimum property size shall be determined exclusive of land that is used for the conveyance of irrigation water and drainage, unless: a) the water is conveyed through pipe or tile; and b) included as part of a utility easement that generally runs along the property lines.
 - 3. When two (2) or more parcels of land, each of which is of inadequate area and dimension to qualify for a permitted use under the

82 of 270

6/6a/6b

requirements of the district in which the parcels are located, are held in one ownership, they may be used as one property for such use.

- B. Minimum Street Frontage:
 - 1. Properties with street frontages on curve or at approximately a ninety degree (90°) angle shall be a minimum of thirty feet (30') measured as a chord measurement.
 - 2. Street frontage for two (2) properties sharing a common drive shall be a minimum of fifteen feet (15') for each property.
 - 3. Street frontage for flag properties that do not share a common drive shall be a minimum of thirty feet (30').

7. Uses Not Listed

Uses that are not listed are prohibited, and may be allowed only upon a determination by the Planning Director that such uses are similar or compatible in nature to the allowed uses. Any affected person may appeal such a determination of the Planning Director to the Planning and Zoning Commission within ten (10) calendar days following the date the decision is mailed. The appeal shall be conducted according to Section 11-03-04.12(9) of the Boise City Code.

8. Lot and Structure Dimensions

The following table sets forth the lot, yard, density and structure height requirements for uses within each Sub-District.

ed Atta	18 tached I	Detached	18	0
ed Atta		Detached		
	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	<u> </u>
			0	0
	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0
		0		

TABLE 11-13-03-03.8

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Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

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d. MIN. STREET FRONTAGE		1			6/6a/6b
(flag lot)	10/20*	0	0	0	0
e. MIN. BUILDING SETBACKS (lineal ft)					
Front Yard & Side Yard Abutting Public St.**	10***	5***	5***	0	0
Abutting public park	5	5	5	5	30
Garage door	18	18	5	0	0
Rear Yard	5	0	15	0	0
Side Yard – Interior	10	10	10	0	0
f. MIN. PARKING LOT/SERVICE DR SETBACKS (lineal ft)					
Front Yard & Side Yard – Adj. to St.	15		7	7	7
Rear Yard & Side Yard – Interior	5		5	5	5
g. MAX. FLOOR AREA RATIO	<mark>0</mark>		0	<mark>0</mark>	<u>0</u>
h. MIN. LOT AREA PER UNIT (square ft)	Q		0	Ō	<u>0</u>
i. MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT (ft)	35	4	15	55	55

10' allowed with shared access easement agreement.

Measured from back of sidewalk. ***

20' setback required for garages accessed from back of sidewalk.

**** 5' setback allowed on corner lots with garages accessed from the side yard street (see Exhibit C)

10. **Property Development Standards**

Except as follows, the Property Development Standards for the Sub-Districts shall be the same as those set forth in the Boise City Couc at Section uses and Section 11-04-04 and 11-04-05 for office and commercial uses. the same as those set forth in the Boise City Code at Section 11-04-03 for residential



Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

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- A. For attached single-family units, the minimum frontage requirement in **6/6a/6b** Section 11-04-04.03 is reduced to 18 feet.
- B. For lots with 0' frontage on a public right-of-way, drive aisles will provide access to the public street with perpetual ingress/egress or cross access easements recorded against the property. An owner's association or other agreed upon arrangement among the affected property owners will maintain the drive aisles in accordance with a recorded declaration or other agreements. The Ada County Highway District must approve installation of any required street signs. Buildings will be addressed to the public street from which the drive aisles extend. Addresses will be clearly delineated with appropriate monuments or signs.

11-013-03-04 OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS

In the LR, MR and NC Sub-Districts, off-street parking and loading facilities shall be provided in accordance with the Off-Street Parking and Loading requirements in the Boise City Code (currently Chapter 11-10), as amended, except as noted herein. In the NC District, off-street parking and loading facilities shall be provided in accordance with the Pedestrian Commercial Zoning District parking requirements in the Boise City Code (currently in Chapter 11-17-09), except as noted herein. In lieu of the off-street parking ratio requirements in the Boise City Zoning Ordinance (currently in Section 11-10-06, Table 12 and in Section 11-17-09), non-residential uses in the MR and NC Sub-Districts must meet an overall parking density of 3.5 per 1000 square feet.

11-013-03-05. DESIGN REVIEW



SEP 2 8 2015

1. General

- PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
- A. Applicability. Any of the uses listed as requiring Design Review, and any ICES visible exterior improvements to a site, building or structure for any such use (including new facilities, remodeling, rehabilitation projects and expansion projects) within the Syringa Valley District shall require submittal of a Design Review application and fee in accordance with Section 11-03-04.12 of the Boise City Code, except where expressly modified herein.
- B. <u>Application Content</u>. Any application to the City shall comply with Section 11-03-04.12 of the Boise City Code.
- C. <u>Level of Review</u>. The Planning Director shall determine whether an application shall be processed at the administrative level or by the Design Review Committee ("Committee") level; provided, however, all applications for projects that have less than 5,000 square feet of gross building area and less than 20,000 square feet of site improvements shall be administratively reviewed by the Planning Director.
- D. <u>Review and Findings</u>. The Planning Director or Committee, as appropriate, shall review the application to determine whether the proposed application complies with the design review objectives, considerations and guidelines set

6/6a/6b forth in Sections 11-07-02 through 11-07-06 of the Boise City Code and design criteria for the Syringa Valley District as set forth in the Syringa Valley Specific Plan. In the event of a conflict between such sections of the Boise City Code and design standards set forth in the Syringa Valley Specific Plan, the provisions of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan shall govern. Upon making such determination, the Planning Director or Committee shall issue its findings of fact, conclusions of law and conditions of approval. Any action of the Planning Director or the Committee may be appealed pursuant to Section 11-03-03.9 of the Boise City Code.

2. **Procedure for Design Review**

The following procedures shall apply to any action that requires design review under the Syringa Valley Specific Plan.

(1) **Step 1: Pre-Application Meeting**

Required for all Design Review applications. The pre-application meeting shall occur in accordance with Section 11-03-03.1 of the Boise City Code.

(2)**Step 2: Application Submittal**

The applicant shall submit to the Planning Director an application pursuant to Section 11-03-03.3 of the Boise City Code and this Section.

(3) **Step 3: Complete Application**

Incomplete applications will not be scheduled for review.

(4)**Step 5: Application Processing**

The Director shall:

- Determine whether the application shall be processed at the (a) administrative level or by the Design Review Committee; RECEIV
- (b) Refer the application to other agencies; and
- (c) Prepare a report with findings and a decision.

(6) **Step 6: Hearing**

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

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The Hearing Examiner or the PZC shall make final decision pursuant to Section 11-07 of the Boise City Code and this Section.

11-013-03-06. **ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS**

Recommendation

1. Plat Approval Criteria.

(a)

Development within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District shall be subject to the subdivision and other related provisions of the Boise City Code, except that a neighborhood meeting and hearing shall not be required unless the plat proposes more than 240 dwelling units. Additionally, the City Council must find that each preliminary plat proposed and/or amended within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan

District substantially conforms to the adopted Syringa Valley Specific Plan and complies with all applicable provisions of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance. Plats that propose more than 240 dwelling units must still proceed through the normal hearing process with review by the Planning and Zoning Commission and City Council.

2. Annexation into Syringa Valley Specific Plan District.

Any property owner or authorized representative may seek to reclassify their property for inclusion within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District pursuant to Chapter 11, Title 13 of the Boise City Code.

3. Amendments.

Any property owner within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District may seek to amend the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance or the Syringa Valley Specific Plan pursuant to the Boise City Code provisions for zoning amendments.

4. Exceptions.

- A. The Planning Director may grant exceptions to any setback, frontage, parking or height restriction up to twenty percent (20%) of the applicable limit and may grant exceptions to any use restrictions on a case by case basis.
- B. The Planning and Zoning Commission may grant exceptions to any setback, frontage, parking or height restriction greater than twenty percent (20%) of the applicable limit.
- C. Any approval pursuant to this section shall be supported by each of the following findings:
 - (1) The exception is consistent with the Syringa Valley Specific Plan; and
 - (2) The exception is justified based on unique circumstances of the proposed use or exceptional design features or the shape of the land.
 - (3) The exception would not cause undue adverse impacts on any other property.
 - (4) For any approval pursuant to subparagraph b, the exception meets the general conditional use criteria in the Boise City Zoning Ordinance.
- D. Applications pursuant to this section shall include such information as the Planning Director determines is necessary to make the findings in subparagraph C. Applications shall be processed in accordance with the procedures established in the Syringa Valley Specific Plan for Design Review.
- E. The decision on any requested exception may be appealed pursuant to Section 11-03-03.9 of the Boise City Code.

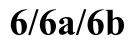


Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

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PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

5. Periodic Review.



The Planning Director may perform a review of the implementation of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan not more frequently than every one (1) year after approval of first final plat. The review may address any matters the Planning Director deems appropriate regarding the progress of the development. Any modification of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance may only occur after review by the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Applicant and the Planning Director and in compliance with the applicable Boise City Code sections for zoning amendments and Idaho Code Section 67-6511(d).

11-013-03-07. DEFINITIONS

The following definitions, as well as definitions in Boise City Code, apply to this Ordinance. If any conflict exists, the following definitions control.

- 1. <u>Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance</u>. Section 11-13-03 of the Boise City Code or successor section specifically setting forth zoning regulations for the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District.
- 2. <u>Syringa Valley Specific Plan</u>. The Specific Plan adopted for the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District by the City of Boise on_____, as maintained in the official records of the City, including subsequent modifications.
- 3. <u>Syringa Valley Specific Plan Applicant</u>. Pleasant Valley LLC, or successor entities.
- 4. <u>Syringa Valley Specific Plan District</u>. The area designated as the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Districts zone or successor designation on the City of Boise's zoning map and as shown on the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Map (attached as Exhibit A).
- 5. <u>Boise City Zoning Ordinance</u>. The zoning regulations contained in Title 11 of the Boise City Code, or successor regulations.
- 6. <u>Boise City Code</u>. The code of the City of Boise. If the Boise City Code is amended, any reference to the Boise City Code in this Ordinance shall be deemed to refer to the applicable amended provision.



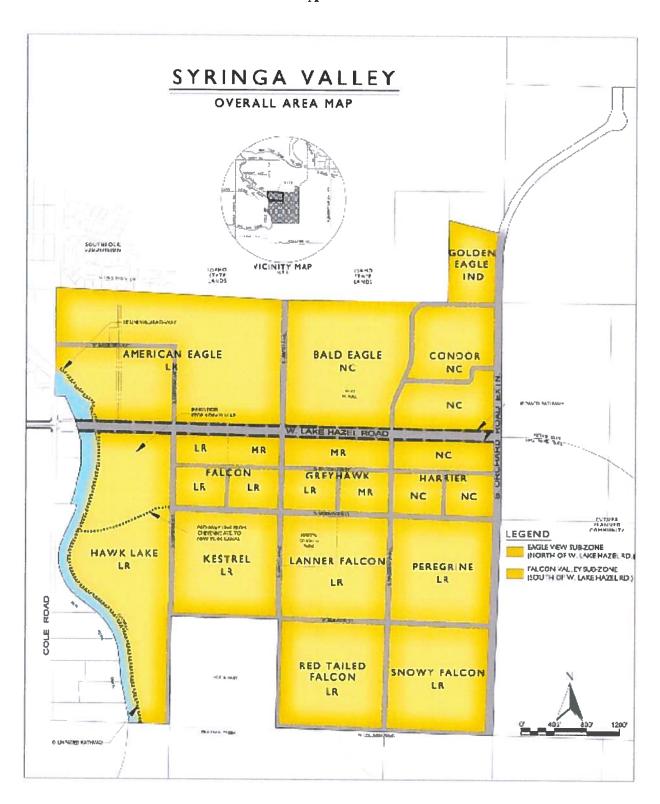
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Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

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Exhibit A

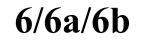


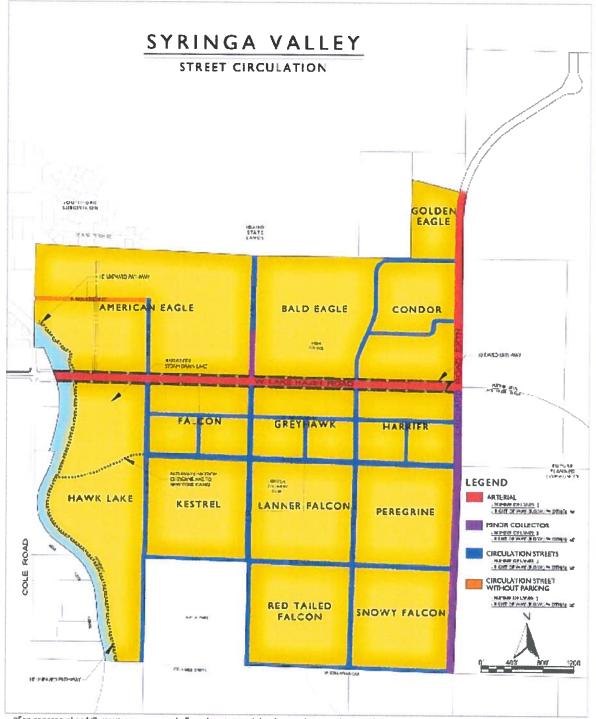


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Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

Exhibit B





ofer conceptual and illustrative purposes only. Exact locations and details are subject to change and shall be determined at time of the applicable final plac.



SEP 2 8 2015

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

Syringa Valley Specific Plan - Ordinance

Department Application

Case #: CAR 15 -00029

5

#

Annexation & Rezone Application Form

New! Type data directly into our forms.

Note: Be sure to print this form before closing it or you will lose your data. This form cannot be saved to your computer.

Property Information		<u> </u>	
Address : Street Number: 6298	Prefix: South 51	reet Name: COLE ROAD	
Subdivision:	Block: Lot:	Section: 06 Townsh	ip: <u>2N</u> Range: <u>2E</u>
*Primary Parcel Number: 5 1 5 0 6 2 1 2 4			
Applicant Information			
*First Name: LARRY	*Last Name: HELLHA	\KE	······································
Company: PLEASANT VALLEY SOUTH LLC		* Phone: (208)	867-4246
*Address: 3837 HOLL DRIVE	*City: EAGLE	*State: ID	* Zip: 83616
E-mail:LJHRES@MSN.COM	Cell:	Fax :	
Agent/Representative Information		- 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1.0 - 1	
First Name: KENT	Last Name: BROWN	energen an ale för plantalarisation av en en förstage folger fra en i dör de ekkenter i som	
Company: KENT BROWN PLANNING SERVICES		Phone: (208) 871-6842
Address: 3161 E SPRINGWOOD DRIVE	City: MERIDIAN	State: ID	Zip: 83642
E-mail:KENTLKB@GMAIL.COM	Cell:	Fax :	
Role Type:	C Engineer C	Contractor (Othe	P.F.
Owner Information			
Same as Applicant? (Yes (No (If yes, le			
First Name:	Last Name:		
Company:			
Address:	City:	State:	Zip:
E-mail:	Cell:	Fax :	ann allalaith a fair fall fall a fair a fair a fair a fair fair a fair a fair fair
Date Received:SEP 2 8 2015		WWW.Cとりの ty of Boise Planning & D O. Box 500 - 150 N. Capitol Blv none 208/354/3830 - Fax:208/433	d • Boise, Idaho 83201-0500
PLANNING & DEVELOPM SERVICES	IENT 91 of 270	CAR 15-0	0029

91 of 270

Annexation & Rezone Application (2	2)
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1. Neighborhood Meeting Held (Date): AUGUST 12, 2015

2. Neighborhood Association: SOUTHWEST ADA COUNTY ALLIANCE INC

3. Comprehensive Planning Area: SOUTHWEST

4. This application is a request to construct, add or change the use of the property as follows: WE ARE REQUESTING SPECIFIC PLAN APPROVAL OF THIS CITY PLANNED COMMUNITY AREA IN SOUTHWEST BOISE RESERVE.

EIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL
osed use?
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PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT
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Annexation & Rezone Application (3)

12. Adjacent	Property	Information
--------------	----------	-------------

	Uses:	Zone:
North:	RESIDENTIAL	R-4
South:	VACANT	RR
East:	VACANT	RP
West:	RESIDENTIAL	R1

13. Why are you requesting annexation into the City of Boise?

AS APART OF THE CAR13-00017'S APPROVAL THE CITY COUNCIL REQUESTED THAT WE COME BACK WITH A MASTER PLAN FOR THE

AREA/

14. What use, building or structure is intended for the property?

MIXTURE OF RESIDENTIAL AND NEIGHBORHOOD COMMERCIAL WITH SCHOOL AND PARKS AND TRAILS

15. What changes have occurred in the area that justify the requested rezone?

WE NEED THE SPECIFIC PLAN APPROVED TO IMPLEMENT THE COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FOR THE LAKE HAZEL ROAD EXTENSION AREA

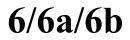
(RESERVE)



SEP 28 2015

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

CAR 15-00029



Annexation & Rezone Application (4)

16. What Comprehensive Plan policies support your request? SW-CCN- 2-1-10 FOR THE LAKE HAZEL ROAD EXTENSION (RESERVE)

Applicant/Representative Signature



5-15 Date RECEIVE

SEP 28 2015

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

CAR **15-0**0029 94 of 270

Department Application

DS

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Case #: CPA 15-00008

Comprehensive Plan Amendment Application

SERVICES

New! Type data directly into our forms.

Note: Be sure to print this form before closing it or you will lose your data. This form cannot be saved to your computer.

Property Information

	And and a second s	
Address : Street Number: 6298	Prefix: South Street Na	me: COLE ROAD
Subdivision:	Block: Lot: Section	on: 06 Township: 2N Range: 2E
*Primary Parcel Number: S 1 5 0 6 2 1 2 4		
Applicant Information		
*First Name: LARRY	*Last Name: HELLHAKE	
Company: PLEASANT VALLEY SOUTH LLC		*Phone: (208) 867-4246
*Address: 3837 HOLL DR	*City: EAGLE	*State: ID *Zip:83616
E-mail:UHRES@MSN.COM	Cell:	Fax :
Agent/Representative Information		
First Name: KENT	Last Name: BROWN	
Company: KENT BROWN PLANNING SERVICES		Phone: (208) 871-6842
Address: 3161 E SPRINGWOOD DR	City: MERIDIAN	State: ID Zip: 83642
E-mail:KENTLKB@GMAIL.COM	Celi:	Fax :
Role Type: C Architect C Land Developer	C Engineer C Contracto	or C Other
Owner Information		
Same as Applicant? (Yes (No (If yes, leave	e this section blank)	
First Name:	Last Name:	
Company:		Phone:
Address:	_ City:	State: Zip:
E-mail:	Cell:	Fax :
	City of Boise	Planning & Development Services 150 N. Capitol Blvd • Boise, Idaho 83701-0500 /3830 • Fax 208/433-5688 • TDD/TTY 800/377-3529
SEP 28 2015	CPA 1 5 - 0 0 0 0	
PLANNING & DEVELOPMEN	T 95 of 270	

	Cor	mprenensive Plan Am	endment Application (2
1. Neighborhood Meeting Held (Date): AUG	UST 12, 2015		
2. Neighborhood Association: Southwest Ada	County Alliance, Inc		
3. Comprehensive Planning Area: SOUTHWE	ST		
4. Request is to Amend the following: 🕞	Text C Land	Use Map	
5. Current Land Use Map designation:	PLANNED CO		
6. Proposed Land Use Map designation:	PLANNED CO		
7. Size of property: 601.32	Acres	○ Square Feet	
B. Existing uses and structures on the prop SITE CURRENTLY IS VACANT IN THE AREA REQUESTING (erty are as follow	NS:	

9. Adjacent Property Information

	Uses:	Zone:
North:	RESIDENTIAL	R-4
South:	VACANT	RR
East:	VACANT	RP
West:	RESIDENTIAL	R1

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PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

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Comprehensive Plan Amendment Application (3)

10. Section of Comprehensive Plan you are proposing to amend:

SOUTHWEST SW-CCN 2.5: LAKE HAZEL ROAD EXTENSION (AREA TO NORTH)

APPLY THE FOLLOWING CONSIDERATIONS TO THE AREA NORTH OF THE LAKE HAZEL ROAD EXTENSION:

a. LIMITED RESIDENTIAL USES TO THE APPROXIMATLEY 65 ACRES LOCATED IN THE NORTH WEST CORNER OF THE DEVELOPMENT.

b. GROSS DENSITY IN THIS RESIDENTIAL AREA SHOULD NOT EXCEED THREE UNITS PER ACRE.

11. Proposed text changes:

SOUTHWEST SW-CCN 2.5: LAKE HAZEL ROAD EXTENSION (AREA TO NORTH)

APPLY THE FOLLOWING CONSIDERATIONS TO THE AREA NORTH OF THE LAKE HAZEL ROAD EXTENSION:

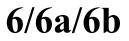
a. LIMITED RESIDENTIAL USES TO THE APPROXIMATLEY 21 ACRES LOCATED IN THE NORTH WEST CORNER OF THE DEVELOPMENT.

DIE(tF

SEP 28 2015

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PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES



Comprehensive Plan Amendment Application (4)

12. Narrative describing justification for change:

THE AREA THAT ORIGINAL EMCOMPASSED IN THE 65 ACRES HAS NOW CHANGED TO 100ACRES DUE TO THE SOUTHERN MOVEMENT

OF THE LOCATION OF LAKE HAZEL ROAD.

THE CITY HAS COMPLETED A SOUND STUDY FOR THE AIRPORT AND FIND THAT THERE IS NOT THE CONCERN OVER HOUSING IN THIS

AREA, THEY ONCE THOUGHT THERE MIGHT BE.

13. Comprehensive Plan policies that support your request:

THE SOUTHWEST BOISE PLAN FOR THIS PLANNED COMMUNITY IN LAKE HAZEL ROAD EXTENSION RESERVE WAS FOR SIX UNITS

PER ACRE.

Applicant/Representative Signature

Print Form

Date ECEN 2

SEP 28 2015

CPA 1 5 - 0 0 0 0 8 98 of 270

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#201 Subdivision

Property Information

Case #: SUB15-00055

6/6a/6b

Address						
Street Number:	Prefix:	Street Nan	ne:			Unit #:
6298	S	COLE ROA				
Subdivision name:	Block:	Lot:	Section:	Township:	Range:	Zoning:
GOVT LOTS 03 & 04			31	3	2	A-2
Parcel Number:	Addition	al Parcel Nu	mbers:			
S1506212450	S15062	and the second				
Primary Contact						
Who is responsible for receivir	ng e-mail, upl Dapplicant	oading files	s and commun	icating with B	oise City?	
Agent/Representative	Applicant	Owner				
Applicant Information						
First Name:	Last Name			_		
LARRY	HELLHAK	E				
Company: PLEASANT VALLEY SOUTH LLC						
Address:	City:			State:		Zip:
3837 HOLL DR	EAGLE			ID	~	83616
E-mail:	Phone Nu	mber:		Cell:		Fax:
L]HRES@MSN.COM	(208) 863	7-4246				
First Name:	and Developer		ingineer C	Contractor	Other	
KENT	BROWN					
Company:						
KENT BROWN PLANNING SERVICE	:5					
Address:	City:			State:		Zip:
3161 E SPRINGWOOD DR	MERIDIA	N		ID	~	83642
E-mail:	Phone Nu			Cell:		Fax:
KENTLKB@GMAIL.COM	(208) 873	1-6842				
Owner Information						
Same as Applicant? ONO	(If)	ves, leave th	is section blank)			
Final Manage						
First Name:	Last Name					
Company:						
				State:		Zip:
Company:	Last Name			State:	~	Zip:
Company:	Last Name	2:				Zip: Fax:

Preliminary	Final	OPrelimina	ry/Final				6/6a/
2. Proposed Subdivision/Con	ndominium M	lame:					
KIRSTEN SUBDIVISION							
Note: Must be approved	by the Ada	a County Survey	vor.				
3. Cross Reference Files:							
Please list all previously a	approved or	r currently asso	ciated file(s):				
CAR13-00017							
4. Subdivision/Condominium	Features:						
Number of buildable lots	/units:	453		Buildable lots/uni	ts per acre:	4.7	
Number of common lots,	/units:	41		Zoning Classificat	ion:	LR	
Total acres in subdivision	n:	100.9				.0	
5. Building Program:							
Number of Existing Build	lings: 0		Numb	er of Existing Build	ings to Remain:	0	
Type of Existing Building	js: C	Residential	Commercial	OIndustrial	OMixed Use	•*	
If Residential Wh	at Type?	Single Family	Townhou	se Duplex	Multi-Family	,	
Type of Proposed Buildir	ngs: 🔘	Residential	Commercial		OMixed Use	•	
If Residential Wh	at Type? 🛛	Single Family	Townhou	se Duplex	Multi-Family	,	
6. Waivers or Modifications:							
Are any waivers/modifica Subdivision Ordinance?	ations being	requested from	n the	Oves No			
If yes, please include a d An additional waiver/mod				me of submittal.			
7. Private Streets:							
Are private streets	res 🔘	No					

proposed?

If yes, please provide justification in the letter of explanation. An additional private street review fee must be paid at the time of submittal.

8. Public Streets:			6/6a/6b
Number of new public streets proposed:	17		0/04/00
9. Floodways & Hillsides:			
Is any portion of this property located in a Floodway or a 100- year Floodplain?		Ves	No
Does any portion of this	parcel have slopes in excess of 15%?	Oyes	No
Note: If the answer to application and addition		equired to s	ubmit an additional #112 Floodplain and/or #114 Hillside
11. Airport Influence Area:			
Is the subject site loca	ted within the Airport Influence Area? (1	If yes, pleas	se mark <mark>whic</mark> h area.)

No OArea A

Agent/Representative Signature:

Date:

OArea B

OArea B1

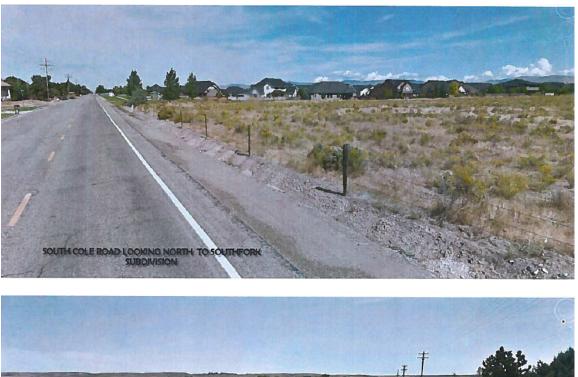
The undersigned declares that the above provided information is true and accurate.

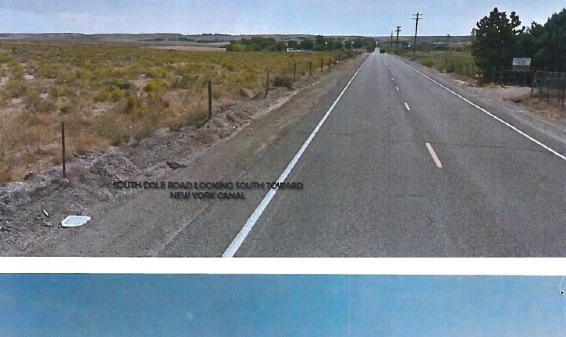
OArea C

revocation of the permit where wrongfully issued and subject the undersigned any applicable civil and/or criminal penalties.

The undersigned acknowledges that failure to provide true and accurate information may result in rejection of this application, possible

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The amendment is necessary to address changes in conditions within the community that have occurred since the Boise City Comprehensive Plan was adopted or is necessary to correct one or more goal, objective, or policy that exist in the plan. In 2015 the Boise Airport conducted an update to the Noise Exposure Maps and Noise Compatibility Program. The results indicated that no changes to the Airport Influence Overlay for this property would occur. As such, an increase to the allowed density and area allowed for residential development north of Lake Hazel is possible. The amendment is in compliance with and will further the goals, objectives, and policies of the Boise City Comprehensive Plan. Increasing the density in this area will allow for a greater number of homes to be constructed within current City Limits. This development pattern will limit urban sprawl and provide for better opportunities for a mixture of housing types. The amendment will not create inconsistencies between the goals, objectives, and policies within or between any chapters of the Boise City Comprehensive Plan. *Policy CC9.1(a)* promotes development patterns that will help build new routes and enhanced service over time. Increasing the density in this area will provide the need for new transit routes in this part of the City. The amendment will not place an undue burden on transportation or other public facilities in the planning area, and does not adversely impact the delivery of services by any political subdivision providing services. Correspondence from commenting agencies confirms the project will not place an undue burden on the transportation system or other public facilities in the vicinity. The Ada County Highway District (ACHD) Commission approved the project on January 27, 2016.

<u>6</u>/6a/6b



Planning & Development Services

Boise City Hall, 2nd Floor 150 N. Capitol Boulevard P. O. Box 500 Boise, Idaho 83701-0500 Phone: 208/384-3830 Fax: 208/384-3753 TDD/TTY: 800/377-3529 Website: www.cityofboise.org/pds

Planning Division Project Report

File Numbers Applicant Property Address CAR15-00028, CPA15-00008, SUB15-00055 Pleasant Valley, LLC. 6298 S. Cole Road

Public Hearing Date Heard by February 8, 2016 Planning and Zoning Commission

Analysts Checked By Todd Tucker Cody Riddle

Public Notification

Neighborhood meeting conducted: July 28, 2015 Newspaper notification published on: November 28, 2015 Radius notices mailed to properties within 300 feet on: November 27, 2015 Site posted by Planning Team on: November 20, 2015

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Exhibits

Agency Comments Neighborhood Correspondence

1. Project Data and Facts

Project Data			
Applicant/Status	Pleasant Valley, LLC. / Developer		
Architect/Representative	Kent Brown		
Location of Property	6298 S. Cole Road		
Size of Property	<u>+</u> 600 Acres		
Existing Zoning	A-2 (Open Land, Reserve)		
Comprehensive Plan Designation	Planned Community		
Planning Area	Southwest		
Neighborhood Association/Contact	None		
Procedure	The Planning and Zoning Commission will make a		
	recommendation to City Council.		

Current Land Use & Site Characteristics

The property is currently improved with one single-family home. The majority of the site is relatively flat. However, there is a slight slope that runs from the northwest to the southeast through the site.

Description of Applicant's Request

The applicant is requesting a zone change for the property to place it in a Specific Plan District to support a Planned Community with a mix of uses. There is an associated Comprehensive Plan Amendment that proposes to modify the text addressing gross density and location of residential development north of Lake Hazel Road. In addition, there is an associated Preliminary Plat for a residential subdivision located in the northwest corner of the specific plan consisting of 422 buildable lots and 20 common lots.

History of Previous Actions		
CAR06-00057	Annexation of approximately 600 acres with A-2 zoning.	
CAR06-00058	Comprehensive Plan Amendment to change the land use designation on approximately 600 acres from Airport Conservation to Planned Community	

2. Land Use

Description and Character of Surrounding Area

The properties located to the east, west, and south of this site are located in Ada County and are zoned RP, RR, RSW, R1, and R6. In addition, the Southfork subdivision is located to the northwest and zoned R4 in the County. The other properties located to the north are zoned R-1A and M-1D in the City. The only developed properties adjacent to the site are located to the east and northwest and they are developed with single-family residential homes.

Adjacent Land Uses and Zoning

North:	Single-Family Residential / R4 (Ada County) – Vacant / R-A & M-1D
South:	Vacant Land / RP & RR (Ada County)
East:	Single-Family Residential / RSW, R1, and R6 (Ada County)
West:	Recycling Center / RP (Ada County) - Vacant Land / RP (Ada County) & M-1D

3. Development Code

Section	Description
11-03-04.3	Specific Procedures (Rezone)
11-03-04.4	Specific Procedures (Subdivision Plat)
11-03-04.16	Specific Procedures (Comprehensive Plan Amendment)
11-05-08	Specific Plan Districts
11-09-03	Subdivision Design Standards
11-09-04	Required Improvements

4. Comprehensive Plan

Chapter	PRINCIPLES, O	GOALS, & POLIC	CIES
Chapter 2: Citywide Policies	ES1.4 ES7.9 NAC3.2 NAC7.1	CC1.1(b) CC2.1(b) CC7.2(b) CC9.1(a)	CEA5.2(a) CEA6.1(b) SHCC10.3
Chapter 3: Community Structure & Design		GDP-N.1(a) GDP-N.3(a) GDP-AIA.2(a)	
Chapter 4: Planning Area Policies (Southwest Planning Area)	SW-CCN 2.1 SW-CCN 2.3(a) SW-CCN 2.4(a) SW-CCN 2.4(b) SW-CCN 2.4(c) SW-CCN 2.5(a) SW-CCN 2.5(b) SW-CCN 2.5(c)	SW-CCN 2.6(b) SW-CCN 2.6(c) SW-CCN 2.6(d) SW-CCN 2.6(e) SW-CCN 2.7 SW-CCN 2.8(a) SW-CCN 2.8(b)	SW-CCN 2.9(a) SW-CCN 2.9(b) SW-CCN 2.9(c) SW-CCN 2.9(d) SW-CCN 2.10 SW-CCN 2.10(a) SW-CCN 2.10(b)

5. Transportation and Public Services

Correspondence from commenting agencies confirms the project will not place an undue burden on the transportation system or other public facilities in the vicinity. The Ada County Highway District (ACHD) Commission approved the project on **January 27, 2016**. They noted that the issuance of building permits in the Kirsten's Subdivision will be limited to 170 until the Lake Hazel and Orchard street extensions are completed. This will insure the Cole/Amity and Cole/Victory intersections continue to operate at an acceptable level of service. This requirement is supported by Comprehensive Plan *Policy SW-CCN 2.10(b)* which supports the densities and intensities of use outlined in the Comprehensive Plan contingent upon satisfactory street capacity as determined by future traffic analysis. ACHD noted that an updated traffic impact study should be required after the final platting of Phase 1A (Kirsten's Subdivision) 170 single-family lots, 1,770 vehicle trips per day. The updated traffic impact study will be used to verify assumptions and recommended improvements for the Syringa Valley Specific Area Plan planning area.

Roadway	Segment	PM Peak Hour Traffic Count	PM Peak Hour Level of Service	Existing Plus Project
Cole Road (Principal Arterial)	South of Overland	1,318	Better than "E"	Better than "E"
	South of Victory	988	"F"	"F"
	North of Lake Hazel	286	Better than "E"	Better than "E"
	South of Lake Hazel	216	Better than "E"	Better than "E"

Traffic Count is based on Vehicles per hour (VPH)

* Acceptable level of service for a five-lane principal arterial is "E" (1,770 VPH)

* Acceptable level of service for a three-lane principal arterial is "E" (880 VPH)

* Acceptable level of service for a two-lane principal arterial is "E" (690 VPH)

On **January 26, 2016** the Comprehensive Planning Division submitted comments regarding pedestrian and vehicular transportation. The comments provided some direction on the street design for Cole, Umatilla, and Lake Hazel and addressed pathway design and the proposed temporary site access from Cole Road. Recommended conditions of approval have been included that address the concerns listed.

The comments provided by the Boise Public Works Department were submitted on several different days. Comments regarding street lights, grading, and drainage were submitted on **September 29, 2015**. Standard conditions of approval were required with those comments. Originally, the Kirsten's Subdivision was proposing private streets but that plan has been revised to remove those. As such, the private street comments from Public Works no longer apply. On **September 30, 2015** sewer, and pressure irrigation comments were received. They noted that the developer must coordinate the sewer extension with the Public Works Department to abandon the existing sewer lift station located to the north of this project. No other concerns or special conditions of approval were expressed in the Public Works comments.

On **January 20, 2016** the Fire Department provided comments for the specific plan and the preliminary plat. They noted that they could approve the applications and provided standard conditions of approval. In addition, they noted the subdivision is within the Wildland Urban Interface Zone B and compliance with BCC 7-01-69 is required. Two points of approved access are required for all phases of the subdivision.

The Boise Parks and Recreation Department commented on this project on **January 8, 2016**. They noted they have been working with the developer to find an appropriate location for a 10 acre park site within the project. The Coughlin Park site is intended to provide an amenity to area residents within ¹/₂ mile of the site. They noted that timing for the park is largely based on the development of adjacent uses, funding, and prioritization by the Parks and Recreation Department.

The Boise School District provided comments on **November 17, 2015** indicating the schools currently assigned to the proposed project are Hillcrest Elementary School, West Junior High, and Borah High School. The school district also noted that they currently own a 50 acre site within the specific plan area but has not determined the layout or specific building needs at this time. In addition, they requested the developer donate 10 acres for an elementary school site located near the proposed public park. There were no comments regarding the traffic impact or safe routes to school. The school district did not indicate a timeline for when the proposed schools will be needed. They did note that enrollment in area schools in the area will be evaluated as construction proceeds to determine when new facilities will be needed.

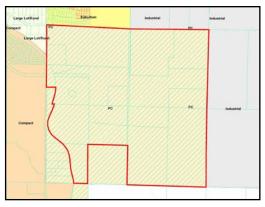
Comments received from other public agencies raised no concerns with the project and included only standard requirements and conditions of approval.

6. Analysis/Findings

ANALYSIS

Rezone (Specific Plan)

The applicant is requesting a rezone of approximately 600 acres from A-2 to a Specific Plan (SP03). The rezone will facilitate development of a master planned community. The property is identified as Planned Community on the Land Use Map. The property is referred to as "The Reserve Area" in Blueprint Boise. Policy SW-CCN 2.1 requires a conceptual master plan that demonstrates adherence to these principles be submitted prior to the first entitlement in The Reserve Area. This application fulfills this requirement.



The applicant has submitted ordinance language that will be included within the Development Code. The Syringa Valley Specific Plan ordinance will be located within Chapter 11-013: Adopted Specific Plans. The Planning Team has reviewed the proposed code and has recommended several changes that are attached as a separate document to this report.

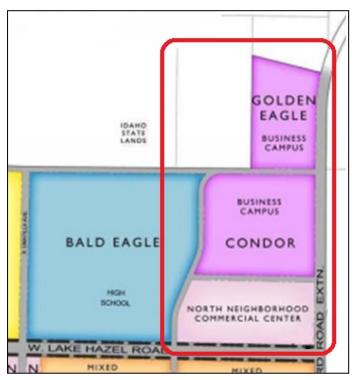
This area is identified as "Significant New Development Anticipated" on the Areas of Change and Stability Map. Comprehensive Plan *Policy NAC3.2* supports residential infill and redevelopment in areas identified as suitable for change.

The Syringa Valley Specific Plan is a master planned community with a wide range of uses within its boundaries. Although it will be predominantly a community of varying residential densities it also has a commercial component, a business campus, two sites for public schools, and a City Park. The project is in compliance with Comprehensive Plan **Policy SW-CCN 2.3**(*a*) which calls for this area to be established as a mixed-use development with a range of residential housing types and densities, neighborhood commercial centers, and a business campus.

Policy SW-CCN 2.4(a) calls for the establishment of a business campus north of Lake Hazel road extension that includes a mix of uses such as assembly, auto repair and service, fabrication, medical and dental laboratories and research facilities, wholesale, offices, self-service storage and medical and professional offices. In addition, **Policy SW-CCN 2.4(b)** encourages ancillary uses such as restaurants, health clubs, and child care and convenience centers within the business campus provided they are intended to primarily serve employees of the business park and the surrounding residential community.

The applicant is proposing a business campus along the west side of the Orchard Road extension within the Condor planning area. This subdistrict allows for a mixture of office, retail, and residential uses. To the south of the business campus is a larger neighborhood commercial center. The conceptual plan shows a 60,000 square foot grocery store with other small scale neighborhood commercial uses such as restaurants, a convenience store, a bank and other pad sites for uses that would serve the business students. park, high school and residents in the area.

Policy SW-CCN 2.4(c) states that regional serving commercial uses should not be allowed. One of the components of a regional commercial



shopping center as defined by the Development Code is a full line department store as the major tenant. A recommended condition of approval will restrict the construction of a full line department store in this commercial center.

There is another neighborhood commercial center located south of Lake Hazel midway between Cole and Orchard. This neighborhood commercial center is designed with an urban village feel. The buildings are brought towards the street with the parking located to the rear.

The commercial center is well integrated with the neighborhood as it has higher density residential located to the east and west. This design is supported by *Policy SW-CCN 2.6(b)* which states the neighborhood commercial centers and surrounding residential development should be developed as a urban village, utilizing New Urbanism principles to integrate the commercial center with the residential community and create a community gathering pace. Because it is located directly across from the future high school and just north of the new public park, it should function well as a gathering place for nearby residents as well as students.

Policy SW-CCN 2.6 (c) encourages a buildings designed with a pedestrian scale siting them in proximity to the street frontage to convey a visual relationship to the street and provide for easy pedestrian access. The specific plan accomplishes this through the use of detached sidewalks and pathways throughout the development that connect the residential subdivisions to the commercial and office development. This is also supported by **Policy SW-CCN 2.6(d)**. In addition, buildings have reduced setbacks bringing them close to the street to provide a more urban feel.

There are several Comprehensive Plan Policies found in the Southwest Planning Area section that specifically address an elementary school and a public park to be located south of Lake Hazel. *Policy SW-CCN 2.9(a)* calls for the establishment of a co-location of an elementary school and a new City Park to be located south of the Lake Hazel extension, centered in the residential neighborhood on local, not collector streets. *Policy SW-CCN 2.9(b)* indicates the park should have street frontage on a minimum of two sides. *Policy SW-CCN 2.9(c)* requires the park and school sites to be connected to the pathway along the New York Canal, and *Policy SW-CCN 2.9(d)* further requires this pathway be dedicated to the City of Boise, if acceptable to the Parks and Recreation Department.

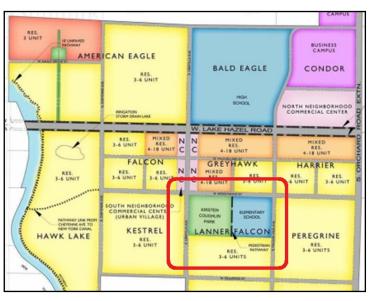
As illustrated below, the specific plan has addressed all of these policies. The plan shows a 10 acre site for a future elementary school located next to a 10 acre public park in the Lanner Falcon sub-zone. These uses are located south of Lake Hazel in the center of the overall specific plan area. The Park is located on the corner of two streets providing the required street frontage on two sides. There is a pedestrian pathway that runs between the school and the park. In addition, the park is connected to the pathway system along the New York Canal via public street sidewalks and a pedestrian pathway that traverses through the Hawk Lake sub-zone.

These pathways are further supported by *Policy SW-CCN 2.8(a)* which calls for the establishment of an open space and pathway system adjacent to the New York Canal and Eight Mile Creek. It further suggests that these pathways be dedicated to the City of Boise, if acceptable to the Parks and Recreation Department.

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Policy SW-CCN 2.8(b) encourages dual purpose drainage areas that provide usable open space and/or amenities. As illustrated the Hawk Lake sub-zone has an irrigation and storm water pond located near Lake Hazel Road. This pond will perform storm water storage and provide irrigation water to a portion of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan area. In addition, the pond will function as an amenity to the surrounding development.

Policy ES7.9 calls for minimizing light trespass from developed areas,



reducing sky-glow to increase night sky access, improving nighttime visibility through glare reduction, and reducing development impact on nocturnal environments by adoption of night-sky lighting standards. A recommended condition of approval will require streetlight fixtures to be of a design that will focus the light down to prevent light trespass from the development.

Comprehensive Plan Amendment

Comprehensive Plan **Policy SW-CCN 2.5(a)** limits residential uses north of the Lake Hazel extension to the 65 acres in the northwest corner of the development. In addition, **Policy SW-CCN 2.5(b)** limits the gross density in this residential area to a maximum of three dwelling units per acre. The applicant would like to increase the residential development area to approximately 100 acres and density allowed to approximately 4.5 dwelling units per acre. The policies restricting residential development were adopted in response to concerns voiced by the Boise Airport when the property was annexed into Boise City. This property is located within the Airport Influence Overlay Area Zone A which does not restrict residential development in the Reserve Planned Community area to adhere to the land-use restrictions of the Airport Influence Areas. **Principle GDP-AIA.2(a)** requires all new residential development and new schools which are affected by average sound levels in the 60-65 DNL and/or aircraft traffic patterns below 1,000 feet, to provide a sound level reduction of 25 db. A condition of approval will require all residential homes and schools located within the development to provide a sound level reduction of at least 25 db.

In addition to the 100 acre residential development proposed at the northwest corner, the Specific Plan also proposes a 50 acre high school located directly to the east of the residential subdivision. The airport has indicated that they do not have concerns with the increase in area developed with residential homes or the density of the residential development north of Lake Hazel Road as proposed.

Policy SW-CCN 2.6(e) limits the overall developed density for the area south of the Lake Hazel Road extension to six dwelling units per gross acre. There are no plans to change this requirement. The property located south of Lake Hazel is approximately 370 gross acres. This would allow approximately 2,220 dwelling units if developed at the maximum density of six dwelling units per acre.

Subdivision

With approval of the Specific Plan, the applicant is proposing a 422 lot residential subdivision. It is comprised of 412 single-family lots and 10 multi-family lots that will be improved with four-plexes. This equates to 452 total dwelling units. The subdivision is located in the northwest corner of the development within the American Eagle sub-zone of the Eagle View Planning Area. The American Eagle sub-zone is identified as a low density residential zone in the specific plan. The proposed specific plan does not have minimum lot sizes but rather controls development with setbacks. No variances are being requested as the homes to be constructed will comply with the setbacks proposed for the LR sub-zone.

The subdivision has several open recreation spaces for and pathways. There is a nice network of interconnected detached sidewalks and pedestrian pathways through the subdivision. The pathway system runs both north to south and east to west. This is supported bv Comprehensive Plan *Principle* GDP-N.1(a) which calls for a continuous network of sidewalks, bicycle, and pedestrian paths, and roadways to connect different



areas of neighborhoods. In addition to the pathways, the detached sidewalks are also supported by the Comprehensive Plan. *Policy CC7.2(b)* calls for minimizing pedestrian conflict with vehicles by providing buffers between the sidewalk and automobile traffic.

Principle GDP-N.3(a) encourages a variety of housing types within developments. The subdivision provides a good mix of product types with traditional front loaded single-family homes, alley loaded single-family homes and multi-family buildings.

Policy CC2.1(b) of the Comprehensive Plan calls for the establishment of a connectivity measure to promote a connected system of roadways to alleviate traffic congestion, reduce travel distances, and increase travel options. On January 24, 2012 the Planning Division made a commitment to the City Council to include a connectivity index review of each new subdivision proposed in Boise City. The Connectivity Index for this development is 1.6 as it has 75 links and 47 nodes.

The subdivision is bordered by Cole Road on the west and Lake Hazel Road on the south. Both roads are classified as arterials on the ACHD Functional Classification Map. Section 11-09-03.7.A requires landscape buffer areas where single-family residential lots are adjacent to arterial streets. A 30 foot wide landscape buffer is provided along both Cole and Lake Hazel as required by the development code.

FINDINGS

Section 11-05-08.7.A Rezone to Specific Plan

(1) Is consistent with the goals, objectives and policies of the Comprehensive Plan, with particular emphasis placed upon those policies related to diversity of housing, mixing and integration of uses, pedestrian and transit design, level of service provision and environmental protection;

The specific plan has three sub-districts that allow residential development. The Low Density Residential sub-district allows for densities ranging from 2 to 6 dwelling units per acre, the Medium Density Residential and Neighborhood Commercial sub-districts allow densities from 4 to 18 dwelling units per acre. These three sub-districts also allow a variety of housing types including detached single-family, townhouse, duplex, accessory dwelling units, and multi-family. The specific plan encourages a mix of housing types and products within neighborhoods to help promote a community feel. This is in alignment with Comprehensive Plan *Policy NAC7.1* which encourages a mix of housing types and densities in residential neighborhoods, particularly for projects greater than two acres.

Policy SW-CCN 2.6(b) encourages a mix of residential/commercial, live/work units, townhouses, condominiums, and/or multi-family along the south side of Lake Hazel Road extension at a density of 10-20 units per acre. The Falcon, Greyhawk, and Harrier subzones are located adjacent to the south side of Lake Hazel. Each of those sub-zones identifies the area adjacent to Lake Hazel as a Mixed Use zone with densities ranging from 4 to 18 units per acre. To comply with this policy of the Comprehensive Plan a condition of approval is recommended requiring the residential development along the south side of Lake Hazel have a density between 10 and 20 dwelling units per acre.

Policy SW-CCN 2.6(c) calls for residential housing types such as townhouses, multifamily, and small lot patio or row homes around the school/park have densities ranging from 6-15 dwelling units per acre. The school and park located south of Lake Hazel are within the Lanner Falcon sub-zone.

The southern half of the sub-zone is identified as low density residential with three to six dwelling units per acre. In addition, the Greyhawk sub-zone to the north of the school and park are proposed for densities ranging from 3 to 18 dwelling units per acre. To comply with this policy of the Comprehensive Plan a condition of approval is recommended requiring the residential development directly adjacent the city park and elementary school south of Lake Hazel have a density between 6 and 15 dwelling units per acre.

The specific plan encourages a mixture of commercial, service and residential development. This is accomplished by allowing for a wide range of uses within the subdistricts. In addition, the Greyhawk and Falcon sub-districts encourage a village type atmosphere along both sides of West Falcon Lake Street, where the commercial and office uses are of a smaller scale close to the street with residential uses to the rear. Further, an elementary school is proposed next to a city park in the Lanner Falcon sub-district. A high school is proposed north of Lake Hazel Road with a residential subdivision to the west and a business campus and neighborhood commercial center to the east.

Policy SW-CCN 2.10(a) encourages development adjacent to the Lake Hazel Road extension to include a back road system for vehicular access to limit access to Lake Hazel. As illustrated below, a backage road is proposed midway between Lake Hazel and Mossywood. This road will provide vehicular access to the commercial, office, and residential projects that will be constructed along the south side of Lake Hazel.

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	RES. 3-6 UNIT	RES. 3-6 UNIT			MOXED RES. 4-18 UNIT	RES. 3-6 UNIT	1.1	NES. F	RES. S UNIT
					W. MOSSY				

The specific plan intends for this development to be a safe walkable community. The intent is to promote pedestrian accessibility throughout the specific plan area and its connections with the neighborhood commercial centers, City park, and pathways. This is done by creating a pedestrian scale in the design of the streets, open spaces, and buildings. The plan encourages a pedestrian friendly environment with the use of sidewalks, pathways, courtyards and plazas to connect buildings. Provisions for one or more walkways that directly link the pedestrian entrances of businesses within the retail and office developments to the public pathways are provided. The mixture of uses also promotes walking and biking throughout the community. These design components are supported by **Policies ES1.4** and **CC1.1(b)** of Blueprint Boise which promote compact, mixed use, walkable development patterns that support transit and reduce vehicle miles traveled and carbon emissions.

Lake Hazel Road will be designed with a 10 foot wide paved multi-use pathway on both sides that is separated from the roadway by a landscaping buffer. This will provide a safe route through the development that connects many uses enhancing the pedestrian experience for residents, students, and visitors to the community. *Policy SW-CCN 2.5(c)* calls for a safe access for school children to walk from the area north of Lake Hazel Road to a planned school located on the south side of the Lake Hazel Road extension.

The intersection of Lake Hazel and Umatilla will be designed as a controlled intersection. This crossing will provide a safe crossing of Lake Hazel for students going from the residential neighborhood in the south to the proposed high school on the north side of Lake Hazel and the students living in the Kirsten's Subdivision on the north side of Lake Hazel to the future elementary school located south of Lake Hazel.

Policy SW-CCN 2.7 encourages pedestrian activity through the use of detached sidewalks, reasonable block lengths and micro-paths. In addition, it discourages the use of cul-de-sacs. As previously noted, all of the streets within the Kirsten's Subdivision are improved with detached sidewalks. In addition, Lake Hazel will be improved with a 10 foot wide detached multi-use pathway on both sides. There are numerous references made throughout the specific plan narrative indicating detached sidewalks will be provided. In addition, the street sections provided show all circulation and local streets to be constructed with detached sidewalks. A recommended condition of approval will require all public streets within the specific plan be detached.

The Boise Fire Department noted that portions of the specific plan area are located outside of the 1.5 mile or 4 minute response standards from Station 17 located at 3801 S. Cole Road. New stations will be needed to adequately service the area in the future. No exact location has been identified yet, but future stations may be located in the area of Orchard and Lake Hazel.

(2) Is compatible with surrounding development and properly integrates land uses and infrastructure with adjacent properties;

The project is compatible with the surrounding development in the area. The majority of the surrounding property to the northwest and west is currently developed with single-family residential homes. The associated subdivision matches the lot pattern of the existing subdivision to the north with a 1:1 ratio of lots along the border of the two subdivisions. A large 80 acre parcel is located directly to the north that is currently zoned R-1A. This property would accommodate 168 dwelling units if developed in the future. The property to the northeast is currently zoned M-1D. This property is located within the Airport Influence Overlay Area Zone B which does not allow for residential development. The specific plan identifies the 12 acres at the northeast corner of the development as the Industrial sub-zoning district. This will be part of the business campus with allowed uses being more industrial in nature.

(3) Includes adequate provisions for utilities, services, roadway networks and emergency vehicles access; and public service demands will not exceed the capacity of existing and planned systems; and,

Currently the property is served by both water and sewer facilities that are located in Cole Road. The applicant will have to coordinate both water and sewer extensions with United Water and Boise City Public Works to ensure that the facilities installed are adequate to handle the future development of the project. The specific plan proposes several public services beyond utilities. The School District has purchased 50 acres within the development for a high school to be located on the north side of Lake Hazel. Comprehensive Plan **Policy CEA5.2**(*a*) encourages working with the school districts to identify future school sites based on the city's Land Use Plan. In addition, the plan shows a 10 acre site for a future elementary school located next to a 10 acre public park in the Lanner Falcon sub-zone. This is consistent with Comprehensive Plan **Policy CEA6.1**(*b*) which calls for the coordination of the siting school facilities with other community and neighborhood facilities and infrastructure needs, including parks, to promote schools as neighborhood centers. **Policy SHCC10.3** also places a priority on locating neighborhood parks in conjunction with school sites.

Due to the flat topography of the development the road network will follow a more traditional grid pattern. The extension of Lake Hazel through the project will provide an arterial roadway through the northern 1/3 of the development. The southern extension of Orchard will define the eastern edge of the specific plan area. The majority of the other roads in the development will be either collector or local roadways. Each sub-district will be further evaluated by ACHD as well as the City as development applications are submitted to ensure good vehicular and pedestrian connectivity is achieved.

Due to the limited capacity on Cole Road in its current state development may be restricted until Lake Hazel and Orchard Street are constructed to provide a secondary access to the project.

As previously noted the street network within the specific plan is laid out in a grid pattern providing access to all of the sub-zones. As development occurs within each sub-zone further analysis by the Fire Department will be required to insure adequate emergency vehicle access is provided to each use.

(4) Will enhance the potential for superior urban design and land use in comparison with development under the base district provisions that would apply if the specific plan were not approved.

The property is identified as Planned Community on the Land Use Map. As such, any development would require some level of master planning. Using the tool of the specific plan allows the applicant some flexibility while also providing the City a level of assurance that good urban design will be applied. The specific plan identifies most uses go through a design review process prior to construction. This will insure a cohesive design within the development.

Section 11-03-04.16.B(7) Comprehensive Plan Amendment

(a) Is required for the public convenience or necessity, or for the general welfare of the community;

The requested amendment is to increase the area allowed for residential development and to increase the density allowed. Lake Hazel Road will be extended through this property and will connect to an extension of Orchard Road coming into the site from the north. Both of these streets will be arterial roadways. Generally, higher residential densities are proposed along arterial roadways.

To achieve the densities needed along Lake Hazel to warrant transit service in the future and to provide a buffer to the lower densities further to the south an increase in density is warranted. As such, the amendment is for the public convenience, necessity, and for the general welfare of the community.

(b) Is necessary to address changes in conditions within the community that have occurred since the Boise City Comprehensive Plan was adopted or is necessary to correct one or more goal, objective, or policy that exist in the plan;

The policies restricting residential development were adopted in response to concerns voiced by the Boise Airport when the property was annexed into Boise City in 2006. The subject property is currently located within the Airport Influence Overlay Area Zone A which does not restrict residential density like other Airport Influence Area zones. It was anticipated in 2006 that future changes at the Boise Airport would necessitate an expansion of the Airport Influence Areas and this property may be affected by those changes. In 2015 the Boise Airport conducted an update to the Noise Exposure Maps and Noise Compatibility Program. The results indicated that no changes to the Airport Influence Overlay for this property would occur. As such, an increase to the allowed density and area allowed for residential development north of Lake Hazel is possible.

(c) Is in compliance with and will further the goals, objectives, and policies of the Boise City Comprehensive Plan;

The amendment is in compliance with and will further the goals, objectives, and policies of the Comprehensive Plan. Increasing the density in this area will allow for a greater number of homes to be constructed within the current City Limits. This development pattern will limit urban sprawl and provide for better opportunities for a mixture of housing types.

(d) Will not create inconsistencies between the goals, objectives, and policies within or between any chapter of the Boise City Comprehensive Plan; and,

The amendment will not create inconsistencies between the goals, objectives, and policies within or between any chapters of the Comprehensive Plan.

In fact, it will allow for a greater compatibility with the Comprehensive Plan. *Policy CC9.1(a)* promotes development patterns that will help build new routes and enhanced service over time. Increasing the density in this area will provide the need for new transit routes in this part of the City. In addition, *Policy NAC7.1* encourages a mix of housing types and densities in residential neighborhoods, particularly for projects greater than two acres in size. An increase in density provides the developer with the flexibility needed to incorporate different housing types within the development.

(e) Will not place an undue burden on transportation or other public facilities in the planning area, and does not adversely impact the delivery of services by any political subdivision providing services.

Correspondence from commenting agencies confirms the project will not place an undue burden on the transportation system or other public facilities in the vicinity. The Ada County Highway District (ACHD) Commission approved the project on **January 27**, **2016**. In addition, public utilities are currently provided to the property. No commenting agency has indicated that the requested amendment will adversely impact the delivery of services to the project.

Conclusion and Recommendation

After a review of the requested applications against the requirements and policies found in the Development Code and the Comprehensive Plan, the Planning Team finds the applications to be in compliance with the requirements for a rezone, comprehensive plan amendment, and subdivision. However, the Planning Team does have concerns regarding the details of the Specific Plan. The Planning Team acknowledges the creation of a 600 acre Specific Plan is a large undertaking and feel the applicant team has done a good job of creating a framework for development in this area. Some of the details that still need to be addressed are landscaping design, road alignments, alternatives to traditional storm water treatment, subdivision design elements. As such, the Planning Team is recommending the following:

- Approval of the Comprehensive Plan Amendment (CPA15-00008) to increase the area available for residential development located north of Lake Hazel from 65 acres to 100 acres, and to increase the allowed density from 3 units per acre to 4.5 dwelling units per acre.
- Approval of the preliminary plat for the Kirsten Subdivision (SUB15-00055) comprised of 422 buildable lots with 452 dwelling units, with conditions of approval.
- Conceptual approval of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan (CAR15-00029). The conceptual approval is accompanied with a recommended condition of approval that would require an amendment to the Specific Plan Ordinance (SP03) be adopted prior to approval of any further development within the Specific Plan area.

7. Recommended Conditions of Approval

<u>Specific Plan</u>

- 1. Prior to approval of any further development within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan beyond the Kirsten Subdivision an amendment to both the plan and ordinance shall be approved. The amendment shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a. Orchard Street Alignment
 - b. Block Prototypes
 - c. Xeriscaping Landscape Palate
 - d. Permeable Paving
 - e. Mix of Product Type Requirements
 - f. Mix of Uses Requirements
 - g. Phasing Plan for Schools, Parks, Pathways, and Other Services
 - h. Amenity Package
- 2. A full line department store shall not be constructed within the specific plan.
- 3. Streetlight fixtures shall be of a design that will focus the light down to prevent light trespass from the development.
- 4. The residential development along the south side of Lake Hazel shall have a density range between 10 and 20 dwelling units per acre.
- 5. The residential development directly adjacent the city park, and elementary school located south of Lake Hazel shall have a density range between 6 and 15 dwelling units per acre.
- 6. All public streets within the specific plan shall be improved with detached sidewalks.
- 7. The Syringa Valley Specific Plan Ordinance shall be revised to reflect the attached revised ordinance.
- 8. All new residential development within the specific plan is subject to an avigation easement and required to meet the sound attenuation standards of a minimum noise level reduction (NLR) of 25 dB."

Subdivision

- 9. The final plat shall provide a minimum 30 foot wide common lot along both Cole and Lake Hazel, to be used as a landscaping buffer, as required by Section 11-09-03.7.A of the Boise Development Code.
- 10. All public streets located within the subdivision shall be improved with a minimum five foot wide detached sidewalk.

- 11. Typical concrete pathways located within wider open space areas and primary pedestrian connections to the arterial roads shall be paved a minimum of 10 feet wide.
- 12. The section of Eagle Grove Street between Banded Eagle/Spotted Eagle and Cole Road shall be public right-of-way and not a temporary access easement.
- 13. The eastern half of Cole Road as it abuts the subject property shall be improved with the following design:
 - a. Vehicle travel lanes shall be 11 feet wide.
 - b. The on-street bicycle lane shall be a minimum of five feet wide (measured from the lip of gutter) with a minimum two foot wide painted buffer between it and the nearest vehicle travel lane.
 - c. The five foot wide sidewalk shall be separated from the back of curb by a minimum of eight feet. If located outside of the public right-of-way it shall be located within a permanent easement.
- 14. Umatilla Avenue shall be constructed with 10 foot wide vehicle travel lanes.
- 15. Umatilla Avenue shall be constructed with a minimum five foot wide bike lane (measured from the lip of gutter or parking lane line).
- 16. Umatilla Avenue shall be constructed with seven foot wide sidewalks that are detached from the back of curb by a minimum of eight feet.
- 17. The multi-use pathways located on the north and south sides of Lake Hazel shall have longitudinal pavement markings to separate the bike and pedestrian zones.
- 18. Lake Hazel shall be improved with on-street bike lanes when the temporary shoulder is removed.
- 19. Stormwater facilities along Lake Hazel shall be planned for. The applicant shall identify where future stormwater is to be retained within the right-of-way and/or typical street section (i.e. median, landscape buffer).
- 20. A note on the face of the Final Plat shall state: "The development of this property shall be in compliance with the Boise City Development Code."
- 21. A note on the face of the Final Plat shall designate that any common lots shall be owned and maintained by the Kirsten Subdivision Homeowner's Association. These lots cannot be developed for residential purposes in the future. The common lots shall be designated by lot and block.

- 22. A note shall be placed on the face of the Final Plat which states: "This subdivision is located within the Airport Influence Area A, which is affected by average sound levels in the 60-65 DNL, and/or aircraft traffic patterns below 1,000 feet. All new residential development is subject to an avigation easement and required to meet the sound attenuation standards of a minimum noise level reduction (NLR) of 25 dB."
- 23. After approval of the Final Plat by the Boise City Council and prior to submittal of the Mylar of the Final Plat, covenants, homeowners' association by-laws or other similar deed restrictions which provide for the use, control and maintenance of all common areas, private streets, shared access and shared parking, and which shall be consistent with the Fair Housing Act of 1968, as amended from time to time, shall be reviewed and approved by the Boise City Attorney. After recordation of the final plat and CC&R's, no building permit shall be accepted until a copy of the recorded CC&R's have been submitted to the Boise City Attorney.
- 24. Prior to the City Engineer's Certification of the Final Plat and prior to earth disturbing activities, an erosion and sediment control (ESC) permit must be obtained. An ESC plan conforming to the requirements B.C.C. Title 8-17, is to be submitted to the Director of Planning and Development Services for review and approval. No grading or earth disturbing activities may start until an approved ESC permit has been issued.
- 25. An individual who has attended the Boise City Responsible Person (RP) certification class, or has obtained Interim Certification for Responsible Person is not identified for this project. A permit will not issue until such time as the name and certification number of the RP has been provided to Boise City. This information can be faxed to 388-4735 or e-mailed to ejenkins@cityofboise.org.
- 26. No building permit for the construction of any new structure shall be accepted until the Final Plat has been recorded pursuant to the requirements of the B.C.C. 11-09-04.1. If a Non-Building Agreement is approved by Boise City Fire Department, no building permits shall be submitted until a "Satisfaction of Non-Building Agreement" is recorded.
- 27. Prior to submitting the Mylar of the Final Plat for the City Engineer's signature, all the conditions of approval must be satisfied. Approvals must be provided on agency letterhead.
- 28. The developer shall make arrangements to comply with all requirements of the Boise City Fire Department and verify in one of the following ways:
 - a. A letter from the Boise City Fire Department stating that all conditions for water, access, and/or other requirements have been satisfied,

OR

b. A non-build agreement has been executed and recorded with a note on the face of the Final Plat identifying the instrument number.

29. The name, **Kirsten Subdivision**, is reserved and shall not be changed unless there is a change in ownership, at which time, the new owner(s) shall submit their new name to the Ada County Engineer for review and reservation. Should a change in name occur, applicant shall submit, in writing, from the Ada County Engineer, the new name to the Department of Planning and Development Services and re-approval by the Council of the "revised" Final Plat shall be required.

Developer and/or owner shall submit all items including fees, as required by the Planning and Development Services Department, prior to scheduling the "revised" Final Plat for hearing.

- 30. Correct street names as approved by the Ada County Street Name Committee shall be placed on the plat (B.C.C 9-06-05.M).
- 31. A letter of acceptance for water service from the utility providing same is required (B.C.C. 11-09-04.3).
- 32. Developer shall provide utility easements as required by the public utility providing service (B.C.C. 11-09-03.6).
- 33. Developer shall provide a letter from the United States Postal Service stating, "The Developer and/or Owner has received approval for location of mailboxes by the United States Postal Service."

Contact: Dan Frasier, Postmaster 770 S. 13th St. Boise, ID 83708-0100 Phone No. (208) 433-4341 FAX No. (208) 433-4400

- 34. Prior to submitting the Final Plat for recording, the following endorsements or certifications must be executed: Signatures of owners or dedicators, Certificate of the Surveyor, Certificate of the Ada County Surveyor, Certificate of the Central District Health Department, Certificate of the Boise City Engineer, Certificate of the Boise City Clerk, signatures of the Commissioners of the Ada County Highway District and the Ada County Treasurer (I.C. Title 50-17).
- 35. Developer shall comply with B.C.C. 11-03-04.4 which specifies the limitation on time for filing and obtaining certification. Certification by the Boise City Engineer shall be made within two years from date of approval of the Final Plat by the Boise City Council.
 - a. The developer may submit a request for a time extension, including the appropriate fee, to the Boise City Planning and Development Services Department for processing. Boise City Council may grant time extensions for a period not to exceed one year provided the request is filed, in writing, at least twenty working days prior to the expiration of the first two year period, or expiration date established thereafter.

- b. If a time extension is granted, the Boise City Council reserves the right to modify and/or add condition(s) to the original preliminary or Final Plat to conform with adopted policies and/or ordinance changes.
- c. The Final Plat shall be recorded with the Ada County Recorder within one year from the date of the Boise City Engineer's signature. If the Final Plat is not recorded within the one-year time frame it shall be deemed null and void.

Agency Requirements

- 36. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of ACHD as per their staff reports dated **January 19, 2016** (SUB15-00055) and **January 27, 2016** (CAR15-00029 & CPA15-00008).
- 37. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of the Boise City Public Works Department (BCPW). The following is a list of department comments by division:

Grading & Drainage – September 29, 2015 Street Lights – September 29, 2015 Sewer – September 30, 2015 Pressure Irrigation – September 30, 2015

- 38. The applicant shall comply with any conditions of the Boise Fire Department from the memos dated **January 20, 2016**. Any deviation from this plan is subject to Fire Department approval.
- 39. The applicant shall comply with any conditions of the Boise Parks and Recreation Department from the memo dated **January 11, 2016**.
- 40. The applicant shall comply with any conditions of the Boise Building Division of Planning and Development Services from the memo dated **September 29, 2015**.
- 41. The applicant shall comply with any conditions of the Independent School District of Boise City #1 letters dated **November 5, 2015** (SUB15-00055) and **November 17, 2015** (CAR15-00029 & CPA15-00008).
- 42. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of the Ada County Street Name Committee evaluation dated July 9, 2015 (CAR15-00029) and September 10, 2015 (SUB15-00055)
- 43. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of the Central District Health Department memo dated **October 15, 2015** (SUB15-00055).
- 44. The applicant shall comply with the requirements of the Boise Project Board of Control from the comments submitted on **October 15, 2015**.

11-013-03 SYRINGA VALLEY

1. APPLICABILITY OF ORDINANCE

This Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance applies to all property designated on the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Overall Sub-Zoning Map (Figure 11-013.9 below) in lieu of Chapter 11-04, *Zoning Districts*, except where noted herein. All remaining chapters of this Code still apply, except where noted herein. If any provision of this section conflicts with any provision of the Code, the provisions of this section shall control.

2. INTERPRETATION OF DISTRICTS

A. Sub-Districts Established

- (1) Low-density Residential (SP03-LR)
- (2) Medium-density Residential (SP03-MR)
- (3) High-density Residential (SP03-NC)
- (4) Industrial (SP03-I)

B. District Boundaries

The location and boundaries of the Barber Valley Specific Plan (SPO2) District are shown on the Barber Valley Specific Plan Overall Sub-Zoning Map (Figure 11-013.9 below). The location and boundaries of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Sub-Districts established herein are shown on the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Overall Sub-Zoning Map (Figure 11-013.9 below). Where any uncertainty exists as to the boundary of any such district, the following rules shall apply:

- (1) Where any such boundary line is indicated as following a street, alley or public way, it shall be construed as following the centerline thereof.
- (2) Where a boundary line is indicated as approximately following a lot line, such lot line shall be construed to be such boundary line.
- (3) Where a boundary line divides a lot or crosses unsubdivided property, the location of such boundary shall be as indicated upon the Syringa Valley Zoning Map.

3. CONFORMITY REQUIRED

A. General

Except as otherwise provided herein, all land, buildings and premises in any district established herein shall be used only in accordance with the regulations established herein for that district. Additionally, no property shall be allowed to maintain an attractive or public nuisance as defined by this Code and/or state code at any time.

B. Purpose of SP03-LR Sub-District

The purpose of the SP02-LR Sub-District is to provide for the development of diverse urban housing products at a net density of ranging from 2 to 6 units per acre. Overall gross density cannot exceed 6 units per acre. This area may include a variety of lot sizes. A variety of housing types may be included within a development, including attached units (townhouses, duplexes), detached units (patio homes), single-family and multi-family units, regardless of the district classification of the site, provided that an overall gross density does not exceed 6 units per acre. Accessory dwelling units and uses are also allowed, along with community uses such as parks, community centers and recreational facilities.

C. Purpose of SP03-MR Sub-District

The purpose of the SP03-MR Sub-District is to (a) accommodate medium density residential uses at a net density of 4 to 18 units per acre; (b) provide an orderly transition from more intensive, higher density uses to less intensive, lower density uses; and (c) allow

limited cottages and quasi-residential uses, including senior housing and care facilities. The SP03-MR Sub-District includes flexibility in lot sizes and restrictions, and anticipates residential uses ranging from row houses and townhouses to condominiums and multi-story apartments. A range of civic and recreational facilities is allowed, along with office, medical and personal service commercial uses that are ancillary to senior housing and care facilities.

D. Purpose of SP03-NC Sub-District

The purpose of the SP03-NC Sub-District is to accommodate medium density residential uses, business and professional office uses, and complementary commercial uses such as hotels, restaurants, and theaters, together with necessary off-street parking facilities. Large office buildings are allowed in this area, along with retail, shopping, service, lodging, and civic uses. The SP03-NC Sub-District will emphasize high quality design, pedestrian orientation, and flexible development standards.

E. Purpose of SP03-I Sub-District

The purpose of the SP03-I Sub-District is to provide for convenient employment centers of manufacturing, research and development, warehousing, and distributing. The SP03-I Sub-District is intended to encourage the development of industrial uses that are clean, quiet and free of hazardous or objectionable elements and that are operated, entirely, or almost entirely, within enclosed structures.

F. Residential District Standards

The following standards apply to the LR Sub-District and the MR Sub-District

(1) Minimum Property Size

- (a) Each property shall be of sufficient size to meet the minimum setbacks as established in this section.
- (b) Minimum property size shall be determined exclusive of land that is used for the conveyance of irrigation water and drainage, unless (a) the water is conveyed through pipe or tile; and (b) included as part of a utility easement that generally runs along the property lines.

(2) Minimum Street Frontage

- (a) Properties with street frontages on a curve or at approximately a 90 degree angle shall be a minimum of 30 feet wide measured as a chord measurement.
- (b) Street frontage for 2 properties sharing a common drive shall be a minimum of 15 feet for each property
- (c) Street frontage for flag properties that do not share a common drive shall be a minimum of 30 feet wide.

G. Allowed Uses

Table 11-013.8 sets forth the allowed uses in each Sub-District established herein. Uses allowed by right are designated with an "A", uses allowed by right, subject to administrative review are designated with an "A*", and uses allowed with design review approval are designated with a "D". Uses listed but not designated as allowed in Table 11-013.9 are prohibited. Uses not listed in Table 11-013.9 are allowed only upon a determination by the Planning Director that such uses are similar or compatible in nature to the allowed uses in Table 11-013.9. Any affected person may appeal such a determination of the Planning Director to the Planning and Zoning Commission within 10 calendar days following the date the decision is mailed in accordance with Chapter 11-03, Review and Decision Procedures.

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Bus Shelter A A A		Δ	Δ	Δ	
Fountain or Public Art A* A*					
Library D D					

	SP03-LR	SPO3-MR	SP03-NC	SP03-I
Theater			D	
Outdoor Auditorium			D	
Park	А	А	A	
Playground	A	A	A	
Parking Lot	~	D	D	
Parking Structure		D	D	
Conference Center		5	D	
Community Center		D	D	
Religious Institution	D	D	D	
Clubs, Lodges, Social Halls		D	D	
Private Open Space	А	A	A	А
Recreation Center	D	D	D	
Outdoor Recreation Facility			D	
Swimming Pool	А	A	A	
Golf Course	D	D	D	D
Golf Driving Range	D	D	D	D
CIVIL SUPPORT	_	_	_	
Fire Station	D	D	D	D
Police Station	D	D	D	D
Cemetery	D	D	D	D
Funeral Home		D	D	
Hospital			D	
Medical Clinic (accessory use only in MR and NC)		D	D	
Rehabilitation Clinic			D	
Hospital. Large Animal or Small Animal			D	D
EDUCATION				
School (public, private or parochial)	D	D	D	
School, Trade or Vocational		D	D	D
Family Child Care Home (1-6 children)	А	А	А	
Group Child Care (7-12 children)	A*	A*	A*	
Intermediate or Large Child Care Center (13+ children)	1	D	D	
INDUSTRIAL				
Heavy Industrial Facility				D
Light Industrial Facility				D
Agriculture	A*		Í	А
Laboratory				D
Public Utility Facility – Minor				D
Public Utility Facility – Major				D
Wireless Communication Facility or Micro-Cell	A*	A*	A*	A*
Mini-Storage				D
Warehouse				D
Manufacturing Facility				D
Power Production Facility				D
Broadcasting Facility (e.g. TV, radio) or Micro-Cell			D	D

Η. Lot and Structure Dimensions

Table 11-013.10 sets forth the lot, yard, density and structure height requirements for uses within each Sub-District established herein.

			SP-03 MR1		SP03-NC		CDOO I
	580	03-LR	SP-0	3 MR	540	3-NC	SP03-
a.MAXIMUM DWELLING UNITS PER ACRE	6		18		18		0
	Attached	Detached	Attached	Detached	Attached	Detached	
b. MIN. LOT AREA (sq. ft.)							
Interior Lot	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Corner Lot	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c. MIN. AVG. LOT WIDTH							
Interior Lot	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Corner Lot	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d. MIN. STREET FRONTAGE (flag lot)	10/20 ²	10/20 ²	0	0	0	0	0
e. MIN. BUILDING SETBACKS							
Front Yard & Side Yard Abutting Public St. ³	104	104	104	104	104	104	104
Abutting public park	5	5	5	5	5	5	30
Rear Yard	1 5 ⁵	155	1 <i>5</i> ⁵	1 5 5	0/15 ¹	0/15 ¹	0/151
Side Yard – Interior	5	5	5	5	0/5 ¹	0/51	0/15 ¹
f. MIN. PARKING LOT/SERVICE DR SETBACKS							
Front Yard & Side Yard – Adj. to St.	15		10		10		10
Rear Yard & Side Yard – Interior	5		5		5		5
g. MAX. FLOOR AREA RATIO							
h. MIN. LOT AREA PER UNIT (sq. ft.)							
i. MAX. BUILDING HEIGHT (sq. ft.)	35		45		55		55

² 10' allowed with shared access easement agreement.

3 Measured from back of sidewalk.

4 20' setback required for garages accessed from public streets.

⁵ 10' setback allowed on corner lots with garages accessed from the side yard street.

I. **Property Development Standards**

Except as follows, the Property Development Standards for the Sub-Districts established herein shall be the same as those set forth in the Section 11-04-03 for residential uses and Sections 11-04-04 and 11-04-05 for office and commercial uses:

- (1)For attached single-family units, the minimum frontage requirement in Section 11-04-03 is reduced to 18 feet.
- (2) For lots with 0 feet frontage on a public right-of-way, drive aisles will provide access to the public street with perpetual ingress/egress or cross access easements recorded against the property. An owner's association or other agreed upon arrangement among the affected property owners will maintain the drive aisles in accordance with a recorded declaration or other agreements. The easements and declaration must be reviewed by the Boise City Attorney's office at the time of preliminary plat approval to ensure the access and maintenance obligations of this paragraph are addressed. The Ada County Highway District must approve installation of any required street signs. Buildings will be addressed to the public street from which the drive aisles extend. Addresses will be clearly delineated with appropriate monuments or signs.

- (3) Off-street parking and loading facilities shall be provided in accordance with Section 11-013-02.4 below.
- (4) The maximum number of residential units allowed within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District is 2,672. To exceed this limit, the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Applicant must follow the rezone procedures of the Boise City Code to amend the Syringa Valley Zoning Ordinance. In so doing, the Applicant need not amend the entire Syringa Valley Specific Plan so long as the City finds that the revised limits are generally in accordance with the Syringa Valley Specific Plan.

J. Design Review

- (1) <u>Applicability:</u> Any of the uses listed as requiring Design Review, and any visible exterior improvements to a site, building or structure for any such use (including new facilities, remodeling, rehabilitation projects and expansion projects) within the Syringa Valley District shall require submittal of a Design Review Application and fee in accordance with Section 11-03-04.12 of the Boise Development Code, except where expressly modified herein.
- (2) <u>Application Content:</u> Any application to the City shall comply with Section 11-03-04.12 of the Boise City Code.
- (3) Level of Review: The Planning Director shall determine whether an application shall be processed at the administrative level or by the Design Review Committee ("Committee") level; provided, however, all applications for projects that have less than 5,000 square feet of gross building area and less than 20,000 square feet of site improvements shall be administratively reviewed by the Planning Director.
- (4) <u>Review and Findings:</u> The Planning Director or Committee, as appropriate, shall review the application to determine whether the proposed application complies with the design review objectives, considerations and guidelines set forth in Sections 11-07-02 through 11-07-06 of the Boise City Code and the design criteria for the Syringa Valley District as set forth in the Syringa Valley Specific Pln. In the event of a conflict between such sections of the Boise City Code and design standards set forth in the Syringa Valley Specific Plan, the provisions of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan shall govern. Upon making such determination, the Planning Director or Committee shall issue its findings of fact, conclusions of law and conditions of approval. Any action of the Planning Director or the Committee may be appealed pursuant to Section 11-03-03.9 of the Boise City Code.

4. OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING REQUIREMENTS

In the SP03-LR, SP03-MR and SP03-NC Sub-Districts, off-street parking and loading facilities shall be provided in accordance with Section 11-07-03 of the Boise Development Code, except as noted herein. In the SP03-NC Sub-Districts, off-street parking and loading facilities shall be provided in accordance with the Pedestrian Commercial Zoning District parking requirements in Section 11-07-06.2.C, except as noted herein. In lieu of the off-street parking ratio requirements in Sections 11-07-03 and 11-07-06.2.C, non-residential uses in the SP03-MR, SP03-NC Sub-Districts must meet an overall parking density of 3.5 per 1000 square feet. Assisted living apartments, independent living residences within the Continuing Care Retirement Community, and similar uses shall be subject to the off-street parking requirements for "Housing for Elderly" uses listed in Section 11-07-03. Memory care facilities, skilled nursing care facilities, and similar uses shall be subject to the off-street parking requirements for "Nursing Home" uses listed in Section 11-07-03.

5. ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

A. Plat Approval Criteria

Development within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District shall be subject to the subdivision and other related provisions of the Boise City Code, except that a neighborhood meeting shall not be required unless that plant proposes more than 240 dwelling units. Additionally, the City Council must find that each preliminary plat proposed and/or amended within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District substantially conforms to the adopted Syringa Valley Specific Plan and complies with all applicable provisions of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance. Plats must still proceed through the normal hearing process with review by the Planning and Zoning Commission and City Council.

B. Annexation into SP03 Syringa Valley Specific Plan District

Any property owner or authorized representative may seek to reclassify their property for inclusion within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District pursuant to Section 11-05-08 of the Boise Development Code.

C. Amendments

Any property owner within the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District may seek to amend the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance or the Syringa Valley Specific Plan pursuant to the Boise City Code provisions for zoning amendments.

D. Exceptions

- (1) The Planning Director may grant exceptions to any setback, frontage, parking or height restriction up to 20 percent of the applicable limit and may grant exceptions to any use restrictions on a case by case basis.
- (2) The Planning and Zoning Commission may grant exceptions to any setback, frontage, parking or height restriction greater than 20 percent of the applicable limit.
- (3) Any approval pursuant to this section shall be supported by each of the following findings:
 - (a) The exception is consistent with the Syringa Valley Specific Plan; and
 - (b) The exception is justified based on unique circumstances of the proposed use or exceptional design features or the shape of the land.
 - (c) The exception would not cause undue adverse impacts on any other property.
 - (d) For any approval pursuant to subparagraph b, the exception meets the general conditional use criteria in the Boise Development Code.
- (4) Applications pursuant to this section shall include such information as the Planning Director determines is necessary to make the applicable findings in subparagraph c. Applications shall be processed in accordance with the procedures established in the Syringa Valley Specific Plan for Design Review.
- (5) The decision on any requested exception may be appealed pursuant to the appeal provisions of the Boise City Code.

E. Periodic Review

The Planning Director may perform a review of the implementation of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan not more frequently than every 1 year after approval of the first final plat. The review may address any matters the Planning Director deems appropriate regarding the progress of the development. Any modification of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance may only occur after review by the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Applicant and the Planning Director and in compliance with the applicable Boise City Code sections for zoning amendments and Idaho Code Section 67-6511(d).

6. **DEFINITIONS**

The following definitions apply to this Section. If any conflict exists with definitions in other parts of the Code, the following definitions control.

A. Syringa Valley Specific Plan Zoning Ordinance

Section 11-013-03 of the Boise City Code or successor section specifically setting forth zoning regulations for the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District.

B. Syringa Valley Specific Plan

The Specific Plan adopted for the Syringa Valley Specific Plan District by the City of Boise on Month ??, 2016, as maintained in the official records of the City, including subsequent modifications.

C. Syringa Valley Specific Plan Applicant

Pleasant Valley LLC, or successor entities.

D. Syringa Valley Specific Plan District

The area designated as the SP03 zone or successor designation on the City of Boise's zoning map and as shown on the Syringa Valley Specific Plan Overall Sub-Zoning Map (attached as Figure 11-013.9).

E. Boise City Code

The code of the City of Boise. If the Boise City Code is amended, any reference to the Boise City Code in this Ordinance shall be deemed to refer to the applicable amended provision.

F. Continuing Care Retirement Community

A campus-style facility (multiple buildings on a single lot) that provides housing, personal services and health care, including nursing home care to people of retirement age. The community must provide a continuum of care to meet the needs of the individual residents, from independent living to assisted living to skilled nursing care and, possibly, memory care support. Meals, housekeeping, linens, 24-hour security and recreational services usually are provided. Each individual resident enters into a contract with the retirement community that defines the type of housing and services to be provided and the fees that will be charged.

G. Memory Care Facility

Same as Skilled Nursing Facility except the residents also receive care for some form of memory impairment.

H. Skilled Nursing Facility

A residential facility that provides 24-hour supervision by licensed nurses. The care usually is prescribed by a physician. Emphasis is on medical care, supplemented by physical, occupational, speech and other types of therapies. Personal care services, such as help with meals, bathing, dressing and grooming are also provided along with social services, religious services and recreational activities. A nursing facility offers care for individuals suffering from chronic diseases or conditions that do not require the constant attention of physicians. Services are provided that address the individuals' personal care and social-emotional needs.

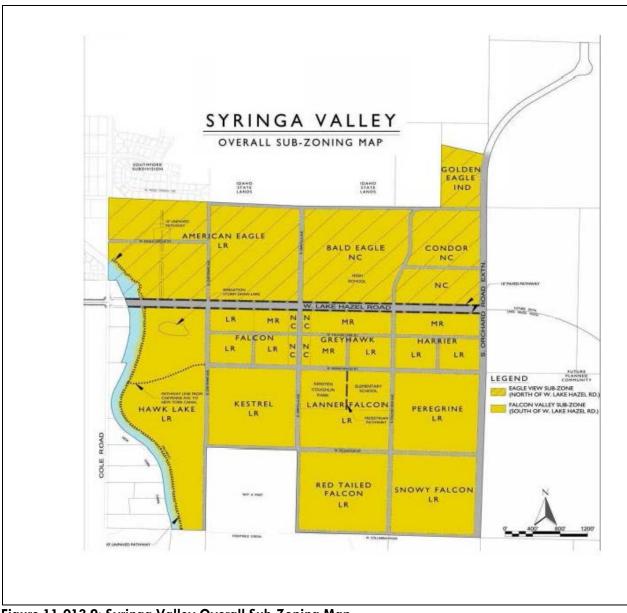


Figure 11-013.9: Syringa Valley Overall Sub-Zoning Map

Development Services Department



TO: Ada County Highway District Commissioners

FROM: Mindy Wallace, AICP Planner III

COMISSION

HEARING: January 27, 2016

SUBJECT: Syringa Valley Specific Area Plan/CAR-00029/CPA15-00008

Application Information & Introduction

The applicant, Pleasant Valley South, LLC is requesting approval of a Rezone and Comprehensive Plan Amendment application to allow for the creation of a Specific Area Plan planning area. For this application the Comprehensive Plan Amendment is similar to a Planned Community or Master Site Plan application, and includes specific details related to land use and transportation proposals.

The Comprehensive Plan Amendment application includes a 600 acre Specific Area Plan planning area, known as Syringa Valley. The proposed development plan includes a 100-acre residential area located in the northwest corner of the site, a 60 acre business park located in the northeast corner of the site, and a 425 acre mixed-use development with medium to low density residential, two school sites, and two neighborhood commercial centers located south of the future Lake Hazel Road extension. The site is located between S. Cole Road and Pleasant Valley Road and adjacent to the New York Canal, in southwest Boise.

The applicant intends to submit preliminary plats for the individual phases of the 600 acre development and full build-out is anticipated by 2035. As individual preliminary plats are submitted under this Specific Area Plan, the Ada County Highway District (ACHD) will provide detailed analysis of street layout, street design and construction, and will be a signatory on the final plat. Please see the attachment for full size maps and a summary of the application information.

For the Specific Area Plan, ACHD is a recommending body to Boise City. ACHD will review future preliminary plat applications and provide site specific conditions of approval with each future preliminary plat prior to any roadway construction, or scheduling of a final plat for signature.

Site History

ACHD previously reviewed and approved a conditional use permit (CUP13-00068) application to establish the Syringa Valley planning area on February 12, 2013. The land use assumptions

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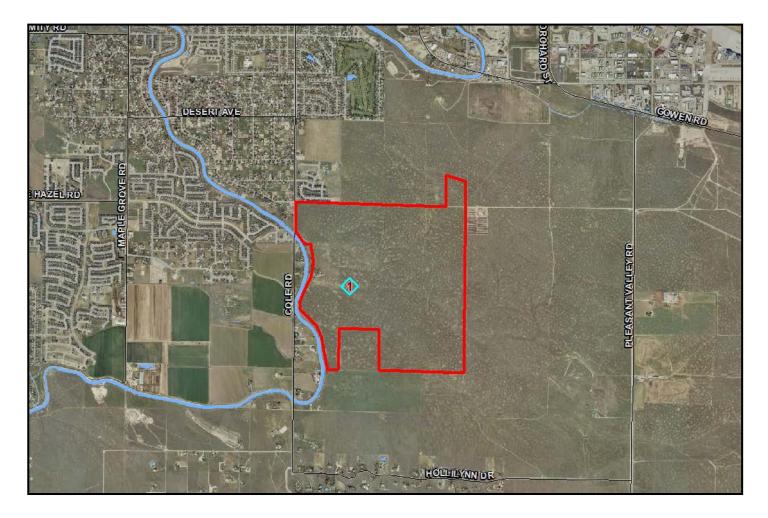
described in Section 4 of this memo are consistent with the prior action with the exception of the schools and the business park portion of the site. As part of the current application there are two school sites planned. A 50 acre future high school site has already been acquired by the Boise School District located on the north side of the future Lake Hazel Road and an elementary school site is planned on the southern portion of the site. Due to the addition of the high school site, the portion of the site planned for business park has been reduced from 110 acres to 60 acres. Other changes include a gridded network of circulator/collector roadways planned to be constructed throughout the site.

Because the land use assumptions proposed in the current application are generally consistent with those of the prior application and because ACHD policy requires updated traffic impact studies for each phase (subsequent preliminary plat applications) an updated traffic impact study was not required for this application. ACHD has obtained recent traffic counts and confirmed the data in the TIS based on the most recent counts (see Attachment 5).

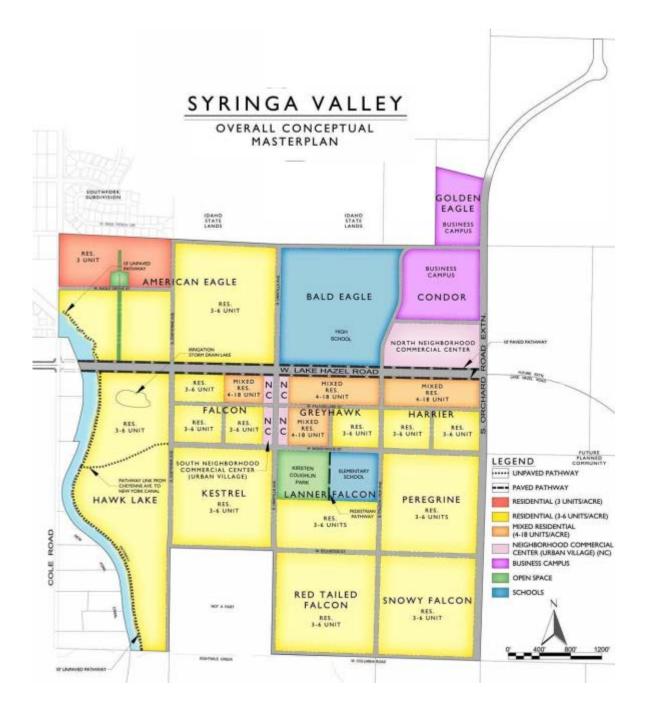
Staff also confirmed that the conclusions from the intersection section of the TIS are also valid and the Cole/Amity and Cole/Victory intersections currently operate at acceptable LOS and are projected to operate at an acceptable LOS with a limited portion of the site built out (170 single family homes) under total traffic conditions (site + background traffic). The TIS refers to 170 single family homes and 25 townhomes, a total of 195 lots as Phase 1A. For the current application Phase 1A has been reduced to 170 single family building lots to ensure the Cole/Amity and Cole/Victory intersections continue to operate at an acceptable level of service.

The phasing analysis included as part of the traffic impact study, and included in this memo, references anticipated dates for when phases of the development are to be constructed. These dates are used as a planning tool and not to determine when roadway improvements are necessary to serve the site. Roadway improvements will be required when necessary to accommodate the traffic generated by the development and based on the recommendations of future traffic impact studies with the preliminary plats.

Vicinity Map



Conceptual Site Plan



ACHD Comments and Recommendations to Boise City

1. Lake Hazel Extension/Gowen Road Relocation Alignment Study and the Southwest Boise Transportation Study

This site is located within the study areas of both the Lake Hazel Extension/Gowen Relocation Alignment Study and the Southwest Boise Transportation Study.

The Lake Hazel Extension/Gowen Road Relocation study was led by ACHD in partnership with Boise City and the Boise Airport. The study was adopted by the ACHD Commission on December 22, 2008. The adoption of the study allows ACHD to preserve a route for the Lake Hazel Extension and connecting roads as development occurs in the area. The study identifies an alignment and cross sections for the extensions of Lake Hazel Road and Orchard Street, and established ½ half mile intersection spacing on Lake Hazel Road.

The Southwest Boise Transportation Study identifies future roadway, intersection and corridor needs to accommodate future traffic demand in the Southwest Boise area. The study was adopted by the ACHD Commission on May 27, 2009. The study identifies an alignment and cross sections for the extensions of Lake Hazel Road and Orchard Street.

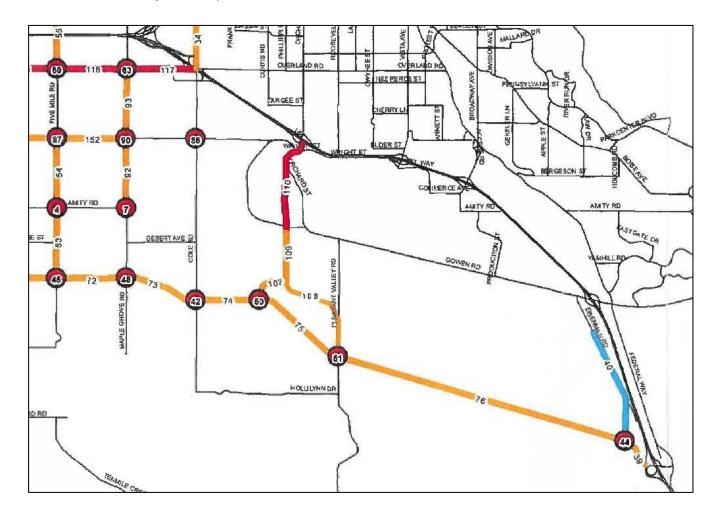
Both studies recommend that Lake Hazel be extended as a future 5-lane roadway and that Orchard Street be realigned as a 7-lane roadway from Gowen Road to Victory Road and extended as a 5-lane road from Gowen Road to Lake Hazel Road.

2. Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)/Integrated Five Year Work Plan (IFYWP)

The following improvements are scheduled in ACHD's IFYWP or listed in the CIP:

- The Victory Road /Cole Road intersection is scheduled in the IFYWP to be widened to 7 lanes on the west and to 6 lanes on the east legs of the intersection. The north and south legs of the intersection are to remain at 5 lanes. This project includes widening Cole Road to 5 lanes between Victory and McGlochlin and is scheduled to begin in 2020.
- Lake Hazel Road is listed in the CIP to be widened to 5-lanes from Maple Grove Road to Cole Road between 2022 and 2026 (Project #73 on corresponding map).
- Lake Hazel Road is listed in the CIP to be extended as 5-lanes from Cole Road to Orchard Street between 2022 and 2026 (Project #74).
- The intersection of Lake Hazel Road and Cole Road is listed in the CIP to be constructed between 2022 and 2026 (Project #42).
- The intersection of Lake Hazel Road and Orchard Street is listed in the CIP to be constructed between 2022 and 2026 (Project #50).
- Orchard Street is listed in the CIP to be extended as 7-lanes from Gowen Road to Victory Road between 2027 and 2031 (Project #110).
- Orchard Street is listed in the CIP to be extended as 5-lanes from Pleasant Valley to Orchard Street Extension between 2027 and 2031 (Project #109).
- Orchard Street is listed in the CIP to be extended as 5-lanes from Lake Hazel to Orchard Street Extension between 2027 and 2031 (Project #107).

2012 CIP Project Map



3. Traffic Impact Study

The purpose of the study was to evaluate the traffic impacts resulting from the Syringa Valley development and to make recommendations for mitigation to the impacts if needed.

Traffic Impact Study Area

With the traffic impact study for Syringa Valley the study area was extended beyond the roadways within and adjacent to the development to allow for analysis of all the traffic impacts. The study area included the following roadway segments:

- Lake Hazel Road (Maple Grove to Cole Road)
- Lake Hazel Road (Orchard to Cole)
- Cole Road (Lake Hazel to Victory)
- Cole Road (Victory to Overland)
- Orchard Street (Lake Hazel to Gowen)
- Orchard Street (1-84 to Gowen Road)

The following intersections were also included in the analysis:

- Cole/Victory
- Cole/Amity
- Cole/New Site Road
- Cole/Lake Hazel

- Maple Grove/Lake Hazel
- Orchard/Lake Hazel
- Orchard/Gowen
- Lake Hazel/New Site Access Roads

Anticipated traffic mitigation and roadway improvement phasing plan has been submitted by the applicant and reviewed by ACHD staff (see finding 6).

The applicant's TIS analyzed the impacts of the subject development and identified the street and intersection improvements necessary to mitigate the projected impacts. A complete executive summary of the study is included in Attachment 3. Below is a summary of the scope:

- Trip Generation of the proposed developments
- Site traffic distribution and traffic assignment
- Capacity analysis of the existing and future intersections
- Site access analysis
- Roadway Capacity
- Trip Distribution
- Phasing Analysis
- Recommendations/Mitigation

ACHD Staff Comment: ACHD Traffic Services and Development Services staff have reviewed the submitted traffic impact study and found it to meet ACHD's policy and standards. District staff comments and recommendations are noted below.

4. Trip Generation and Trip Capture

- a. Land Use Assumptions
 - i. 2,920 dwellings units, includes:
 - 1. 1,330 single family residential units
 - 2. 1,110 apartment units
 - 3. 480 condominium/townhome units
 - ii. 60 acre business park
 - iii. 156,000 square foot shopping center
 - iv. Two school sites
- b. Total Trip Generation
 - i. At the time of full build-out in 2035 Syringa Valley is anticipated to generate:
 - 1. 44,120 vehicle trips per day, and
 - 2. 4,315 vehicles trips per hour during the PM peak hour
- c. Proposed Trip Capture Percentages
 - i. The submitted traffic impact study estimates that approximately 6% of the site generated traffic will be retained within the development due to the proposed mix of uses.

ACHD Staff Comment: District Traffic Services staff has reviewed the trip capture analysis and the methodology used by Kittelson & Associates for the Syringa Valley trip capture, and is supportive of the methodology utilized, as the applicant's engineer used the procedure outlined in the ITE Trip Generation Handbook for calculating the trip capture as required by ACHD.

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The applicant's engineer estimated 6% of the daily trips would be captured within the site. This is a reasonable assumption and should not lead to additional mitigation requirements beyond what is identified. The actual trip capture rate will need to be verified with each revised traffic impact study.

d. ACHD Staff Recommendation for Trip Capture Rates

- i. Each preliminary plat must include actual traffic counts of all phases to date, plus the projected traffic for the proposed phase.
- ii. No assumed trip capture or reductions will be allowed on phases to date, only actual verified trip capture may be utilized for the existing phases at the time of the future studies. Estimated trip capture will only be allowed for the proposed future phase based on ITE standards. The future evaluation must utilize the trip capture methodology outlined in the ITE Trip Generation Handbook.
- iii. The traffic impacts will be evaluated with the updated traffic impact studies described below and the applicable street improvements will be required with each preliminary plat phase that necessitates the street improvement.

5. Future Traffic Impact Studies

District Policy 7106.7.2 Multi Phase Developments states, that for large scale developments, like planned communities or specific area plans, ACHD will require that a phasing analysis be submitted with the initial TIS or with the first preliminary plat submittal. This phasing analysis shall include the size and type of the proposed land uses within each phase and the anticipated mitigation measures necessary with each phase. Prior to the approval for each subsequent phase of the development, the applicant shall submit an updated TIS.

Staff Comments: The policy requiring an updated TIS with each phase of the development is intended to assist staff in determining the impacts to the ACHD system and appropriate mitigation measures based on the most current information available. The updates also provide a check at each phase of the development to ensure the land uses are developing as proposed and at the proposed densities; as well as to ensure previous TIS assumptions were accurate for the phases built to date, and to give an opportunity for corrections and/or adjustments if necessary. Depending on the accuracy of the original TIS projections of future traffic conditions, the previously identified mitigation measures may need to be updated. This could potentially lead to additional mitigation measures or less mitigation measures depending on the data and analysis in the updated TIS.

Staff recommendation: Consistent with District policy, the applicant should be required to provide an updated traffic impact study with each phase of the development. In addition, a TIS should be required with all development applications that include a change to the Specific Area Plan that may alter traffic impact projections at the sole discretion of ACHD. All TIS submittals, including updates to the TIS, must meet ACHD policy requirements at the time of submittal.

TIS Update Requirements: An update to the TIS should include the following items:

- Updated traffic counts for the impacted roadway segments and intersections listed in the previous TIS;
- Information from the built development to date including actual traffic counts and actual measured trip capture;
- Projected trip generation, trip distribution and assignment, and anticipated trip Page 8 of 15

capture for the current phase under consideration (preliminary plat application), based on development of the applicable land uses;

- Necessary mitigation measures for the current phase;
- Updates to all analysis, conclusions and recommendations found to be out of date or in need of correction based on the updated information;
- Meet all ACHD policy requirements for a TIS at the time of submittal.
- Each school planned within Syringa Valley will be required to submit a traffic impact study at the time of development.

6. Mitigation Phasing Plan

As part of the submitted traffic impact study the applicant's engineer provided a phasing plan identifying roadway improvements necessary to serve the site with each phase of the development. The phasing plan includes roadway segment and intersection improvements internal to the site, and off site.

The following table identifies the number of residential lots and commercial/office uses that are anticipated to be constructed within each phase of the development. A table identifying the required improvements per phase is included as attachment 4.

Phase	Single Family Residential	Apartment Units	Condo/ Townhouse Units	Business Park (acres)	Shopping Center (square feet)
1A	170				
1			30	12.8	
2	100	430	190	60	156,000
3	540	680	220	37	
4	520		40		
Total	1,330	1,110	480	109.8	156,000

ACHD Staff Comments: The submitted phasing analysis references several off site projects listed in ACHD's Capital Improvement Plan. The applicant should not assume that ACHD will construct any of the improvements listed in the CIP in the timeframe necessitated by the development; including, but not limited to the extension of Lake Hazel east of Cole Road through the site and the realignment and extension of Orchard Road south of Gowen Road.

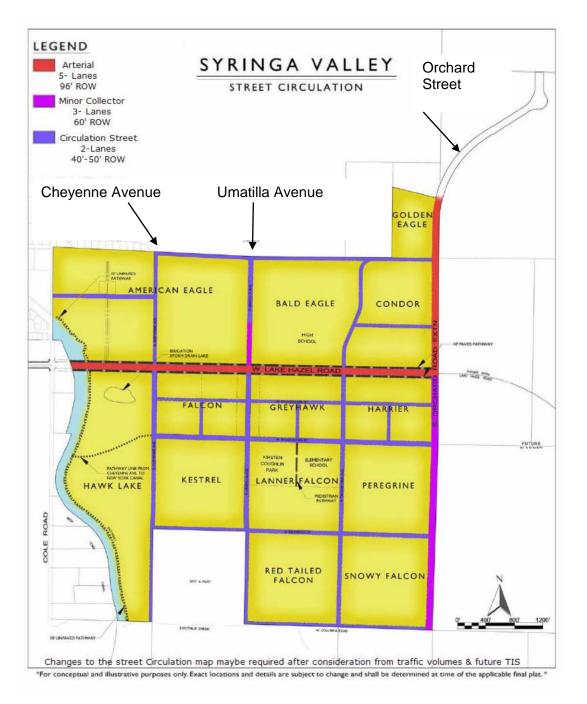
When significant roadway improvements are needed to serve the site, such as the extension of Lake Hazel east of Cole Road through the site and the realignment and extension of Orchard Road south of Gowen Road, the applicant will need to wait for ACHD to construct the improvements, as listed in the CIP or enter into a Cooperative Development Agreement (CDA) with the District to construct the improvements ahead of ACHD and be reimbursed for impact fee eligible expenses through impact fees or impact fee credits over time.

The applicant has demonstrated his commitment to making the necessary off-site improvements when needed by proactively dedicating the right-of-way necessary accommodate the Orchard Street and Lake Hazel extensions to the site through their property.

The necessary improvements needed to serve the site will be re-evaluated as part of future traffic impact study updates and required when needed to serve the site.

Based on the submitted phasing plan the applicant should be able to construct Phase 1A of the project (170 single family units) before the intersection of Victory and Cole Roads exceeds acceptable level of service standards. To move forward beyond Phase 1A, the applicant will be required to construct/extend Orchard Street to the site as a minimum 2-lane roadway. This will require right-of-way dedication through land owned by the Boise City Airport south of Gowen Road.

Circulation Plan



7. New Arterial Roadways (Lake Hazel and Orchard)

- a. The applicant has proposed to utilize existing Cole Road and the future extensions of Lake Hazel Road and Orchard Street to access the site.
- b. Design
- i. The applicant has not proposed any specific street sections as part of this application. The applicant has proposed to construct a 10-foot wide pathway on the north and south sides of Lake Hazel Road abutting the site.
- ii. The applicant has indicated that when traffic conditions warrant secondary access to the site, the applicant will construct the Orchard Street extension

as a 2-lane roadway from Gowen Road to the Lake Hazel extension, and then Lake Hazel west as a 2-lane road to Cheyenne Avenue to serve the site.

ACHD Staff Comments/Recommendations: Staff is supportive of the applicant's proposal to construct the interim 2-lane street sections of Orchard Street and Lake Hazel Road to provide access to the site. Staff recommends that Orchard Street south from Gowen Road to Lake Hazel be constructed as a 2-lane rural arterial with two 12-foot wide travel lanes, 8-foot wide paved shoulders on both sides of the roadway to accommodate cyclist/pedestrians, 3-foot wide gravel shoulders, and 8-foot wide barrow ditch on both sides of the roadway.

The MSM identifies this segment of Orchard Street as a New Mobility Arterial, a 5/7lane roadway with bike lanes, curb, gutter, and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalks. Long term, Orchard Street is planned to be widened to 7-lanes from Gowen Road to Victory Road, and 5 lanes from Pleasant Valley to Orchard Street Extension.

Staff recommends that Lake Hazel Road west from Orchard Street to Cheyenne Avenue (Cheyenne Avenue is to be located approximately 1,600-feet east of Cole Road) be constructed as a 2-lane rural arterial with two 12-foot wide travel lanes, 8foot wide paved shoulders on both sides of the roadway to accommodate cyclist/pedestrians, 3-foot wide gravel shoulders, and 8-foot wide barrow ditch on both sides of the roadway.

The MSM identifies this segment of Lake Hazel Road as a New Residential Mobility Arterial, a 5-lane roadway with bike lanes, curb, gutter, and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalks within 100-feet of right-of-way. The applicant should be required to dedicate the 100-feet of right-of-way necessary to accommodate the future widening of Lake Hazel Road to 5-lanes.

The applicant should be required to construct sidewalks abutting Orchard Street and Lake Hazel Road abutting the site through the preliminary plat process. The applicant's proposal to construct a 10-foot wide pathway on the north and south sides of Lake Hazel Road abutting the site exceeds ACHD's policy requiring a minimum 5-foot concrete sidewalk. The applicant should be required to construct the pathway as a 10-foot wide concrete pathway and provide a sidewalk easement for all portions located outside of the existing right-of-way for Lake Hazel Road.

As previously noted both the Orchard Street and Lake Hazel extensions are listed in ACHD's CIP for construction between the years 2022 to 2031. Therefore, the applicant may be reimbursed for impact fee eligible costs associated with the interim improvements of Orchard Street and Lake Hazel Road.

c. Collector Roadway

The applicant has proposed to construct north/south and east/west circulator/ collector roadways though the site. The applicant has proposed to construct the circulator/collector roadways as 33 to 36-foot street sections with 8.5 to 11.5-foot wide planter strips and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalks. The applicant has proposed some segments of the circulator/collectors roadways with on-street parking. The applicant has proposed to extend the right-of-way 2-feet behind the back of curb and to place the detached sidewalks in a permanent right-of-way easement. The applicant's proposal for the circulator/collector roadways street sections is consistent with ACHD policy. Requests for on-street parking will be evaluated on a case by case basis. All circulator/collector roadways will be reviewed with each preliminary plat to ensure compliance with District policy at that time.

8. Cole Road

a. The applicant is proposing to use existing Cole Road to access the site for Phase 1A (195) single family dwelling unit). Cole Road is currently a 2-lane roadway with intermittent curb, gutter, and sidewalk from the site north to Victory Road. From Victory Road to Overland Road, Cole Road is improved with 5-travel lanes, bike lanes and curb, gutter, and sidewalk.

ACHD Staff Comments: All of the roadway segments on Cole Road between Lake Hazel and Overland Road operate at an acceptable level of service under existing conditions, and under 2017 total traffic conditions (Existing +Project), with the exception of the one mile segment between Amity and Victory Road. To address this, the traffic impact study recommends the construction of the extension of Orchard Street and Lake Hazel Road to serve the site.

Under 2025 total traffic conditions, Cole Road from Amity to Lake Hazel Road, and from Victory to Overland Road, are expected to operate at an acceptable level of service. The 2 segments of Cole Road from Amity to Desert Avenue, and from Amity to Victory Road, are expected to exceed acceptable level of service thresholds. To address this, the traffic impact study recommends the extension of Orchard Street and Lake Hazel Road to serve the site.

Under 2035 total traffic conditions all segments of Cole Road between Lake Hazel and Overland Road are expected to exceed acceptable level of service thresholds. To address this, the traffic impact study recommends the extension of Orchard Street and Lake Hazel Road to serve the site.

The applicant must construct the Orchard Street extension with any phase of the development beyond Phase 1A (170 single family lots) as the applicant has proposed. Orchard Street should be extended as a 2-lane roadway from Gowen Road to the Lake Hazel extension and Lake Hazel Road from Orchard Street west to Cheyenne Avenue as described in Finding No. 7 above.

Once Orchard Street is extended from Gowen Road to Lake Hazel Road and Lake Hazel Road is extended to Cole Road, the access point onto Cole Road should be closed and all access to the site should come from Lake Hazel Road. The closure of this access point will be required as part of a future preliminary plat application.

9. Internal Street Sections

The applicant has proposed to construct the internal streets with 24-foot wide minor local streets and 33-foot street sections with planter strips, and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalks.

The proposed internal street sections are consistent with ACHD policy. The minor local streets should be designed to intersect a standard street on either side. The right-of-way for all of the internal local streets should extend 2 feet behind the back of curb and detached sidewalks should be placed in a permanent right-of-way easement. Street sections will be reviewed with each preliminary plat to ensure compliance with District policy at that time.

10. Site Access

- a. Proposed locations
 - i. The applicant has proposed to construct one signalized full access public street, onto Lake Hazel Road located at the half mile between Cole and Orchard Road, and 2 temporary full access public street intersections at the quarter mile east and west, which would be restricted to left-in/right-in/right-out or right-in/right-out only in the future.

ACHD Staff Comment: The applicant's proposal to construct one signalized access onto Lake Hazel Road at the half mile is consistent with the Lake Hazel Extension/Gowen Relocation Alignment Study and District Access Management and Public Street Location policies.

The submitted traffic impact study provided an additional analysis to demonstrate the need for more than one access point onto Lake Hazel Road, as required by District policy 7106.8.6 Traffic Analysis. The analysis found that under 2035 total traffic conditions one signalized access at the half-mile would not operate at an acceptable level of service and that additional access to Lake Hazel Road would be necessary to serve the site.

Staff is supportive of the applicant's proposal to construct one signalized full access public street onto Lake Hazel Road located at the half mile between Cole and Orchard Road, and 2 temporary full access public street intersections at the quarter mile east and west, which would be restricted to left-in/right-out or right-in/right-out only in the future.

When the signal at the half mile is warranted the applicant will be required to design, and install the signal. The intersection will need to be designed to accommodate dual left turn lanes onto Lake Hazel with one left turn into the site. The applicant will be required to coordinate the design of the signal and intersection with District Traffic Services and Development Review Staff.

Other than the one signalized full access public street onto Lake Hazel Road located at the half mile between Cole and Orchard Road, and 2 temporary full access public street intersections at the quarter mile east and west, direct lot access to Lake Hazel Road will be prohibited.

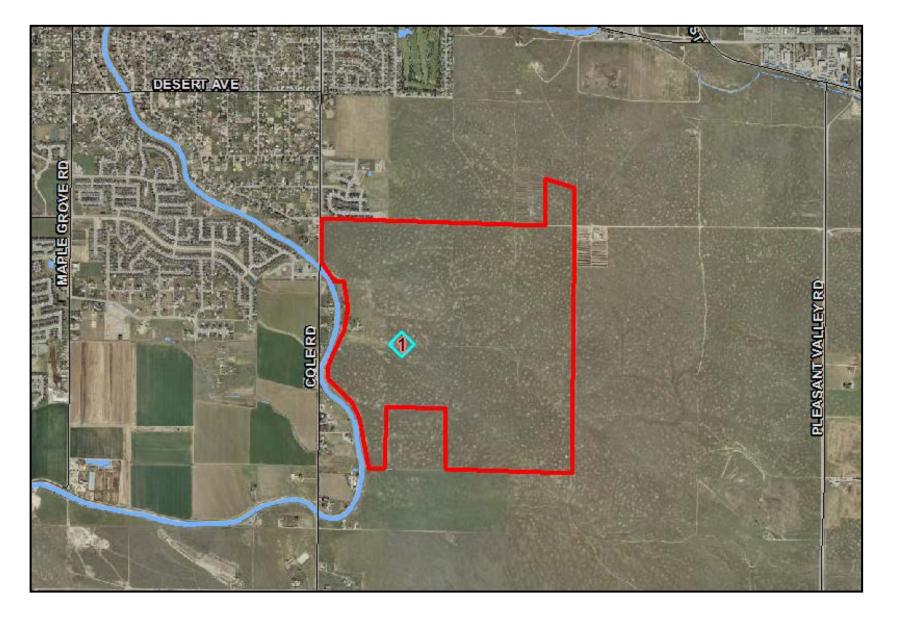
11. Summary and Disclaimer

- a. Below is a summary of the primary issues that will be required to be addressed with future preliminary plats:
 - i. Traffic Impact Studies—Staff recommends updated traffic impact studies be required with each phase of the development to verify assumptions.
 - ii. Disclaimer: No waiver or modification of policy is approved or recommended unless specifically called out by policy section and specifically approved in this report. Additional requirements may be required at each preliminary plat phase.

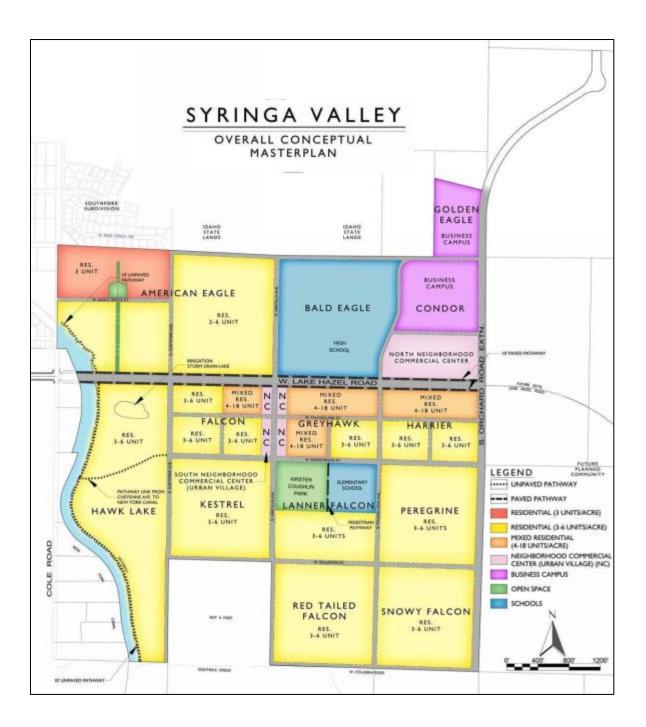
Attachments

- 1. Vicinity Map(8 ½ x 11)
- 2. Proposed Land Use/Circulation Map (8 ½ x 11)
- 3. Complete Traffic Study Summary
- 4. Phasing Table
- 5. Updated Traffic Counts

Attachment 1 – Vicinity Map



Attachment 2 - Concept Plan



Attachment 3 – Traffic Impact Study Executive Summary

Executive Summary

Pleasant Valley South, LLC is proposing to develop a +600 acre planned community, known as Syringa Valley, in the southwest planning area of Boise, Idaho. The proposed development is located between S. Cole Road and Pleasant Valley Road and adjacent to the New York Canal. The proposed development plan includes a 65-acre residential area located in the northwest corner of the site, a 110 acre business park located in the northeast corner of the site, and a 425 acre mixed-use development with a medium to low density residential and two neighborhood commercial centers located south of the future Lake Hazel Road extension.

Access to the site in the near term is proposed via a new street connection to S. Cole Road located approximately 550-feet south of S. Latigo Drive. As the site develops, additional access points are proposed via the Lake Hazel Road and S. Orchard Road extensions, consistent with the Lake Hazel Road/Gowen Road Relocation Alignment Study Report. Construction Syringa Valley is expected to occur in four major phases over the next several years. For the purpose of this analysis, full build-out and occupany of Phase 1 is expected to occur in 2017, Phase 2 in 2025, and Phases 3 and 4 in 2035. One sub-phase is analyzed in the study, the preliminary plat for Kirsten's Syringa Valley Subdivision (referred to as Phase 1A), with full build-out and occupancy expected to occur in 2017.

The results of this analysis indicated that Syringa Valley can be constructed while maintaining acceptable traffic operations and safety at the study intersections, assuming provision of the recommended mitigation measures.

Findings

Year 2013 Existing Conditions

- All of the study intersections currently operate acceptably during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours.
- Based on the roadway segment analysis, one additional travel lane is needed in each direction along S. Cole Road between W. Victory Road and W. Amity Road and along S. Orchard Street between I-84 and W. Gowen Road to meet ACHD's roadway segment level-of-service standards.
- A review of crash historical crash data indicates that there were a significant number of crashes at the S. Cole Road/S. Victory Road intersection over the last five years.
 - Changing the existing left-turn phase at the eastbound and westbound approaches to protected only may reduce the potential for crashes at the intersection; however, it will also reduce intersection capacity slightly.
- No patterns or trends were identified at the other study intersections that require mitigation associated with this project.

Year 2017 Background Traffic Conditions

- The year 2017 background traffic conditions analysis assumes the following roadway improvements:
 - Extension of S. Lake Hazel Road to S. Cole Road by ACHD with a 2-lane cross section while preserving the right-of-way for the planned 5-lane cross section. Note: This interim improvement is consistent with ACHD CIP# RD2012-2026.
- All of the study intersections are expected to operate acceptably during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours with the exception of S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road intersection.
 - The S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road intersection requires a second southbound through lane to meet ACHD's operational standards. This requires addition of a right-turn lane, restriping of the existing southbound right-turn drop lane to a through lane, and extending it further south of the intersection so that drivers are not required to merge immediately south of the intersection.
 - As under existing conditions, one additional travel lane is needed in each direction along S. Cole Road between W. Victory Road and W. Amity Road and along S. Orchard Street between I-84 and W. Gowen Road to meet ACHD's roadway segment level-of-service standards.

Phase 1A and Phase 1 Development Plan

- Phase 1A is portion of Phase 1 of the overall master plan and is the first proposed plat for the development, expected to consist of 170 single-family residential homes and 25 condominium/townhomes. Build-out is expected to occur in the year 2017. Access to Phase 1A is expected to be provided via a new public street connection to S. Cole Road located approximately 550-feet south of S. Latigo Drive.
- Phase 1A is expected to generate approximately 1,770 daily trips, including 135 trips (30 inbound, 105 outbound) during the weekday a.m. peak hour and 185 trips (115 inbound, 70 outbound) during the weekday peak hour.
- Phase 1 is expected is consist of 170 single-family residential homes, 30 condominium/townhomes, and a 12.8 acre business park located in the northwest corner of the overall development site. Build-out is expected to occur in the year 2017.
- Full build-out of Phase 1 is expected to generate approximately 3,670 daily trips, including 380 trips (240 inbound, 140 outbound) during the weekday a.m. peak hour and 395 trips (160 inbound, 235 outbound) during the weekday p.m. peak hour.
- Access to Phase 1 is initially proposed via a new street connection to S. Cole Road located approximately 550-feet south of S. Latigo Drive until a second access is required< which is to be either:
 - Scenario 1: A two-lane interim roadway over the New York Canal along the future Lake Hazel Road extension alignment, or
 - Scenario 2: A two-lane interim roadway along the future S. Orchard Street extension alignment south of W. Gowen Road.

Year 2017 Total Traffic Conditions

- Phase 1A: All of the study intersections are expected to operate acceptably during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours with traffic generated by Phase 1A of the proposed development.
- Phase 1: All of the study intersections are expected to continue to operate acceptably during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours with traffic generated by Phase 1 of the proposed development under Scenarios 1 and 2 assuming the following improvements are implemented with development of the site:
 - Scenario 1: Construct a westbound right-turn lane and through-left lane at the S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road extension intersection.
 - Scenario 2: A traffic signal is warranted at the existing S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road intersection (#9) and should be installed temporarily until ACHD realigns S. Orchard Street between W. Victory Road and W. Gowen Road (CIP #RD 2012-110).
 - Scenario 2: Construct separate northbound left and right-turn lanes at the new S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road intersection (#10).
- As under existing conditions and year 2017 background conditions, one additional travel lane is needed in each direction along S. Cole Road between W. Victory Road and W. Amity Road along S. Orchard Street between I-84 and W. Gowen Road to meet ACHD's roadway segment level-of-service standard.

Year 2025 Background Traffic Conditions

- The 2025 background traffic conditions analysis assumes the following roadway improvements:
 - Extension of S. Orchard Street to Lake Hazel Road by ACHD with a 2-lane cross section while preserving the right-of-way for the planned 5-lane cross section. Note: This interim improvement is consistent with ACHD CIP# RD2012-107 and RD2012-109 which are schedule to occur in 2027-2031.
 - CIP# RD2012-72 Reconstruct/widen Lake Hazel Road from 2-lanes to 5-lanes between Five Mile and S. Maple Grove Road.
 - CIP# RD2012-73 Reconstruct/widen Lake Hazel Road from 2-lanes to 5-lanes between S. Maple Grove and S. Cole Road.
 - CIP# RD2012-74 Extend/construct Lake Hazel Road as a 5-lane roadway from S. Cole Road to the S. Orchard Street extension.
 - CIP# IN2012-42 Extend/construct a new dual-lane roundabout at the Lake Hazel Road/S. Cole Road intersection. Note: based on the analysis results of this study it is recommended that a traffic signal be installed instead.
 - CIP# IN2012-48 Replace/modify traffic signal at the S. Maple Grove Road/Lake Hazel Road intersection to accommodate the addition of a separate southbound right-turn lane and the reconstruction/widening of Lake Hazel Road per CIP# RD2012-72 and RD 2012-73.
- All of the study intersections are expected to operate at acceptably during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours with the exception of the S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road and S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road intersection.

- A separate northbound right-turn lane is needed at the S. Cole/W. Victory Road intersection to meet ACHD operational standards. Note: this improvement is consistent with ACHD CIP #IN 2012-86 which is scheduled to occur in 2027-2031.
- Separate left-turn lanes at the eastbound and westbound approaches and separate right-turn lanes at the eastbound and southbound approaches are needed at the S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road intersection (#9) to meet ACHD operational standards.
- As under existing conditions and all year 2017 conditions, one additional travel lane is needed in each direction along S. Cole Road between W. Victory Road and W. Amity Road and along S. Orchard Street between I-84 and W. Gowen Road to meet ACHD's roadway segment level-of-service standard.

Phase 2 Development Plan

- Phase 2 is expected to consist of 100 single-family residential homes, 190 condominum/townhomes, 430 apartments, 156,000 square-feet of shopping center space, and a 60 acre business park located north and south of the Lake Hazel Road extension. Build-out is expected to be in the year 2025.
- Full build-out of Phase 1 and 2 is expected to generate approximately 22,820 daily trips, including 2,015 trips (1,355 inbound, 660 outbound) during the weekday a.m. peak hour and 2,130 trips (880 inbound, 1,330) during the weekday p.m. peak hour.
- Access to Phase 1 and 2 is proposed via the connection to S. Cole Road described previously, one new street connection to the Lake Hazel Road extension, and one new street connection to the S. Orchard Street extension.

Year 2025 Total Traffic Conditions

- All of the study intersections and site-access points are expected to operate acceptably during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours with the exception of the S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road, S. Orchard Street/W. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road (#9), and S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road (#10) intersections.
 - The S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road intersection needs separate right-turn lanes at the eastbound and westbound approaches to meet ACHD operational standards. Note: This improvement is consistent with ACHD CIP #IN2012-86 which is scheduled to occur in 2027-2031.
 - The S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road intersection (#9) needs a second separate eastbound left-turn lane with protected left-turn lane phasing to meet ACHD operational standards.
 - The S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road (#10) intersection needs a separate westbound left-turn lane and traffic signal with protected-permitted left-turn phasing at the eastbound approach to meet ACHD operational standards.
 - Alternatively, if the S. Orchard Street realignment project were moved up to the 2022-2026 timeframe, the S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road (#10) intersection would need two separate westbound right-turn lanes and a second separate southbound left-turn lane with protected left-turn phasing for the

northbound and southbound approaches to meet ACHD operational standards. The S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road (#9) intersection was not evaluated in detail under this alternative due to the assumption that the existing S. Orchard Street would become a local street connection only.

• The ACHD roadway segment level-of-service analysis, along with key intersection analyses, demonstrate the Orchard Street extension from Gowen Road to Lake Hazel Road should be widened to 5-lanes to accommodate the projected Phases 1 & 2 volumes.

Year 2035 Background Traffic Conditions

- The 2035 background traffic conditions analysis assumes the following roadway improvements:
 - CIP# RD2012-75 Extend/construct Lake Hazel Road as a 5-lane roadway from S. Orchard Street Extension to Pleasant Valley Road.
 - CIP# RD2012-107 Extend/construct S. Orchard Street as a 5-lane roadway from Lake Hazel Road to S. Orchard Street Extension.
 - CIP# RD2012-108 Extend/construct S. Orchard Street as a 5-lane roadway from Pleasant Valley Road to S. Orchard Street Extension.
 - CIP# RD2012-109 Extend/construct S. Orchard Street as a 5-lane roadway from S. Orchard Street Extension to W. Gowen Road.
 - CIP# RD2012-110 Realign S. Orchard Street as a 7-lane roadway from W. Gowen Road to W. Victory Road. *Note: It is assumed that all traffic associated with the existing S. Orchard Street roadway will re-route to the S. Orchard Street realignment.*
 - CIP# IN2012-50 Add a new traffic signal at the S. Orchard Street Extension/Lake Hazel Road Extension.
 - CIP# IN2012-86 Replace/modify traffic signal at the S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road intersection to accommodate the addition of a separate right-turn lane at the northbound approach, dual left-turn lanes and a separate right-turn lane at the eastbound approach, and a separate right-turn lane at the westbound approach.
- All of the study intersections are forecast to operate acceptably during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours, with the exception of the S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road and S. Cole Road/W. Amity Road intersections.
 - In addition to the improvements identified in the CIP, the S. Cole/W. Victory Road intersection needs a second southbound right-turn lane, a second westbound left-turn lane, and a third through lane for the eastbound and westbound approaches to meet ACHD operational standards. The additional through lanes on W. Victory Road allow the intersection to meet ACHD operational standards; however, they are not recommended per the findings and recommendation of the *Southwest Boise Transportation Study* and the ACHD CIP.
 - The S. Cole Road/W. Amity Road intersection needs a second through lane at the northbound and southbound approaches, making S. Cole Road five lanes

from south of Amity Road to Victory Road, to meet ACHD operation standards. This is consistent with the findings and recommendation in the *Southwest Boise Transportation Study.*

 One additional travel lane in each direction is needed on S. Cole Road between Overland Road and Desert Avenue to meet ACHD's roadway level-of-service standards, with the exception of S. Cole Road between Victory Road and Amity Road, which shows the need for two additional travel lanes in each direction. Specific discussion on roadway sizing is included in the Recommendations section of this summary.

Phase 3 and 4 Development Plan

- Phase 3 is expected to consist of 540 single-family residential homes, 220 condominium/townhomes, 680 apartments, and a 37 acre business park.
- Phase 4 is expected to consist of 520 single-family residential homes and 40 condominium/townhomes.
- Full build-out of the proposed development through Phase 4 (Phase 1 through 4) is expected in the year 2035 and is projected to generate approximately 44,120 daily trips, including 3,965 trips (2,240 inbound, 1,730 outbound) during the weekday a.m. peak hour and 4,315 trips (1,920 inbound, 2,395 outbound) during the weekday p.m. peak hour.
- Access to full build-out of the development is proposed via the connection to S. Cole Road described previously, one connection (Site Driveway 2A) described previously, one new connection (Site Driveway 2B) to the Lake Hazel Road extension, and one connection to the S. Orchard Street extension also described previously.

Year 2035 Total Traffic Conditions

- All of the study intersection and site access points are forecast to operate acceptably during the weekday a.m. and p.m. peak hours, with the exception of the S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road, S. Maple Grove Road/Lake Hazel Road, S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road Extension, Site Driveway 2/Lake Hazel Road Extension, S. Orchard Street Extension/Lake Hazel Road Extension, S. Orchard Street Extension/Site Driveway 3, and S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road intersections.
 - The S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road intersection needs a third through land for the northbound and southbound approaches on S. Cole Road. While the additional through lanes will all the intersection to meet ACHD operational standards, they are not recommended due to the potentially extensive impacts caused by a seven-lane cross section on S. Cole Road. Additionally, there are other connections (S. Orchard Street Extension and Lake Hazel Road Extension) allowing traffic to access the site without traveling through the S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road intersection.
 - The S. Maple Grove Road/Lake Hazel Road intersection needs a second eastbound left-turn lane with protected-only left-turn phasing for the eastbound

and westbound approaches and a second southbound right-turn lane to meet ACHD operational standards.

- The S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road Extension intersection needs a separate westbound right-turn lane, a separate northbound right-turn lane, and a separate southbound right-turn lane, and a second separate southbound left-turn lane with protected phasing at the northbound and southbound approaches to meet ACHD operational standards.
- The Site Driveway 2/Lake hazel Road Extension needs to be supplemented by a second driveway located along the Lake Hazel Road Extension due to the inability for a single site driveway onto Lake Hazel Road to accommodate the projected development traffic.
- The S. Orchard Street/Site Driveway 3 intersection needs a second separate eastbound left-turn lane with protected-only phasing at the eastbound and westbound approaches to meet ACHD operation standards.
- The S. Orchard Street Extension/Lake Hazel Road Extension intersection needs a second eastbound left-turn lane with protected-only left-turn phasing for the eastbound and westbound approaches and a second southbound right-turn lane to meet ACHD operational standards.
- The S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road (#10) intersection needs a second separate westbound right-turn lane and a second southbound left-turn lane with protected-only left-turn phasing to meet ACHD operational standards.
- The ACHD roadway segment level-of-service analysis demonstrates the need for additional though lanes in each direction on S. Cole Road from Overland Road to Lake Hazel Road, as well as on Lake Hazel Road from Maple Grove Road to the Orchard Street extension. Moe specific results of this analysis and discussion on roadway sixing are included in the Recommendations section of this summary.
- The roadway segment analysis shows S. Orchard Street from I-84 to W. Gowen Road could be constructed with a five-lane cross section as opposed to the planned, sevenlane cross section.

Recommendations

The recommended mitigation measures are divided into three categories: ACHD Planned, Growth Driven, and Development Driven. The ACHD Planned mitigation measures consist of planned improvements identified in SCHD's current Capital Improvement Plan (CIP). The Growth Driven mitigation measures consist of those needed to accommodate increases in traffic volumes attributable to background growth from the COMPASS regional travel demand model. Development Driven mitigation measures consist of those needed to accommodate increases in traffic volumes attributable to traffic generated from *Syringa Valley*.

Year 2017 Transportation Improvements – Phase 1A & Phase 1/Scenario 1

• The following provides a summary of the recommended improvements.

ACHD Planned

- Lake Hazel Road Extension (CIP# RD2012-73): Construct/extend Lake Hazel Road to S. Cole Road with a 2-lane cross section while preserving the right-of-way for the planned 5-lane cross section.
 - Full build-out of this segment of the Lake Hazel Road extension is currently programmed to occur in 2022-2026, but is assumed to be constructed sooner given ACHD's current design and right-of-way acquisition efforts taking place with this project.
- S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road Extension Intersection: Install a stop sign and provide a separate right-turn land and through-left lane for the eastbound approach.
 - <u>Note:</u> An improvement to this intersection (dual-lane roundabout) is currently programmed for the years 2022-2026 (CIP# IN2012-48).

Growth Driven

ACHD should consider including the following transportation improvement project in the next update of the CIP:

• *S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road Intersection*: Provide a separate southbound right-turn lane to allow for two southbound through lanes. Extend the merge location for the two southbound lanes farther south of the intersection to provide for adequate merge distance and lane utilization.

Development Driven

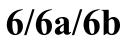
- *S. Cole Road/Site Driveway 1 Intersection:* Install a stop sign for the westbound approach.
- Lake Hazel Road Extension: Prior to full build-out of Phase 1, construct a secondary access via a 2-lane roadway connection over the New York Canal along the future Lake Hazel Road extension alignment.
- S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road Extension Intersection: Install a stop sign and provide a separate right-turn lane and a through-left lane for the westbound approach.

Year 2017 Transportation Improvements – Phase 1/Scenario 2

The following provides a summary of the recommended improvements:

ACHD Planned

- Lake Hazel Road Extension (CIP# RD2012-73): Construct/extend Lake Hazel Road to S. Cole Road with a 2-lane cross section while preserving the right-of-way for the planned 5-lane cross section.
 - Full build-out of this segment of the Lake Hazel Road extension is currently programmed to occur in 2022-2026, but is assumed to be constructed sooner



given ACHD's current design and right-of-way acquisition efforts taking place with this project.

- S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road Extension Intersection: Install a stop sign and provide a separate right-turn land and through-left lane for the eastbound approach.
 - <u>Note:</u> An improvement to this intersection (dual-lane roundabout) is currently programmed for the years 2022-2026 (CIP# IN2012-48).

Growth Driven

ACHD should consider including the following transportation improvement project in the next update of the CIP:

• *S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road Intersection*: Provide a separate southbound right-turn lane to allow for two southbound through lanes. Extend the merge location for the two southbound lanes farther south of the intersection to provide for adequate merge distance and lane utilization.

Development Driven

- *S. Cole Road/Site Driveway 1 Intersection:* Install a stop sign for the westbound approach.
- S. Orchard Street Extension: Prior to full build-out of Phase 1, construct a secondary access via a 2-lane roadway connection along the planned S. Orchard Street Extension alignment (CIP# RD2012-107, 109). Preserve the right-of-way for the planned 5-lane cross section.
- S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road (#9) Intersection: Install a temporary traffic signal to be in place until ACHD realigns S. Orchard Street between W. Victory Road and W. Gowen Road (CIP# RD2012-110).
- S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road (#10) Intersection: Install a stop sign and provide separate left- and right-turn lanes for the northbound approach.

Year 2025 Transportation Improvements

Figure E4 illustrates the transportation improvements needed to support full build-out and occupancy of Phase 1 and 2 of the proposed development in 2025. The following provides a summary of the recommended improvements in addition to those identified in the year 2017 recommendations:

ACHD Planned

- S. Orchard Street Extension: Construct/extend S. Orchard Street to the Lake Hazel Road extension with a 2-lane cross section while preserving the right-of-way for the planned 5-lane cross section.
 - Full build-out of this segment of the S. Orchard Street extension is currently programmed for the years 2027-2031, but is assumed to be constructed with a 2-lane cross section on an interim basis to provide access to the site.

- Lake Hazel Road Extension (CIP# RD2012-74): Construct/extend Lake Hazel Road to the S. Orchard Street extension with a 5-lane cross section.
- S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road intersection: Construct separate right-turn lanes at the eastbound, westbound, and northbound approaches to the intersection.
 - These improvements are currently programmed for the years 2027-2031, but are assumed to be needed to support full build-out and occupancy of Phase 1 and 2 of the proposed development.
- S. Maple Grove Rad/Lake Hazel Road Intersection (CIP# IN2012-48): Reconstruct/widen Lake Hazel Road to provide two through lanes for the eastbound and westbound approaches consistent with the planned widening of Lake Hazel Road under CIP# RD2012-72 and CIP# RD2012-73. Provide a separate right-turn lane with overlap phasing for the southbound approach.
- S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road Extension Intersection: Install a traffic signal.
 - ACHD CIP recommends installation of a dual-lane roundabout at this intersection (CIP# IN2012-42). Based on the analysis results of this study, it is recommended a traffic signal be installed instead.

Growth Driven

ACHD should consider including the following transportation improvement projects in the next update of the CIP:

- S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road Intersection (#9): Construct separate left-turn lanes at the eastbound and westbound approaches and separate right-turn lanes at the eastbound and southbound appraoaches.
- *S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road Intersection (#10):* Install a stop sign and provide separate left- and right-turn lanes for the northbound approach.

Development Driven

- *S. Orchard Street/W. Gowen Road Intersection (#9):* Construct a second separate eastbound left-turn lane and provide protected-only left-turn phasing at the eastbound and westbound approaches.
- S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road Intersection (#10): Construct a separate westbound left-turn lane at the westbound approach and install a traffic signal with protected-permitted left-turn phasing at the westbound approach.
- *S. Maple Grove Road/Lake Hazel Road Intersection:* Provide a separate right-turn lane for the westbound approach.
- Site Driveway 2/Lake Hazel Road Extension Intersection: Construct the intersection as illustrated in Figure E4 and install a traffic signal with protected-permitted left-turn phasing for each approach.
- *S. Orchard Street/Site Driveway 3:* Construct the intersection and install a traffic signal with protected-permitted left-turn phasing at the northbound approach.

Year 2035 Transportation Improvements

The following provides a summary of the recommended improvements in addition to those identified in the year 2017 and 2025 recommendation:

ACHD Planned

- *S. Orchard Street Realignment (CIP# RD2012-110):* Construct/realign S. Orchard Street between I-84 and W. Gowen Road with a 5-lane cross section.
 - ACHD's CIP identifies a 7-lane cross section for this segment of S. Orchard Street; however, a 5-lane segment is sufficient based on the roadway segment analysis performed within this study.
- S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road Intersection: Although the CIP doesn't identify a specific project for this intersection, it is assumed it will be reconstructed with the realignment of S. Orchard Street.
- S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road Intersection (CIP# IN2012-86): Construct a second separate eastbound left-turn lane with protected-only phasing at the eastbound and westbound approaches.
- S. Orchard Street Extension/Site Driveway 3 Intersection: Construct the east leg to accommodate the planned east-west roadway between the S. Orchard Street extension and Pleasant Valley Road.
- S. Orchard Street Extension/Lake Hazel Extension Intersection (CIP# IN2012-50): Construct the east leg to accommodate the planned extension of Lake Hazel Road to Pleasant Valley Road and install a traffic signal with protected-only left-turn phasing at the eastbound and westbound approaches.

Growth Driven

ACHD should consider including the following transportation improvement projects in the next update of the CIP:

- S. Cole Road (Victory Road to Desert Avenue): Two additional travel lanes in each direction are needed on S. Cole Road between Victory Road and Amity Road and one additional travel lane in each direction is needed on S. Cole Road between Amity Road and Desert Avenue to meet ACHD's roadway level-of-service standards. A seven-lane cross section on S. Cole Road is not consistent with the *Southwest Boise Transportation Study* or ACHD CIP recommendations; therefore, it is recommended a five-lane cross section be constructed for S. Cole Road from Victory Road to Desert Avenue.
- S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road Intersection: Construct a second separate left-turn lane for the westbound approach and a second separate right-turn lane at the southbound approach. As indicated previously, the intersection also needs a third through lane at the eastbound and westbound approaches to meet ACHD operational standards. However, the third through lanes are not recommended per the findings and recommendation of the Southwest Boise Transportation Study and the ACHD CIP.
- S. Cole Road/W. Amity Road Intersection: Construct/widen S. Cole Road to provide two through lanes for the northbound and southbound approaches.

Development Driven

- S. Cole Road (Desert Avenue to Lake Hazel Road): One additional travel lane in each direction is needed on S. Cole Road between Desert Avenue and Lake Hazel Road according to ACHD's roadway level-of-service analysis. The more detailed intersection analysis at the S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road intersection does not demonstrate the need for additional through lanes on S. Cole Road. Therefore, it is recommended S. Cole Road remain as a two-lane roadway with one travel lane in each direction.
- Lake Hazel Road (S. Maple Grove Road to S. Orchard Street Extension): One additional travel lane in each direction is needed on Lake Hazel road between S. Maple Grove Road and the S. Orchard Street extension according to ACHD's roadway level-of-service analysis. The more detailed intersection analysis at each of the intersections on Lake Hazel Road did not demonstrate the need for additional through lanes on Lake Hazel Road. Therefore, it is recommended Lake Hazel Road remain as planned as a five-lane roadway with two travel lanes in each direction and a two-way left-turn lane. This is also consistent with the recommendation of the Southwest Boise Transportation Study.
- S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road Intersection: As indicated previously, the intersection needs a third through lane at the northbound and southbound approaches to meet ACHD operational standards. However, the third through lanes are not recommended due to the extensive impacts caused by a seven-lane cross section on S. Cole Road. Additionally, there are other connections (S. Orchard Street Extension and Lake Hazel Road Extension) allowing traffic to access the site without traveling through the S. Cole Road/W. Victory Road intersection.
- *S. Maple Grove Road/Lake Hazel Road Intersection:* Provide a second separate left-turn lane for the eastbound approach with protected-only left-turn phasing for the eastbound and westbound approaches and a second separate right-turn lane for the southbound approach.
- *S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road Extension Intersection:* Provide a second separate leftturn lane for the southbound approach with protected-only phasing for the northbound and southbound approaches. Provide separate right-turn lanes for the northbound, southbound, and westbound approaches.
- Site Driveway 2B/Lake hazel Road Extension Intersection: Construct a second site driveway access to Lake Hazel Road (in addition to Site Driveway 2A) and install a traffic signal with protected-permitted left-turn phasing for each approach.
- S. Orchard Street Extension/Site Driveway 3 Intersection: Provide a second separate left-turn lane for the eastbound approach with protected-only phasing for the eastbound and westbound approaches.
- S. Orchard Street Extension/Lake Hazel Extension Intersection: Provide a second separate eastbound left-turn lane with protected-only phasing for the eastbound and westbound approaches, a second separate right-turn lane for the southbound approach, and construct the south leg to provide additional access to the site.
- *S. Orchard Street Extension/W. Gowen Road Intersection:* Construct a second separate left-turn lane for the southbound approach with protected-only left-turn phasing for the

northbound and southbound approaches, a second separate right-turn lane for the westbound approach, and a separate right turn lane at the northbound approach.

On-Site Circulation/Site-Access Operation Improvements

- Further evaluation of on-site circulation/site access operations should be completed for each phase of the proposed development during the site plan application process.
- All local streets within the development should have two travel lanes, one in each direction of travel.
- Stop signs should be used to control on-site traffic circulation north and south of the Lake Hazel extension.
- Shrubbery and landscaping near the internal intersection and major street connections with Lake Hazel Road and S. Orchard Street should be maintained to ensure adequate sight distance.

Attachment 4 – Phasing Table

S1* - Indicates a phasing scenario in which Lake Hazel Road is extended over the New York Canal as part of Phase 1.

S2* - Indicates a phasing scenario in which S. Orchard Street would be extended from Gowen Road to the site as part of Phase 1.

Phase	Year	Roadway Segments	Intersections	On/Off Site
1A & 1- S1*	2017			
			Cole / Driveway 1 - Install a stop sign for the westbound approach.	On Site
		Construct secondary access via a 2-lane roadway connection over the New York Canal along the future Lake Hazel Road extension alignment.		
			Cole/Lake Hazel - Install a stop sign and provide separate right-turn lane and a through-left lane for the eastbound approach.	On Site
Phase 1A & 1-S2*	2017	Roadway Segment	Intersection	On/Off Site
			Cole / Driveway 1 - Install a stop sign for the westbound approach.	
		Extend Orchard Street to provide a 2 lane connection planned along the Orchard Street alignment to the site.		Off Site
			Orchard / Gowen - Install a temporary traffic signal to be in place until ACHD realigns Orchard between Victory and Gowen (2027-2031).	Off Site
			Orchard Extension / Gowen - Install a stop sign and provide separate left- and	Off Site

			right-turn lanes for the northbound approach.	
Phase 2	2025	Roadway Segment	Intersection	On/Off Site
			Orchard / Gowen - Construct a second separate eastbound left-turn lane and provide protected-only left-turn phasing at the eastbound and westbound approaches.	Off Site
			Orchard Extension / Gowen - Construct a separate westbound left-turn lane at the westbound approach and install a traffic signal with protected-permitted left-turn phasing at the westbound approach.	Off Site
			Site Driveway 2 / Lake Hazel - Construct the intersection and install a traffic signal with protected-permitted left- turn phasing for each approach.	On Site
			Orchard Street / Site Driveway 3 - Construct the intersection and install a traffic signal with protected-permitted left-turn phasing at the northbound approach.	On Site
Phases 3 & 4	2035	Roadway Segments	Intersections	On/Off Site
		Lake Hazel Road – Widen Lake Hazel Road to 5 lanes between Maple Grove and the Orchard extension.		Maple Grove / Cole – Off Site Cole / Orchard – On Site

			Maple Grove / Lake Hazel - Provide a second separate left-turn lane for the eastbound approach with protected- only left-turn phasing for the eastbound and westbound approaches and a second separate right-turn lane for the southbound approach.	Off Site
			Cole / Lake Hazel - Provide a second separate left-turn lane for the southbound approach with protected- only phasing for the northbound and southbound approaches. Provide separate right-turn lanes for the northbound, southbound, and westbound approaches.	
			Site Driveway 2B / Lake Hazel - Construct a second site driveway access to Lake Hazel .	On Site
			Orchard Extension / Site Driveway 3 - Provide a second separate left-turn lane for the eastbound approach with protected-only phasing for the eastbound and westbound approaches	On Site
Phases 3 & 4	2035	Roadway Segments	Intersections	On/Off Site
			Orchard Extension / Lake Hazel - Provide a second separate eastbound left-turn lane with protected-only phasing for the eastbound and westbound approaches, a second separate right-turn lane for the	Off Site

	southbound approach, and construct the south leg to provide additional access to the site.	
	Orchard Extension / Gowen - Construct a second separate left-turn lane for the southbound approach with protected- only left-turn phasing for the northbound and southbound approaches, a second separate right- turn lane for the westbound approach, and a separate right turn lane at the northbound approach	Off Site

Attachment 5 - Updated Traffic Counts

Roadway	Segment	PM Peak Hour Traffic Count	PM Peak Hour Level of Service	Existing Plus Project
	South of Overland	1,318	Better than "E"	Better than "E"
Cole Rd. (Principal Arterial)	South of Victory	988	"F"	"F"
	North of Lake Hazel	286	Better than "E"	Better than "E"
	South of Lake Hazel	216	Better than "E"	Better than "E"
Lake Hazel	West of Cole	438	Better than "E"	Better than "E"

PM Peak Hour Traffic Counts

* Acceptable level of service for a five-lane principal arterial is "E" (1,770 VPH).

* Acceptable level of service for a three-lane principal arterial is "E" (880 VPH).

* Acceptable level of service for a two-lane principal arterial is "E" (690 VPH).

Average Daily Traffic Count (VDT)

Average daily traffic counts are based on ACHD's most current traffic counts.

- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Overland Road was 32, 598 on 9/24/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Victory Road was 17,011 on 4/23/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road north of Lake Hazel was 3,565 on 12/7/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Lake Hazel was 3,924 on 12/7/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Lake Hazel Road west of Cole was 3,988 on 12/9/15.

Intersections

Intersection	Existing V/C Ratio	Existing V/C Ratio Plus Phase 1A (170 single family units)
Cole/Amity	0.60	0.71
Cole/Victory	0.86	0.90

* Acceptable level of service for a signalized intersection is a V/C ratio of 0.90 or less.



January 19, 2016

TO: ACHD Board of Commissioners

- FROM: Mindy Wallace, AICP Planner III
- SUBJECT: Kirsten Subdivision/BPP15-0023

Executive Summary:

The applicant is requesting preliminary plat approval for Kirsten's Subdivision. The 100-acre subdivision consists of 413 residential lots, 40 townhome/multi-family lots and 41 open space lots, and is located at 6298 S. Cole Road. This is the first preliminary plat submittal within the Specific Planning Area for Syringa Valley.

The applicant and staff are in agreement on all findings for consideration and site specific conditions of approval. This application is on the regular agenda to allow testimony from area property owners.

Staff Recommendation:

Staff recommends approval of the staff report, as written





Project/File: Kirsten Subdivision/BPP15-0023

The applicant is requesting preliminary plat approval for Kirsten Subdivision. The 100-acre subdivision consists of 413 residential lots, 40 townhouse/multi-family lots and 41 open space lots, and is located at 6298 S. Cole Road.

WSDUPO

Lead Agency: City of Boise

Site address: 6298 S. Cole Rd.

- Commission Hearing:
- Hearing: January 27, 2016 Regular Agenda
- Applicant: Larry Hellhake The Hallhake Co., LLC 3837 N. Holl Dr. Eagle, ID 83616

Representative: James Money Civil Survey Consultants, Inc. 1400 E. Watertower St. Ste. 100 Meridian, ID 83642

Staff Contact: Mindy Wallace Phone: 387-6178 E-mail: <u>mwallace@achdidaho.org</u>

A. Findings of Fact

1. Description of Application: The applicant is requesting preliminary plat approval for Kirsten's Syringa Valley Subdivision. The 100-acre subdivision consists of 413 residential lots, 40 townhome/multi-family lots and 41 open space lots, and is located at 6298 S. Cole Road. This is the first preliminary plat submittal within the Specific Planning Area for Syringa Valley. The applicant's proposal is consistent with Boise City's comprehensive plan.

2. Description of Adjacent Surrounding Area:

Direction	Land Use	Zoning
North	Southfork Subdivision	R-4
South	Open Land	A-2
East	Open Land	A-2
West	Residential District / Skylight Subdivision	R1 / RSW/ R6

3. Site History: ACHD previously reviewed this site as an annexation and rezone (CAR06-00057) application in September 2006. At that time the site was annexed into Boise City and rezoned

from Rural Preservation to A2 Open Land. ACHD did not have specific comments on the application.

On February 12, 2014 ACHD approved a portion of this application as Kristen's Syringa Valley Subdivision, consisting of 195 single family lots and 2 commercial lots on 65 acres. This site is a part of the Syringa Valley Specific Plan planning area, and the conditions of this report are consistent with ACHD's prior action on the site.

- 4. Transit: Transit services are not available to serve this site.
- 5. New Center Lane Miles: This development is estimated to add 2.55 center line miles of new public streets, along with 0.2 miles of alleys.
- 6. Impact Fees: There will be an impact fee that is assessed and due prior to issuance of any building permits. The assessed impact fee will be based on the impact fee ordinance that is in effect at that time.
- 7. Capital Improvements Plan (CIP)/ Integrated Five Year Work Plan (IFYWP):
 - The Victory/Cole intersection is scheduled in the IFYWP to be widened to 7 lanes on the west and to 6 lanes on the east legs of the intersection. The north and south legs of the intersection are to remain at 5 lanes. This project includes widening Cole Road to 5 lanes between Victory and McGlochlin and is scheduled to begin in 2020.
 - Lake Hazel Road is listed in the CIP to be widened to 5-lanes from Maple Grove Road to Cole Road between 2022 and 2026.
 - Lake Hazel Road is listed in the CIP to be extended as 5-lanes from Cole Road to Orchard Street between 2022 and 2026.
 - The intersection of Lake Hazel Road and Cole Road is listed in the CIP to be improved between 2022 and 2026.
 - The intersection of Lake Hazel Road and Orchard Street is listed in the CIP to be constructed as 5-lanes on the north leg, 0-lanes on the south, 5-lanes east, and 5-lanes on the west leg, and signalized between 2022 and 2026.

B. <u>Traffic Findings for Consideration</u>

1. **Trip Generation:** At total build out of this preliminary plat is estimated to generate 4,198 vehicle trips per day; 438 vehicle trips in the PM peak hour.

The first phase of this plat is estimated to generate 1,770 vehicle trips per day; 170 vehicle trips per hour in the PM peak hour.

2. Traffic Impact Study

Kittelson and Associates prepared a traffic impact study for the proposed Syringa Valley Specific Area Plan Planning Area in 2013 for the prior conditional use permit and preliminary plat applications. Because the land use assumptions proposed in the current application are generally consistent with those of the prior application and because ACHD policy requires updated traffic impact studies for each phase (subsequent preliminary plat applications) an updated traffic impact study was not required for this application.

Below is an executive summary of the findings **as presented by Kittelson and Associates**. The following executive summary is <u>not the opinion of ACHD staff</u></u>. ACHD has reviewed the submitted traffic impact study for consistency with ACHD policies and practices, and may have additional requirements beyond what is noted in the summary. ACHD Staff comments on the submitted traffic impact study can be found below under staff comments.

This is the first preliminary plat of the Syringa Valley Conditional Use Permit Planning Area. The executive summary and recommendations below are specific to this preliminary plat, referred to as Phase 1A.

Pleasant Valley South, LLC is proposing to develop a +600 acre planned community, known as Syringa Valley, in the southwest planning area of Boise, Idaho. The proposed development is located between S. Cole Road and Pleasant Valley Road and adjacent to the New York Canal. The proposed development plan includes a 100-acre residential area located in the northwest corner of the site, a 60 acre business park located in the northeast corner of the site, 2 school sites, and a 425 acre mixed-use development with a medium to low density residential and two neighborhood commercial centers located south of the future Lake Hazel Road extension.

Access to the site in the near term is proposed via a temporary street connection to S. Cole Road located approximately 550-feet south of S. Latigo Drive. As the site develops, additional access points are proposed via the Lake Hazel Road and S. Orchard Road extensions, consistent with the Lake Hazel Road/Gowen Road Relocation Alignment Study Report. Construction Syringa Valley is expected to occur in four major phases over the next several years. For the purpose of this analysis, full build-out and occupancy of Phase 1 is expected to occur in 2017, Phase 2 in 2025, and Phases 3 and 4 in 2035. One sub-phase is analyzed in the study, the preliminary plat for Kirsten's Syringa Valley Subdivision (referred to as Phase 1A), with full build-out and occupancy expected to occur in 2017.

Phase 1A is a portion of Phase 1 of the overall master plan and is the first proposed plat for the development, expected to consist of 413 single-family residential homes and 40 condominium/townhomes. Build-out is expected to occur in the year 2017. Access to Phase 1A is expected to be provided via a temporary street connection to S. Cole Road located approximately 550-feet south of S. Latigo Drive.

Phase 1A is expected to generate approximately 1,770 daily trips, including 135 trips (30 inbound, 105 outbound) during the weekday a.m. peak hour and 185 trips (115 inbound, 70 outbound) during the weekday peak hour. Build-out is expected to occur in the year 2017.

The study recommends the installation of a stop sign for the westbound approach of Eagle Grove Street at Cole Road for Phase 1A of the development.

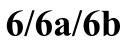
Full build-out of Phase 1 is expected to generate approximately 4,198 daily trips, and 438 trips during the weekday p.m. peak hour.

Access to Phase 1 is initially proposed via a temporary street connection to S. Cole Road located approximately 550-feet south of S. Latigo Drive until a second access is required which is to be either:

- Scenario 1: A two-lane interim roadway over the New York Canal along the future Lake Hazel Road extension alignment, or
- Scenario 2: A two-lane interim roadway along the future S. Orchard Street extension alignment south of W. Gowen Road.

The study recommends that prior to full build-out of Phase 1 that:

• Orchard Street Extension: Prior to full build out of Phase 1 extended Orchard Street from Gowen Street to the site, as a 2-lane roadway.



- Lake Hazel Road Extension: Prior to full build-out of Phase 1, construct a secondary access via a 2-lane roadway connection over the New York Canal along the future Lake Hazel Road extension alignment.
- S. Cole Road/Lake Hazel Road Extension Intersection: Install a stop sign and provide a separate right-turn lane and a through-left lane for the westbound approach.

Staff Comments/Recommendations: ACHD Traffic Services and Development Services staff have reviewed the submitted traffic impact study and found it to meet ACHD's policy and standards. Prior to complete build-out of Phase 1 additional mitigation measures may be required based on access to the site and area traffic conditions.

An updated traffic impact study should be required after the final platting of Phase 1A (170 single family lots, 1,770 vehicle trips per day). The updated traffic impact study will be used to verify assumptions and recommended improvements for the Syringa Valley Specific Area Plan planning area.

Roadway	Segment	PM Peak Hour Traffic Count	PM Peak Hour Level of Service	Existing Plus Project
	South of Overland	1,318	Better than "E"	Better than "E"
Cole Rd. (Principal Arterial)	South of Victory	988	"F"	"F"
	North of Lake Hazel	286	Better than "E"	Better than "E"
	South of Lake Hazel	216	Better than "E"	Better than "E"

3. Condition of Area Roadways

Traffic Count is based on Vehicles per hour (VPH)

* Acceptable level of service for a five-lane principal arterial is "E" (1,770 VPH).

- * Acceptable level of service for a three-lane principal arterial is "E" (880 VPH).
- * Acceptable level of service for a two-lane principal arterial is "E" (690 VPH).

4. Average Daily Traffic Count (VDT)

Average daily traffic counts are based on ACHD's most current traffic counts.

- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Overland Road was 32, 598 on 9/24/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Victory Road was 17,011 on 4/23/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road north of Lake Hazel was 3,565 on 12/7/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Lake Hazel was 3,924 on 12/7/15.

C. Findings for Consideration

1. Area Roadway Level of Service Standards

As noted above, Cole Road from Amity Road to Victory Road exceeds the acceptable level of service (LOS) for a 2 lane principal arterial roadway. A portion of this segment of Cole Road (Victory Road to McGlochlin) is planned for improvements in ACHD's IFYWP. The Cole/Amity and Cole/Victory intersections are signalized and currently operate at acceptable LOS and are

projected to operate at an acceptable LOS with a portion of site built out (170 single family homes) under total traffic conditions (site + background traffic).

When a roadway or intersection is at or above an acceptable level of service, policy requires that improvements be made to mitigate the additional traffic to be generated by the development. Typically, staff recommends improvements to mitigate the impacts, or that the developer wait until ACHD makes improvements, as scheduled in the CIP or FYWP. In this case improvements would include widening Cole Road to 5 lanes from Amity to Victory Road. However, given the costs associated with widening Cole Road (\$3,500,000), and the planned extension of Orchard Street to Lake Hazel Road it would be infeasible (and after the extension of Orchard Street unnecessary) for the applicant to widen a mile segment of Cole Road with the first phase of this development. The applicant will be required to construct the Orchard Street extension after the first 170 single family lots have been final platted the development as required in the Syringa Valley Specific Area Plan.

Additionally, the Cole/Victory intersection is scheduled in the IFYWP to be widened in 2020. This project includes widening Cole Road to 5 lanes between Victory and McGlochlin, which will improve the level of service for this segment of Cole Road.

Due to the current and projected acceptable LOS for the 2 intersections described above, ACHD planned improvement to the Cole/Victory intersection, and current and future conditions, staff recommends a modification of District Policy 7106.4.1 Level of Service Standards for Cole Road from Amity road to Victory Road.

2. Lake Hazel Extension/Gowen Road Relocation Alignment Study and the Southwest Boise Transportation Study

This site is located within the study areas of both the Lake Hazel/Gowen Relocation Alignment Study and the Southwest Boise Transportation Study.

The Lake Hazel Extension/Gowen Road Relocation study was led by ACHD in partnership with Boise City and the Boise Airport. The study was adopted by the ACHD Commission on December 22, 2008. The adoption of the study allows ACHD to preserve a route for the Lake Hazel Extension and connecting roads as development occurs in the area.

The study identifies an alignment and cross sections for the extensions of Lake Hazel Road and Orchard Street, and established ½ half mile intersection spacing on Lake Hazel Road. The Southwest Boise Transportation Study identifies future roadway, intersection and corridor needs to accommodate future traffic demand in the Southwest Boise area. The study was adopted by the ACHD Commission on May 27, 2009. The study identifies an alignment and cross sections for the extensions of Lake Hazel Road and Orchard Street.

Both studies recommend that Lake Hazel be extended as a future 5-lane roadway and that Orchard Street be realigned as a 7-lane roadway from Gowen Road to Victory Road and extended as a 5-lane road from Gowen Road to Lake Hazel Road.

3. Maximum Traffic on One Access

- a. Existing Conditions: There are no roadways within the site.
- **b.** Policy: Maximum Traffic on One Access: District Policy 7207.3.3 states that if a proposed development only has one access to a public street that is a local street, or if it proposes to extend public streets from existing development with only one local street access to the public street system, the maximum forecast ADT to be allowed at any point on the local street access is 1,000 and is subject to fire department requirements for the provision of a secondary access. This volume may be reduced or increased based on information received from the lead land use agency, the applicable fire department, and/or emergency services.

The District will also take into consideration the following items when determining whether or not to reduce or increase the maximum allowable ADT: railroad crossings, canal crossings, topography (foothills vs. flat land), pedestrian connectivity, location of schools, etc.

- **c. Applicant Proposal:** The applicant is proposing one access point, Eagle Grove Street, a local roadway to access the site off of Cole Road.
- d. Staff Comments/Recommendations: As noted above, the applicant is proposing one access point, Eagle Grove Street, to access the site until the proposed subdivision builds out, stub streets are extended and alternative (secondary) access becomes available. District policy restricts the number of vehicle trips to 1,000 trips per day on a local road with only one access point. Based on the submitted preliminary plat application, the first phase of this project is anticipated to generate approximately 4,198 vehicle trips per day; far exceeding the average daily traffic allowed per District policy.

When ACHD previously reviewed this application the preliminary plat was split into 2 phases. The first phase (phase 1A) was expected to consist of 170 single-family residential homes and 25 condominium/townhomes and was expected to generate approximately 1,770 daily trips. At full build out the site was proposed to consist of 195 residential lots and 2 office lots and was expected to generate approximately 3,670 daily trips. As part of ACHD's February 12, 2014 staff recommended and the Commission approved a waiver of the Maximum Traffic on One Access policy to allow Phase 1A (consisting of 170 single-family residential homes and 25 condominium/townhomes; generating 1,770 daily trips) of the development to move forward, with the requirement that a public street connection is necessary prior to final plat approval for any phase of the development which would exceed 1,770 daily trips.

Due to ACHD's prior action on the site and to allow the applicant to move forward with the development of a portion of the site, staff recommends a waiver of policy to allow the applicant to construct a portion of the first phase of the project (up to 1,770 vehicle trips per day) prior to obtaining secondary access via a public street to serve the site, with Boise Fire Department approval. The applicant shall provide written approval from the Boise Fire Department.

4. Temporary Access

The applicant has proposed to construct Eagle Grove Street to intersect Cole Road located approximately 560-feet south of Latigo Drive and approximately 640-feet north of Skylight Street. ACHD's Access Management and Roadway Offset policies, allow for public streets to intersect principal arterial roadways, such as Cole Road, at the half mile. Therefore, the applicant's proposal to construct Eagle Grove Street to intersect Cole Road does not meet District policy and should not be approved, as proposed.

However, staff understands the need for temporary access to Cole Road, as it provides the site's only public street frontage until Lake Hazel Road is extended from Orchard Street west to the site or is extended over Cole Road east to the site. These improvements are necessary prior to full build out of Kristen's Subdivision.

Therefore, staff recommends that the entry portion of Eagle Grove Street east of Cole Road, to its intersection with Banded/Spotted Eagle be approved, as a temporary access point and that it be incorporated into the common lot on the south side of the roadway. The access should be constructed as a minimum 24-foot wide temporary access road within a temporary right-of-way easement. The temporary right-of-way easement should encumber the whole lot. The easement would be released after access to the site is available via Lake Hazel Road. The parcel could then become a buildable lot.

The applicant should be required to enter into a development agreement with ACHD which identifies when and how the temporary access point onto Cole Road will be closed. To

ensure closure of the temporary access point when the conditions of the development agreement have been met, the applicant should be required to provide a road trust deposit in the amount of \$3,500.00 for the closure of the access.

5. Cole Road

a. Existing Conditions: Cole Road is improved with 2-travel lanes and no curb, gutter or sidewalk abutting the site. There is 50-feet of right-of-way for Cole Road (25-feet from centerline).

b. Policy:

Arterial Roadway Policy: District Policy 7205.2.1 states that the developer is responsible for improving all street frontages adjacent to the site regardless of whether or not access is taken to all of the adjacent streets.

Master Street Map and Typology Policy: District Policy 7205.5 states that the design of improvements for arterials shall be in accordance with District standards, including the Master Street Map and Livable Streets Design Guide. The developer or engineer should contact the District before starting any design.

Street Section and Right-of-Way Width Policy: District Policies 7205.2.1 & 7205.5.2 state that the standard 5-lane street section shall be 72-feet (back-of-curb to back-of-curb) within 96-feet of right-of-way. This width typically accommodates two travel lanes in each direction, a continuous center left-turn lane, and bike lanes on a minor arterial and a safety shoulder on a principal arterial.

Right-of-Way Dedication: District Policy 7205.2 states that The District will provide compensation for additional right-of-way dedicated beyond the existing right-of-way along arterials listed as impact fee eligible in the adopted Capital Improvements Plan using available impact fee revenue in the Impact Fee Service Area.

No compensation will be provided for right-of-way on an arterial that is not listed as impact fee eligible in the Capital Improvements Plan.

The District may acquire additional right-of-way beyond the site-related needs to preserve a corridor for future capacity improvements, as provided in Section 7300.

Frontage Improvements Policy: District Policy 7205.2.1 states that the developer shall widen the pavement to a minimum of 17-feet from centerline plus a 3-foot wide gravel shoulder adjacent to the entire site. Curb, gutter and additional pavement widening may be required (See Section 7205.5.5).

Sidewalk Policy: District Policy 7205.5.7 requires a concrete sidewalks at least 5-feet wide to be constructed on both sides of all arterial streets. A parkway strip at least 6-feet wide between the back-of-curb and street edge of the sidewalk is required to provide increased safety and protection of pedestrians. Consult the District's planter width policy if trees are to be placed within the parkway strip. Sidewalks constructed next to the back-of-curb shall be a minimum of 7-feet wide.

Detached sidewalks are encouraged and should be parallel to the adjacent roadway. Meandering sidewalks are discouraged.

A permanent right-of-way easement shall be provided if public sidewalks are placed outside of the dedicated right-of-way. The easement shall encompass the entire area between the right-of-way line and 2-feet behind the back edge of the sidewalk. Sidewalks shall either be located wholly within the public right-of-way or wholly within an easement.

ACHD Master Street Map: ACHD Policy Section 3111.1 requires the Master Street Map (MSM) guide the right-of-way acquisition, arterial street requirements, and specific roadway features required through development. This segment of Cole Road is designated in the MSM

as a Residential Arterial with 5-lanes and on-street bike lanes, a 72-foot street section within 96-feet of right-of-way.

- **c. Applicant Proposal:** The applicant is proposing to dedicate 23-feet additional right-of-way to total 48-feet, from the centerline of Cole Road abutting the site. The applicant is proposing to construct a 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk located outside of the right-of-way.
- **d.** Staff Comments/Recommendations: The applicant's proposal to dedicate 23-feet of additional right-of-way on Cole Road to total 48-feet from the centerline of Cole Road abutting the site is consistent with the MSM, and should be approved, as proposed. Consistent with District Policy 7205.2, the applicant will not be compensated for the right-of-way dedication as this section of Cole Road is not listed in the Capital Improvements Plan.

The applicant's proposal to construct a 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk abutting the site meet's District policy and should be approved, as proposed. The sidewalk should be located a minimum of 41-feet from the centerline of Cole Road abutting the site.

The applicant should be required to provide a permanent right-of-way easement for the detached sidewalks proposed to be located outside of the right-of-way on Cole Road.

Consistent with ACHD's Frontage Improvement policy, the applicant should be required to widen Cole Road with a minimum of 17-feet of pavement from the centerline of Cole Road, plus a 3-foot wide gravel shoulder abutting the site.

6. Lake Hazel Road

a. Existing Conditions: There is 98-feet of unopened, unimproved right-of-way for Lake Hazel Road abutting the site.

b. Policy:

Arterial Roadway Policy: District Policy 7205.2.1 states that the developer is responsible for improving all street frontages adjacent to the site regardless of whether or not access is taken to all of the adjacent streets.

Master Street Map and Typology Policy: District Policy 7205.5 states that the design of improvements for arterials shall be in accordance with District standards, including the Master Street Map and Livable Streets Design Guide. The developer or engineer should contact the District before starting any design.

Street Section and Right-of-Way Width Policy: District Policies 7205.2.1 & 7205.5.2 state that the standard 5-lane street section shall be 72-feet (back-of-curb to back-of-curb) within 96-feet of right-of-way. This width typically accommodates two travel lanes in each direction, a continuous center left-turn lane, and bike lanes on a minor arterial and a safety shoulder on a principal arterial.

Right-of-Way Dedication: District Policy 7205.2 states that The District will provide compensation for additional right-of-way dedicated beyond the existing right-of-way along arterials listed as impact fee eligible in the adopted Capital Improvements Plan using available impact fee revenue in the Impact Fee Service Area.

No compensation will be provided for right-of-way on an arterial that is not listed as impact fee eligible in the Capital Improvements Plan.

The District may acquire additional right-of-way beyond the site-related needs to preserve a corridor for future capacity improvements, as provided in Section 7300.

Sidewalk Policy: District Policy 7205.5.7 requires a concrete sidewalks at least 5-feet wide to be constructed on both sides of all arterial streets. A parkway strip at least 6-feet wide between the back-of-curb and street edge of the sidewalk is required to provide increased safety and protection of pedestrians. Consult the District's planter width policy if trees are to

be placed within the parkway strip. Sidewalks constructed next to the back-of-curb shall be a minimum of 7-feet wide.

Detached sidewalks are encouraged and should be parallel to the adjacent roadway. Meandering sidewalks are discouraged.

A permanent right-of-way easement shall be provided if public sidewalks are placed outside of the dedicated right-of-way. The easement shall encompass the entire area between the right-of-way line and 2-feet behind the back edge of the sidewalk. Sidewalks shall either be located wholly within the public right-of-way or wholly within an easement.

Frontage Improvements Policy: District Policy 7205.2.1 states that the developer shall widen the pavement to a minimum of 17-feet from centerline plus a 3-foot wide gravel shoulder adjacent to the entire site. Curb, gutter and additional pavement widening may be required (See Section 7205.5.5).

ACHD Master Street Map: ACHD Policy Section 3111.1 requires the Master Street Map (MSM) guide the right-of-way acquisition, arterial street requirements, and specific roadway features required through development. This segment of Lake Hazel Road is designated in the MSM as a Residential Mobility Arterial with 5-lanes and on-street bike lanes, a 72-foot street section within 98-feet of right-of-way.

- **c. Applicant Proposal:** The applicant hasn't proposed any improvements to Lake Hazel Road abutting the site.
- **d.** Staff Comments/Recommendations: Although the right-of-way for the future construction of a 5-lane Lake Hazel Road has been dedicated, slope easements are necessary to accommodate the extension of the roadway to Cole Road. The applicant should be required to dedicated slope easements to ACHD as depicted on attachment 3.

Consistent with ACHD's action on the Syringa Valley Specific Area Plan the applicant should be required to construct Lake Hazel Road as a 2-lane rural arterial with two 12-foot wide travel lanes, 8-foot wide paved shoulders on both sides of the roadway to accommodate cyclist/pedestrians, 3-foot wide gravel shoulders, and 8-foot wide barrow ditch on both sides of the roadway.

Consistent with ACHD's action on the Syringa Valley Specific Area Plan the applicant should be required to construct a 10-foot wide concrete pathway on Lake Hazel Road abutting the site. The sidewalk should be located a minimum of 42-feet from the centerline of Lake Hazel Road abutting the site. The applicant should be required to provide a sidewalk easement for all portions located outside of the existing right-of-way for Lake Hazel Road.

7. Cheyenne Avenue

a. Existing Conditions: Cheyenne Avenue is not constructed within the site.

b. Policy:

Collector Street Policy: District policy 7206.2.1 states that the developer is responsible for improving all collector frontages adjacent to the site or internal to the development as required below, regardless of whether access is taken to all of the adjacent streets.

Street Section and Right-of-Way Policy: District policy 7206.5.2 states that the standard right-of-way width for collector streets shall typically be 50 to 70-feet, depending on the location and width of the sidewalk and the location and use of the roadway. The right-of-way width may be reduced, with District approval, if the sidewalk is located within an easement; in which case the District will require a minimum right-of-way width that extends 2-feet behind the back-of-curb on each side.

The standard street section shall be 46-feet (back-of-curb to back-of-curb). This width typically accommodates a single travel lane in each direction, a continuous center left-turn lane, and bike lanes.

Residential Collector Policy: District policy 7206.5.2 states that the standard street section for a collector in a residential area shall be 36-feet (back-of-curb to back-of-curb). The District will consider a 33-foot or 29-foot street section with written fire department approval and taking into consideration the needs of the adjacent land use, the projected volumes, the need for bicycle lanes, and on-street parking.

Sidewalk Policy: District policy 7206.5.6 requires a concrete sidewalks at least 5-feet wide to be constructed on both sides of all collector streets. A parkway strip at least 6-feet wide between the back-of-curb and street edge of the sidewalk is required to provide increased safety and protection of pedestrians. Consult the District's planter width policy if trees are to be placed within the parkway strip. Sidewalks constructed next to the back-of-curb shall be a minimum of 7-feet wide.

Detached sidewalks are encouraged and should be parallel to the adjacent roadway. Meandering sidewalks are discouraged.

A permanent right-of-way easement shall be provided if public sidewalks are placed outside of the dedicated right-of-way. The easement shall encompass the entire area between the right-of-way line and 2-feet behind the back edge of the sidewalk. Sidewalks shall either be located wholly within the public right-of-way or wholly within an easement.

- **c. Applicant Proposal:** The applicant has proposed to construct Cheyenne Avenue, a circulator street, as a 33-foot street section with vertical curb, gutter, and an 8-foot wide planter strip and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk location outside of the right-of-way, within an easement.
- **d. Staff Comments/Recommendations:** The applicant's proposal to construct Cheyenne Avenue as a 33-foot street section with vertical curb, gutter, and an 8-foot wide planter strip and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk location outside of the right-of-way, within an easement meet's District policy and should be approved, as proposed.

The Syringa Valley Specific Area Plan references Cheyenne Avenue as a circulator street. ACHD considers Cheyenne Avenue between Lake Hazel Road and Eagle Grove Street to be a residential collector roadway. As such, Cheyenne Avenue between Lake Hazel and Eagle Grove Street should be signed for no parking on both sides of the roadway. The applicant should be required to coordinate a signage program with ACHD Development Review staff.

8. Umatilla Avenue

- a. Existing Conditions: Umatilla Avenue is not constructed within the site.
- b. Policy:

Collector Street Policy: District policy 7206.2.1 states that the developer is responsible for improving all collector frontages adjacent to the site or internal to the development as required below, regardless of whether access is taken to all of the adjacent streets.

Master Street Map and Typologies Policy: District policy 7206.5 states that if the collector street is designated with a typology on the Master Street Map, that typology shall be considered for the required street improvements. If there is no typology listed in the Master Street Map, then standard street sections shall serve as the default.

Street Section and Right-of-Way Policy: District policy 7206.5.2 states that the standard right-of-way width for collector streets shall typically be 50 to 70-feet, depending on the location and width of the sidewalk and the location and use of the roadway. The right-of-way width may be reduced, with District approval, if the sidewalk is located within an easement; in

which case the District will require a minimum right-of-way width that extends 2-feet behind the back-of-curb on each side.

The standard street section shall be 46-feet (back-of-curb to back-of-curb). This width typically accommodates a single travel lane in each direction, a continuous center left-turn lane, and bike lanes.

Residential Collector Policy: District policy 7206.5.2 states that the standard street section for a collector in a residential area shall be 36-feet (back-of-curb to back-of-curb). The District will consider a 33-foot or 29-foot street section with written fire department approval and taking into consideration the needs of the adjacent land use, the projected volumes, the need for bicycle lanes, and on-street parking.

Sidewalk Policy: District policy 7206.5.6 requires a concrete sidewalks at least 5-feet wide to be constructed on both sides of all collector streets. A parkway strip at least 6-feet wide between the back-of-curb and street edge of the sidewalk is required to provide increased safety and protection of pedestrians. Consult the District's planter width policy if trees are to be placed within the parkway strip. Sidewalks constructed next to the back-of-curb shall be a minimum of 7-feet wide.

Detached sidewalks are encouraged and should be parallel to the adjacent roadway.

A permanent right-of-way easement shall be provided if public sidewalks are placed outside of the dedicated right-of-way. The easement shall encompass the entire area between the right-of-way line and 2-feet behind the back edge of the sidewalk. Sidewalks shall either be located wholly within the public right-of-way or wholly within an easement.

- **c. Applicant Proposal:** The applicant is proposing to construct Umatilla Avenue with 5 travel lanes, bike lanes, vertical curb, gutter, and an 8-foot wide planter strip and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk on the west side of the roadway. This 5 lane improvement begins at Lake Hazel and extends approximately 300-feet to the north. The roadway is then proposed to taper to a 33 foot street section. The applicant has proposed to construct curb, gutter, an 8 foot wide planter strip and a 5 foot wide detached concrete sidewalk abutting west side of the road. Curb, gutter, and sidewalk are not proposed on the east side of the roadway north of the first 300-feet.
- **d.** Staff Comments/Recommendations: The applicant's proposal for a 5-lane road is consistent with the finding and recommendations of the submitted traffic impact study. However, Umatilla Avenue will not need to be built out to 5-lanes at the Lake Hazel intersection until the intersection is signalized. In the interim Umatilla Avenue should be constructed with 3 travel lanes at the Lake Hazel intersection (a receiving lane, left turn lane, and right/thru lane) tapering to a 33-foot street section as the roadway extends north. The applicant should coordinate the design of the interim 3-lane section of Umatilla with ACHD's Development Review staff.

The applicant's proposal to construct curb, gutter, an 8-foot wide planter strip, and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk on the west side of Umatilla Avenue, should be approved, as proposed. The curb, gutter, and sidewalk on the east side of the roadway will be constructed in the future when the adjacent parcel, planned for a high school, develops.

The applicant should be required to provide a permanent right-of-way easement for the detached sidewalks proposed to be located outside of the right-of-way.

ACHD considers Umatilla Avenue between Lake Hazel Road and Latigo Street to be a residential collector roadway. As such this of roadway should be signed for "No Parking". The applicant should coordinate a signage program with ACHD Development Review staff.

9. Internal Local Streets

a. Existing Conditions: The site has no internal local streets.

b. Policy:

Local Roadway Policy: District Policy 7207.2.1 states that the developer is responsible for improving all local street frontages adjacent to the site regardless of whether or not access is taken to all of the adjacent streets.

Street Section and Right-of-Way Policy: District Policy 7207.5 states that right-of-way widths for all local streets shall generally not be less than 50-feet wide and that the standard street section shall be 36-feet (back-of-curb to back-of-curb). The District will consider the utilization of a street width less than 36-feet with written fire department approval.

Standard Urban Local Street—36-foot to 33-foot Street Section and Right-of-way Policy: District Policy 7207.5.2 states that the standard street section shall be 36-feet (back-of-curb to back-of-curb) for developments with any buildable lot that is less than 1 acre in size. This street section shall include curb, gutter, and minimum 5-foot concrete sidewalks on both sides and shall typically be within 50-feet of right-of-way.

The District will also consider the utilization of a street width less than 36-feet with written fire department approval. Most often this width is a 33-foot street section (back-of-curb to back-of-curb) for developments with any buildable lot that is less than 1 acre in size.

Continuation of Streets Policy: District Policy 7207.2.4 states that an existing street, or a street in an approved preliminary plat, which ends at a boundary of a proposed development shall be extended in that development. The extension shall include provisions for continuation of storm drainage facilities. Benefits of connectivity include but are not limited to the following:

- Reduces vehicle miles traveled.
- Increases pedestrian and bicycle connectivity.
- Increases access for emergency services.
- Reduces need for additional access points to the arterial street system
- Promotes the efficient delivery of services including trash, mail and deliveries.
- Promotes appropriate intra-neighborhood traffic circulation to schools, parks, neighborhood commercial centers, transit stops, etc.
- Promotes orderly development.

Sidewalk Policy: District Policy 7207.5.7 states that five-foot wide concrete sidewalk is required on both sides of all local street, except those in rural developments with net densities of one dwelling unit per 1.0 acre or less, or in hillside conditions where there is no direct lot frontage, in which case a sidewalk shall be constructed along one side of the street. Some local jurisdictions may require wider sidewalks.

The sidewalk may be placed next to the back-of-curb. Where feasible, a parkway strip at least 8-feet wide between the back-of-curb and the street edge of the sidewalk is recommended to provide increased safety and protection of pedestrians and to allow for the planting of trees in accordance with the District's Tree Planting Policy. If no trees are to be planted in the parkway strip, the applicant may submit a request to the District, with justification, to reduce the width of the parkway strip.

Detached sidewalks are encouraged and should be parallel to the adjacent roadway. Meandering sidewalks are discouraged.

A permanent right-of-way easement shall be provided if public sidewalks are placed outside of the dedicated right-of-way. The easement shall encompass the entire area between the right-

of-way line and 2-feet behind the back edge of the sidewalk. Sidewalks shall either be located wholly within the public right-of-way or wholly within an easement.

- **c. Applicant's Proposal:** The applicant is proposing to construct all of the internal local streets as 33-foot street sections with rolled curb, gutter and a portion of the proposed 8-foot wide planter strips, within 47-feet of right-of-way. The applicant has proposed to construct 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalks within an easement. The applicant has proposed to construct one half street, Latigo Street, located at the north property line between Cheyenne Avenue and Umatilla Avenue. Latigo Street is proposed to be improved with curb, gutter, a planter strip, and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalks on the south side of the roadway.
- **d.** Staff Comments/Recommendations: The applicant's proposal for the internal local streets, meets District policy and should be approved, as proposed.

The right-of-way widths may be reduced to extend 2-feet behind the back of the curb. A permanent right-of-way easement should be provided for the detached sidewalks located outside of the dedicated right-of-way.

The applicant should construct Latigo Street as half of a 33-foot street section plus 12 additional feet of pavement (25-feet of pavement) with curb, gutter, an 8-foot wide planter strip, and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalks on the south side of the roadway and a 3-foot wide gravel shoulder and barrow ditch on the north side of the roadway.

The applicant should be required to provide permanent right-of-way easements for detached sidewalks located outside of the dedicated right-of-way.

10. Minor Urban Local Street (24-foot Street)

- a. Existing Conditions: There are no minor local streets within the site.
- b. Policy:

Minor Local Street Policy: District policy 7207.5.2 states that a minor local street is defined as a reduced width local street that provides direct lot access for residential uses, and in limited circumstances, commercial or mixed use as described below.

- Pavement Width and Curb Type: A minor local shall be constructed with a reduced width
 of 24-feet from back-of-curb to back-of-curb with curb and gutter. Where the minor local
 street is utilized in a gridded street system with alleys, vertical curb shall be required and
 direct lot access shall be restricted. Where the minor local street is utilized, with residential
 open space scenarios, rolled curb or ribbon curbing (with an inverted crown), is allowed if
 access to the rear of the parcels is provided from the minor local street.
- Sidewalk and Right-of-Way: Five-foot wide concrete sidewalks are required on both sides, unless as otherwise described below or approved by ACHD and the lead land use agency. The sidewalk for this street section may be located within a permanent right-of-way easement. If the sidewalk is located within an easement, the minimum right-of-way width for this street section is 28-feet, to allow for 2-feet behind the back-of-curb on each side. Sidewalk may not be required, or may be required on one side only as determined by the lead land use agency, if the minor local street is used in residential areas where houses accessing the minor local street are built with the front of the house (including the front door) facing the common or open space lots that include a connected system of sidewalks or paved pathways and the lotting pattern is mirrored on both sides of the street.
- Parking: Parking is prohibited on both sides of this street section. "No Parking" signs are required. Alternative parking for guests, visitors, auxiliary residential parking, and deliveries shall be provided and shall be designated and located in coordination with the lead land use agency. Typically this parking will be provided via community parking spaces located within



walking distance of these types of residences. Walking distance shall be defined by the lead land use agency.

- **Requirements** (*This street section may only be used if the following conditions are met*):
 - The maximum projected ADT is less than 400.
 - The street connects to two other standard size streets.
 - There is support from the lead land use agency (either from staff or Commission/ Council).
 - Maximum block length of 600-feet.
 - In commercial or mixed use areas where urban designs utilizing alleys are desirable, but may be impractical due to access restrictions to classified roadways (arterials, collectors, and residential collectors). In this example, the minor local street would parallel the access-restricted roadway and would provide direct access to the commercial or mixed-use lots.
 - No portion of a building shall be over 30-feet in height. If any portion of a building is over 30-feet in height, aerial fire apparatus is required and a 26-foot wide street is required (International Fire Code Appendix D Section C105). However, a 26-foot wide street, with a minimum right-of-way of 30-feet, is allowed if all other requirements for a minor local street are met.
- **c. Applicant Proposal:** The applicant is proposing to construct 3 Minor Local Streets, the streets are proposed to run east/west between Harpy Eagle Avenue and Cheyenne Avenue and Sea Eagle Avenue and Cheyenne Avenue. The applicant has not proposed sidewalks on the Minor Local Streets.
- d. Staff Comments/Recommendations: The applicant's proposal for the minor local street meets District policy, as each roadway runs between 2 standard size streets, and should be approved, as proposed. Staff is supportive of the applicant's request not to construct sidewalks on the Minor Local Streets, as there are sidewalks located on standard streets on either side and the lots abutting the minor local street abut open space lots which typically provide pedestrian connectivity.

11. Alleys

a. Existing Conditions: The site has no existing alleys.

b. Policy:

New Alley Policy: District Policy 7210.3.1 requires the minimum right-of-way width for all new residential alleys shall be a minimum of 16-feet or a maximum of 20-feet. If the residential alley is 16-feet in width building setbacks required by the land use agency having jurisdiction shall provide sufficient space for the safe backing of vehicles into the alley (see Section 7210.3.3). The minimum right-of-way width for all new commercial or mixed-use alleys shall be 20-feet. All alleys shall be improved by paving the full width and length of the right-of-way.

Dedication of clear title to the right-of-way and the improvement of the alley, and acceptance of the improvement by the District as meeting its construction standards, are required for all alleys contained in a proposed development.

Alley Length Policy: District Policy 7210.3.2 states that alleys shall be no longer than 700-feet in length. If the lead land use agency having jurisdiction requires a shorter block length, the alley shall be no longer than the agency's required block length.

Alley Parking & Setbacks Policy: District Policy 7210.3.3 states that parking within the alley right-of-way is prohibited. "No Parking" signs are required to be installed by the developer. The signs should be located at the alley/street intersections. Parking which is entered from the alley shall be designed so the minimum clear distance from the back of the parking stall to the opposite side of the alley is 20-feet for all perpendicular parking.

Setbacks for structures taking access from the alley should be closely coordinated with the lead land use agency. The setbacks shall either discourage parking within the alley (where it may partially block or occur within the right-of-way) or allow adequate area for one perpendicular parking pad. In order to discourage parking, building setbacks shall be minimal from the alley right-of-way line, while still achieving the required 20-feet of back-up space from a garage or other parking structure to the opposite side of the alley (i.e. 4-foot setback + 16-foot alley= 20-feet for back-up space).

Alley/Local Street Intersections Policy: District Policy 7210.3.7.2 states that alleys may intersect all types of local streets including minor local streets. Alleys shall generally be designed with a curb cut type approach when intersecting a local street. Alleys shall generally intersect streets in the middle of the block equally offsetting the intersecting streets. Alleys shall either align with alley/street intersections or provide a minimum 100-foot offset (measured centerline to centerline) from other local street intersections. For alley intersections with local streets, the District may consider a reduced offset if the lead land use agency's required lot size allows for shorter buildable lots.

- **c. Applicant Proposal:** The applicant is proposing to construct three north/south alleys within the site. Two of the north/south alleys run between Eagle Grove Road and Skylight Street, the third runs between Skylight Street and Booted Eagle. All of the alleys are proposed with 18-feet of pavement with rolled curb and gutter on the downgraded side, within 20-feet of right-of-way.
- **d. Staff Comments/Recommendations:** Although the applicant's proposal is not the standard alley section typically required by ACHD, it meets the intent of the policy and provides the required width of 20-feet and should be approved, as proposed.

12. Roadway Offsets

a. Existing Conditions: There are no roadways constructed within the site.

b. Policy:

Local Street Intersection Spacing on Principal Arterials: District policy 7205.4.3 states that new local streets should not typically intersect arterials. Local streets should typically intersect collectors. If it is necessary, as determined by ACHD, for a local street to intersect an arterial, the minimum allowable offset shall be 1,320-feet as measured from all other existing roadways as identified in Table 1b (7205.4.7).

Collector Offset Policy: District policy 7205.4.2 states that the optimum spacing for new signalized collector roadways intersecting minor arterials is one half-mile.

District policy 7205.4.2 states that the optimum spacing for new signalized collector roadways intersecting principal arterials is one half-mile.

District policy 7206.4.2 states that the preferred spacing for new collectors intersecting existing collectors is ¼ mile to allow for adequate signal spacing and alignment.

Local Offset Policy: District policy 7207.4.2, requires local roadways to align or provide a minimum offset of 125-feet from any other street (measured centerline to centerline).

- **c. Applicant's Proposal:** The applicant has proposed to construct two circulator/collector roadways onto Lake Hazel Road to access the site. Cheyenne Avenue, located ¼ mile east of Cole Road and Umatilla Avenue, located ½ mile east of Cole Road.
- **d.** Staff Comments/Recommendations: The applicant's proposal to construct Umatilla Avenue to intersect Lake Hazel Road at the ½ mile east of Cole Road meets District policy and should be approved, as proposed.

Through the traffic impact study the applicant demonstrated that additional access beyond Umatilla Avenue was necessary to serve the site. Therefore, the applicant's proposal to construct Cheyenne Avenue ¼ mile east of Cole Road should be approved, as proposed. This access point should be restricted to right-in/right-out only when Lake Hazel Road is widened to 5-lanes or traffic conditions warrant.

13. Tree Planters

Tree Planter Policy: Tree Planter Policy: The District's Tree Planter Policy prohibits all trees in planters less than 8-feet in width without the installation of root barriers. Class II trees may be allowed in planters with a minimum width of 8-feet, and Class I and Class III trees may be allowed in planters with a minimum width of 10-feet.

14. Landscaping

Landscaping Policy: A license agreement is required for all landscaping proposed within ACHD right-of-way or easement areas. Trees shall be located no closer than 10-feet from all public storm drain facilities. Landscaping should be designed to eliminate site obstructions in the vision triangle at intersections. District Policy 5104.3.1 requires a 40-foot vision triangle and a 3-foot height restriction on all landscaping located at an uncontrolled intersection and a 50-foot offset from stop signs. Landscape plans are required with the submittal of civil plans and must meet all District requirements prior to signature of the final plat and/or approval of the civil plans.

15. Other Access

Cole Road and Lake Hazel Road are classified as a principal arterial roadway. Other than the access specifically approved with this application, direct lot access is prohibited to these roadways and should be noted on the final plat.

D. Site Specific Conditions of Approval

- 1. Provide an updated traffic impact study prior to signature on the final plat, which contains 171 single family lots or exceeds 1,770 vehicle trips per day.
- 2. Provide written approval from the Boise Fire Department to allow the construction of the first phase of the project (up to 1,770 vehicle trips per day) prior to obtaining secondary emergency access via a public street to serve the site.
- **3.** Construct one 24-foot wide temporary driveway onto Cole Road, located 560-feet south of Latigo Drive and 640-feet north of Skylight Street, as proposed. Pave the driveway its full width at least 30-feet into the site beyond the edge of pavement of Cole Road.
- 4. Enter into a development agreement with ACHD which identifies when and how the temporary access point onto Cole Road will be closed. To ensure closure of the temporary access point when the conditions of the development agreement have been met, provide a road trust deposit in the amount of \$3,500.00 for the closure of the driveway.
- 5. Construct the temporary access onto Cole Road as a 24-foot wide temporary access road within a temporary right-of-way easement. The temporary right-of-way easement should encumber the whole lot.
- 6. Dedicate 23-feet of additional right-of-way on Cole Road to total48-feet from the centerline as proposed. The applicant will not be compensated for the right-of-way dedication as this section of Cole Road is not listed in the Capital Improvements Plan.
- 7. Widen Cole Road with a minimum of 17-feet of pavement from the centerline of Cole Road, plus a 3-foot wide gravel shoulder abutting the site.

- 8. Construct a 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk on Cole Road abutting the site, as proposed. The sidewalk should be located a minimum of 43-feet from the centerline of Cole Road abutting the site.
- **9.** Prior to signature on the final plat, which contains 171 single family lots or exceeds 1,770 vehicle trips per day extend Orchard Street from Gowen Road to Lake Hazel Road. The Orchard extension shall be constructed as a 2-lane rural arterial with two 12-foot wide travel lanes, 8-foot wide paved shoulders on both sides of the roadway, 3-foot wide gravel shoulders, and 8-foot wide barrow ditch on both sides of the roadway.
- **10.** Dedicated slope easements to ACHD as depicted on attachment 3 to accommodate the construction of Lake Hazel Road to Cole.
- **11.** Construct Lake Hazel Road as a 2-lane rural arterial with two 12-foot wide travel lanes, 8-foot wide paved shoulders on both sides of the roadway, 3-foot wide gravel shoulders, and 8-foot wide barrow ditch on both sides of the roadway.
- **12.** Construct a 10-foot wide concrete pathway located a minimum of 42-feet from the centerline of Lake Hazel Road abutting the site. Provide a sidewalk easement for all portions of the sidewalk located outside of the existing right-of-way for Lake Hazel Road.
- **13.** Construct one temporary full access street, Cheyenne Avenue, onto Lake Hazel Road, located ¹/₄ mile east of Cole Road, as proposed.
- **14.** Construct Cheyenne Avenue as a 33-foot street section with vertical curb, gutter, and an 8-foot wide planter strip and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk location outside of the right-of-way, within an easement, as proposed.
- **15.** Cheyenne Avenue between Lake Hazel Road and Eagle Grove Street is classified as a residential collector roadway and shall be signed for no parking on both sides of the roadway. Coordinate a signage program with ACHD Development Review staff.
- **16.** Construct one full access public street, Umatilla Avenue, onto Lake Hazel Road, located ½ mile east of Cole Road.
- **17.** Dedicated 98-feet of right-of-way for Umatilla Avenue for 300-feet north of Lake Hazel Road tapering to50-feet to accommodate the future 5-lane signalized intersection.
- 18. Construct Umatilla Avenue with 3 travel lanes at the Lake Hazel intersection (a receiving lane, left turn lane, and right/thru lane) tapering to a 33-foot street section with vertical curb, gutter, an 8-foot wide planter strip, and a 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalk on the west side of the roadway with 3-foot gravel shoulders and a barrow ditch on the east side of the roadway abutting the site.
- **19.** Provide a permanent right-of-way easement for the detached sidewalks proposed to be located outside of the right-of-way on Umatilla Avenue.
- **20.** Umatilla Avenue between Lake Hazel Road and Latigo Street is a residential collector roadway and shall be signed for "No Parking". Coordinate a signage program with ACHD Development Review staff.
- **21.** Construct all of the internal local streets as 33-foot street sections with rolled curb, gutter, an 8-foot wide planter strips, and 5-foot wide detached concrete sidewalks. Extend the right-of-way 2-feet behind the back of curb and provide a permanent right-of-way easement for the detached sidewalks located outside of the dedicated right-of-way.
- **22.** Construct Latigo Street as half of a 33-foot street section plus 12 additional feet of pavement (25-feet of pavement) with curb, gutter, an 8-foot wide planter strip, and 5-foot wide detached

concrete sidewalks on the south side of the roadway and a 3-foot wide gravel shoulder and barrow ditch on the north side of the roadway abutting the site.

- **23.** Construct 3 Minor Local Streets, as 24-foot street sections vertical curb, and gutter, within 28-feet of right-of-way, as proposed. Two of the minor local streets run east/west between Harpy Eagle Avenue and Cheyenne Avenue and one runs between Sea Eagle Avenue and Cheyenne Avenue.
- 24. Construct two of the north/south alleys between Eagle Grove Road and Skylight Street, and one north/south alley between Skylight Street and Booted Eagle with 18-feet of pavement with rolled curb and gutter on the downgraded side, within 20-feet of right-of-way, as proposed.
- **25.** Other than the access specifically approved with this application, direct lot access is prohibited to Cole Road and Lake Hazel Road and should be noted on the final plat.
- 26. Payment of impacts fees are due prior to issuance of a building permit.
- 27. Comply with all Standard Conditions of Approval.

E. Standard Conditions of Approval

- 1. All irrigation facilities shall be relocated outside of the ACHD right-of-way.
- 2. Private Utilities including sewer or water systems are prohibited from being located within the ACHD right-of-way.
- **3.** In accordance with District policy, 7203.3, the applicant may be required to update any existing non-compliant pedestrian improvements abutting the site to meet current Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements. <u>The applicant's engineer should provide documentation of ADA compliance to District Development Review staff for review.</u>
- **4.** Replace any existing damaged curb, gutter and sidewalk and any that may be damaged during the construction of the proposed development. Contact Construction Services at 387-6280 (with file number) for details.
- **5.** A license agreement and compliance with the District's Tree Planter policy is required for all landscaping proposed within ACHD right-of-way or easement areas.
- 6. All utility relocation costs associated with improving street frontages abutting the site shall be borne by the developer.
- 7. It is the responsibility of the applicant to verify all existing utilities within the right-of-way. The applicant at no cost to ACHD shall repair existing utilities damaged by the applicant. The applicant shall be required to call DIGLINE (1-811-342-1585) at least two full business days prior to breaking ground within ACHD right-of-way. The applicant shall contact ACHD Traffic Operations 387-6190 in the event any ACHD conduits (spare or filled) are compromised during any phase of construction.
- 8. Utility street cuts in pavement less than five years old are not allowed unless approved in writing by the District. Contact the District's Utility Coordinator at 387-6258 (with file numbers) for details.
- **9.** All design and construction shall be in accordance with the ACHD Policy Manual, ISPWC Standards and approved supplements, Construction Services procedures and all applicable ACHD Standards unless specifically waived herein. An engineer registered in the State of Idaho shall prepare and certify all improvement plans.
- **10.** Construction, use and property development shall be in conformance with all applicable requirements of ACHD prior to District approval for occupancy.
- **11.** No change in the terms and conditions of this approval shall be valid unless they are in writing and signed by the applicant or the applicant's authorized representative and an

authorized representative of ACHD. The burden shall be upon the applicant to obtain written confirmation of any change from ACHD.

12. If the site plan or use should change in the future, ACHD Planning Review will review the site plan and may require additional improvements to the transportation system at that time. Any change in the planned use of the property which is the subject of this application, shall require the applicant to comply with ACHD Policy and Standard Conditions of Approval in place at that time unless a waiver/variance of the requirements or other legal relief is granted by the ACHD Commission.

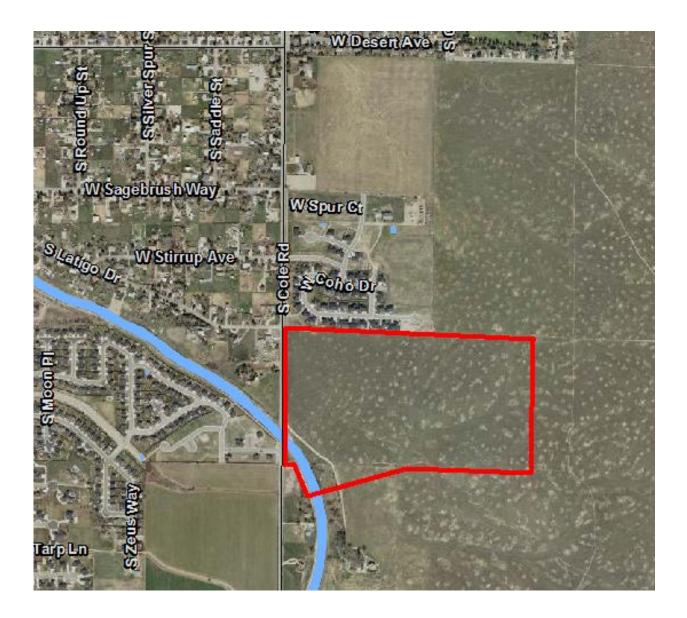
F. Conclusions of Law

- 1. The proposed site plan is approved, if all of the Site Specific and Standard Conditions of Approval are satisfied.
- 2. ACHD requirements are intended to assure that the proposed use/development will not place an undue burden on the existing vehicular transportation system within the vicinity impacted by the proposed development.

G. Attachments

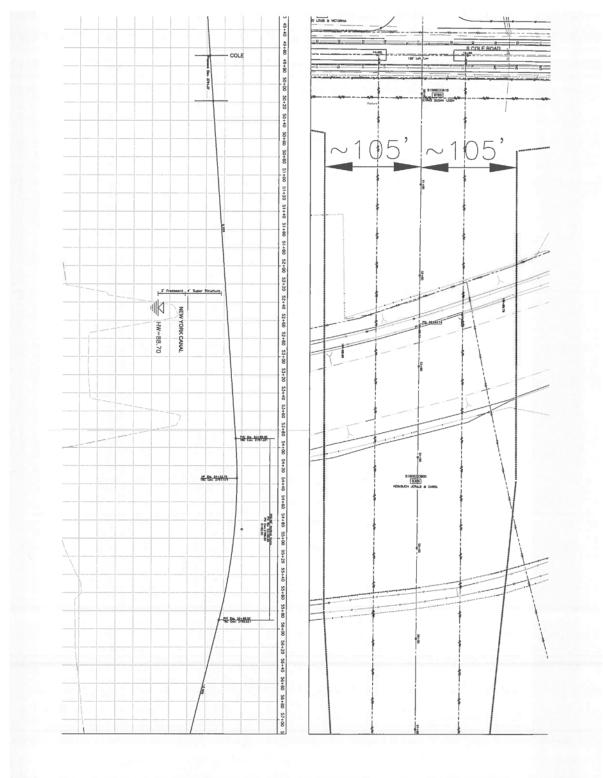
- 1. Vicinity Map
- 2. Site Plan
- 3. Slope Easements
- 4. Utility Coordinating Council
- 5. Development Process Checklist
- 6. Request for Reconsideration Guidelines

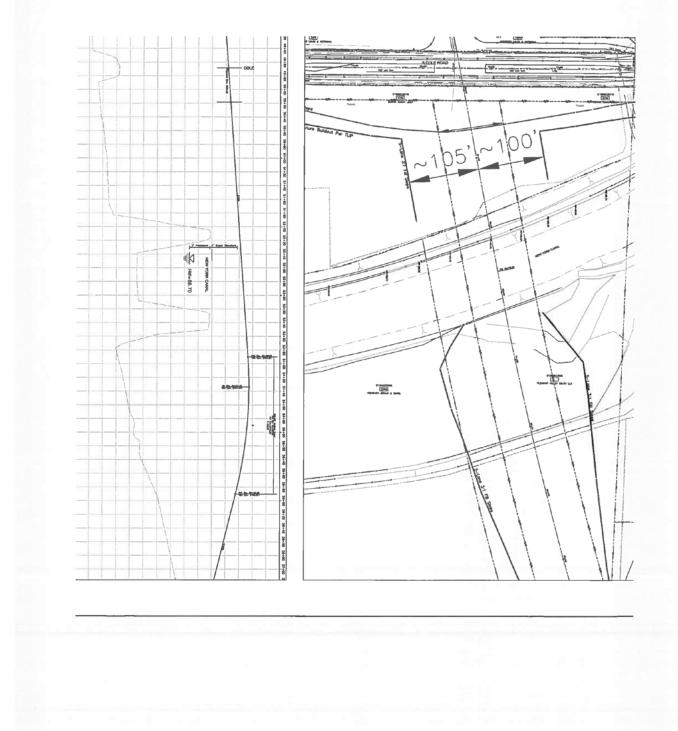
VICINITY MAP



K. Ring PERch OR	497 LOT ARX 49 SIRECE DOI: 49 49 SIRECE DOI: 49 49 4000055 400005 400005 4000 400 4000 40	SURVE LOW

Slope Easements





Ada County Utility Coordinating Council

Developer/Local Improvement District Right of Way Improvements Guideline Request

Purpose: To develop the necessary avenue for proper notification to utilities of local highway and road improvements, to help the utilities in budgeting and to clarify the already existing process.

- Notification: Within five (5) working days upon notification of required right of way improvements by Highway entities, developers shall provide written notification to the affected utility owners and the Ada County Utility Coordinating Council (UCC). Notification shall include but not be limited to, project limits, scope of roadway improvements/project, anticipated construction dates, and any portions critical to the right of way improvements and coordination of utilities.
- 2) Plan Review: The developer shall provide the highway entities and all utility owners with preliminary project plans and schedule a plan review conference. Depending on the scale of utility improvements, a plan review conference may not be necessary, as determined by the utility owners. Conference notification shall also be sent to the UCC. During the review meeting the developer shall notify utilities of the status of right of way/easement acquisition necessary for their project. At the plan review conference each company shall have the right to appeal, adjust and/or negotiate with the developer on its own behalf. Each utility shall provide the developer with a letter of review indicating the costs and time required for relocation of its facilities. Said letter of review is to be provided within thirty calendar days after the date of the plan review conference.
- 3) **Revisions:** The developer is responsible to provide utilities with any revisions to preliminary plans. Utilities may request an updated plan review meeting if revisions are made in the preliminary plans which affect the utility relocation requirements. Utilities shall have thirty days after receiving the revisions to review and comment thereon.
- 4) Final Notification: The developer will provide highway entities, utility owners and the UCC with final notification of its intent to proceed with right of way improvements and include the anticipated date work will commence. This notification shall indicate that the work to be performed shall be pursuant to final approved plans by the highway entity. The developer shall schedule a preconstruction meeting prior to right of way improvements. Utility relocation activity shall be completed within the times established during the preconstruction meeting, unless otherwise agreed upon.

Notification to the Ada County UCC can be sent to: 50 S. Cole Rd. Boise 83707, or Visit iducc.com for e-mail notification information.

Development Process Checklist

Items Completed to Date:

Submit a development application to a City or to Ada County

The City or the County will transmit the development application to ACHD

The ACHD **Planning Review Section** will receive the development application to review

The **Planning Review Section** will do <u>one</u> of the following:

Send a "**No Review**" letter to the applicant stating that there are no site specific conditions of approval at this time.

Write a **Staff Level** report analyzing the impacts of the development on the transportation system and evaluating the proposal for its conformance to District Policy.

Write a **Commission Level** report analyzing the impacts of the development on the transportation system and evaluating the proposal for its conformance to District Policy.

Items to be completed by Applicant:

For ALL development applications, including those receiving a "No Review" letter:

- The applicant should submit one set of engineered plans directly to ACHD for review by the **Development Review Section** for plan review and assessment of impact fees. (Note: if there are no site improvements required by ACHD, then architectural plans may be submitted for purposes of impact fee assessment.)
- The applicant is required to get a permit from Construction Services (ACHD) for <u>ANY</u> work in the right-ofway, including, but not limited to, driveway approaches, street improvements and utility cuts.

Pay Impact Fees prior to issuance of building permit. Impact fees cannot be paid prior to plan review approval.

DID YOU REMEMBER:

Construction (Non-Subdivisions)

Driveway or Property Approach(s)

 Submit a "Driveway Approach Request" form to ACHD Construction (for approval by Development Services & Traffic Services). There is a one week turnaround for this approval.

□ Working in the ACHD Right-of-Way

- Four business days prior to starting work have a bonded contractor submit a "Temporary Highway Use Permit Application" to ACHD Construction Permits along with:
 - a) Traffic Control Plan
 - b) An Erosion & Sediment Control Narrative & Plat, done by a Certified Plan Designer, if trench is >50' or you are placing >600 sf of concrete or asphalt.

Construction (Subdivisions)

Sediment & Erosion Submittal

• At least one week prior to setting up a Pre-Construction Meeting an Erosion & Sediment Control Narrative & Plan, done by a Certified Plan Designer, must be turned into ACHD Construction to be reviewed and approved by the ACHD Stormwater Section.

☐ Idaho Power Company

• Vic Steelman at Idaho Power must have his IPCO approved set of subdivision utility plans prior to Pre-Con being scheduled.

Final Approval from Development Services is required prior to scheduling a Pre-Con.

Request for Reconsideration of Commission Action

- 1. **Request for Reconsideration of Commission Action:** A Commissioner, a member of ACHD staff or any other person objecting to any final action taken by the Commission may request reconsideration of that action, provided the request is not for a reconsideration of an action previously requested to be reconsidered, an action whose provisions have been partly and materially carried out, or an action that has created a contractual relationship with third parties.
 - a. Only a Commission member who voted with the prevailing side can move for reconsideration, but the motion may be seconded by any Commissioner and is voted on by all Commissioners present.

If a motion to reconsider is made and seconded it is subject to a motion to postpone to a certain time.

- b. The request must be in writing and delivered to the Secretary of the Highway District no later than 3:00 p.m. on the day prior to the Commission's next scheduled regular meeting following the meeting at which the action to be reconsidered was taken. Upon receipt of the request, the Secretary shall cause the same to be placed on the agenda for that next scheduled regular Commission meeting.
- c. The request for reconsideration must be supported by written documentation setting forth new facts and information not presented at the earlier meeting, or a changed situation that has developed since the taking of the earlier vote, or information establishing an error of fact or law in the earlier action. The request may also be supported by oral testimony at the meeting.
- d. If a motion to reconsider passes, the effect is the original matter is in the exact position it occupied the moment before it was voted on originally. It will normally be returned to ACHD staff for further review. The Commission may set the date of the meeting at which the matter is to be returned. The Commission shall only take action on the original matter at a meeting where the agenda notice so provides.
- e. At the meeting where the original matter is again on the agenda for Commission action, interested persons and ACHD staff may present such written and oral testimony as the President of the Commission determines to be appropriate, and the Commission may take any action the majority of the Commission deems advisable.
- f. If a motion to reconsider passes, the applicant may be charged a reasonable fee, to cover administrative costs, as established by the Commission.

CITY OF BOISE

INTER-DEPARTMENT CORRESPONDENCE

Date: September 29, 2015

To: Planning and Development Services

From: Jason Taylor, Associate Civil Engineer Public Works

Subject:SUB 15-00055; Kirsten SsubdivisionGrading & Drainage, Hillside, & Misc. Engineering Comments

1. STANDARD GRADING AND DRAINAGE CONDITIONS

- 1) Subdivision drainage shall be in accordance to B.C.C. 11-09-04-05. The developer shall submit a letter from the appropriate drainage entity approving the drainage system or accepting the drainage there from. A copy of the construction drawing(s) depicting all site drainage improvements shall be submitted with the letter.
 - a) Developer may either construct improvement prior to final platting or post bond in the amount of 110% of the estimated construction costs. Estimated construction costs shall be provided by the developer's engineer.
 - b) For drainage facilities located outside of the public right-of-way, the developer shall dedicate a storm drainage easement. Said easement shall be labeled as either an Ada County Highway District storm drainage easement or a homeowners' association storm drainage easement, depending on what entity will assume responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the storm drainage system.
 - c) If the homeowners' association is to be responsible for the operation and maintenance of the storm drainage facilities, the covenants, homeowners' association by-laws or other similar deed restrictions shall be reviewed and approved by the Boise City Attorney.
- 2) If fills greater than one foot in depth are to be placed in subdivision lots inside of building envelopes, as defined by the applicable subdivision building setbacks, the Developer shall obtain a grading permit from the Boise City Building Department (Commercial Rough Grading Permit). Grading permit must be acquired prior to the start of construction or final plat signature by the Boise City Engineer, whichever comes first.

Special Conditions:

2. STANDARD HILLSIDE CONDITIONS

N/A

3. MISC. ENGINEERING CONDITIONS

N/A

4. **PRIVATE STREET CONDITIONS**

- a. The following private street requirements must be met in an acceptable format:
 - i) Convey to those lot owners taking access from the private street, the perpetual right of ingress and egress over the described private street, and
 - ii) Provide that such perpetual easement shall run with the land, and
 - iii) Provide each lot owner taking access from the private street, undivided interest within the private street.
- b. A restrictive covenant for maintenance and reconstruction shall be recorded at the time of recording the plat which covenant, (a) creates the formation of a homeowners association for the perpetual requirement for the maintenance/reconstruction of the private street, and private street signs and (b) provides that said covenant shall run with the land, and (c) provides that the homeowners association shall not be dissolved without the express consent of Boise City.
- c. Said easement and covenant to be reviewed and approved by the Boise City Attorney (B.C.C. 9-20-7.E.2.q & 9-20-7.E.2.r).
- d. Private street widths shall be in conformance with B.C.C. 11-09-03.5. or as allowed via B.C.C. 11-09-05. All private streets, base and pavement, shall be constructed to the same construction specifications required for public streets. Contact the Ada County Highway District (ACHD) for public street construction requirements (B.C.C. 11-09-03.5.B.).
 - i) Certification of construction to ACHD specifications is required from an independent testing laboratory or a consulting engineer, including test results for the verification of construction (B.C.C. 11-09-03-05.B.(2)(e)).
 - (1) If it is an existing private street, verification of acceptable construction of the existing private street, including acceptability for use of emergency vehicles (including fire trucks and ambulances), is required from an independent testing laboratory or a registered Professional Engineer.
 - ii) Sidewalks are required on both sides of the private street (or in compliance with the sidewalk plan approved with the conditional use) unless specifically waived by the Boise City Council.
 - iii) Private street signs shall be installed in the same manner as public street signs (see requirements of ACHD).

- iv) The developer shall pay the current drainage review and inspection fees on the proposed subdivision (B.C.C. 11-03-03.3.B.).
- v) Drainage facilities for the private street shall comply with Boise City's Storm Water Management and Discharge Control Ordinance (B.C.C. 8-15). Plans shall be approved and construction inspected by Boise City Public Works.
 - (1) Developer and/or owner may either construct prior to final platting or post bond/agreement in the amount of 110% of the estimated costs, including certification (B.C.C. 11-09-04.2., *Filing of Plans and Bonding Surety*).

Special Conditions:

If you have any further questions please contact Jason Taylor at 384-3946 or jtaylor@cityofboise.org.

I:\PWA\Subjects\Review Comments\Subdivision Comments\Temp (uploaded comments)\Drainage Hillside Eng comments\JCT-Grading Drainage Hillside & Misc Engineering Sub Comment- Kirsten Sub.docx

CITY OF BOISE

INTER-DEPARTMENT CORRESPONDENCE

Date: September 30, 2015

To: Planning and Development Services

From: Mike Sheppard, P.E., Civil Engineer II Public Works

Subject: SUB15-00055; 6298 S. Cole Road; Sewer Irrigation Sub Comments

1. STANDARD IRRIGATION CONDITIONS

REV 5/1/14

- a. Comply with B.C.C. 11-09-04.11 concerning pressure irrigation requirements prior to signing of the final plat by the Boise City Engineer.
 - 1. The owner, person, firm or corporation filing the subdivision plat shall provide a pressurized irrigation system. The system must conform to the minimum design standards and specifications of Boise City, or of the entity that will operate and maintain the system, if that entity has published standards; or
 - 2. The owner, person, firm or corporation filing the subdivision plat shall provide written documentation that a valid waiver of the requirement to provide a pressure irrigation system and that Idaho Code 31-3805(1)(a) regarding transfer of water rights, has been complied with.
- b. Prior to either commencing construction or signing of the final plat by the Boise City Engineer, developer shall:
 - 1. Submit for approval by the Department of Public Works, construction plans and specifications for the pressurized system, stamped by a registered engineer.
 - 2. Provide written assurance that provisions have been made for ownership, operation, and maintenance of the system.
 - 3. Delineate all necessary irrigation easements on the final plat (B.C.C. 11-09-03.6).
- c. Developer shall provide for an independent inspection of the installation of irrigation facilities and written certification by the design or project engineer that the system was installed according to the approved plans. In addition, the Department of Public Works must be present for the system pressure test and participate in a final inspection.
- d. Developer may construct prior to final platting or bond in the amount of 110% of the estimated construction costs based on the approved plans.

e. <u>Fees</u>: Developer and/or owner shall pay the current inspection and plan review fees applicable to the proposed subdivision prior to signing of the final plat by the Boise City Engineer (B.C.C. 11-03-03.3.B.).

2. STANDARD SEWER CONDITIONS

REV 5/1/14

City Subdivision Conditions

- a. Wetline sewers are required (B.C.C. 11-09-04.4., Required Improvements; Sanitary Sewer).
 - 1. Developer and/or owner shall contact the Department of Public Works regarding the financing and details of extending the sewers to the subject property. Developer and/or owner shall enter into a sewer reimbursement agreement with the City of Boise.
 - 2. Plans shall be submitted to and approved by the Boise City Department of Public Works prior to commencing with construction. Developer and/or owner may either construct improvements prior to final platting or execute a performance agreement and provide surety in the amount of 110% of the estimated costs. The developer and/or owner shall coordinate with the Department of Public Works for construction inspection prior to and during construction. Unless otherwise approved by the Public Works Department, all sewer construction shall be completed and accepted within 90 days of plat recordation, or within 30 days of issuance of the first building permit within the subdivision, whichever comes first.

NOTE: All bonding shall conform to Boise City Code 1-19, Surety Bonds.

- 3. Developer and/or owner shall pay the current sewer inspection fees for the proposed subdivision prior to signing of the final plat by the Boise City Engineer.
- 4. Developer and/or owner shall be responsible for repairs of any failures that occur within one (1) year of the project acceptance by the appropriate sewer entity (Boise City Code 11-09-04.2F, *Subdivision Standards; Required Improvements*).
- b. Developer and/or owner shall delineate all necessary Boise City sanitary sewer easements on the final plat prior to signing of the final plat by the Boise City Engineer (Boise City Code 11-09-03.6A, *Subdivision Design Standards; Easements*).
- c. Developer and/or owner shall make payment, 8"equivalent cost reimbursement, and comply with Boise City Code 8-11, *Sewer Ordinance*, on that portion of existing sewer line within the proposed subdivision prior to signing of the final plat by the Boise City Engineer. Contact the Department of Public Works for specific costs.
- d. Unless previously paid, developer and/or owner shall pay a sewer assessment alon<u>g S. Cole</u> <u>Road</u> and/or as may be approved by the Boise City Public Works Commission prior to signing of the final plat by the Boise City Engineer. Contact the Department of Public Works for specific costs.

Special Conditions:

Coordinate sewer extension with Boise City Public Works Department to abandon the existing sewer lift station to the north.

CITY OF BOISE

INTER-DEPARTMENT CORRESPONDENCE

Date:

To:	Planning and Development Services
From:	Mike Hedge, Street Light Technician Public Works
Subject:	SUB15-00055; 6298 S. Cole Rd; Street Light Subdivision Comments

City Subdivision Conditions

- a. Developer shall delineate on the face of the final plat a Boise City street light easement, acceptable to the Boise City Department of Public Works, for the purpose of installing and maintaining city-owned street light fixtures, conduit, and wiring lying outside the dedicated public right-of-way (B.C.C. 11-09-03.6.).
- b. The developer shall be required to install, at their expense, street lights in accordance with Boise City Public Works specifications and standards at locations designated by the Public Works Department (B.C.C. 11-09-04.9.). Plans shall be reviewed and approved by the Boise City Public Works Department prior to commencement of construction or bonding.
- c. <u>Fees</u>: Developer shall pay the current street light inspection and plan review fees on the proposed subdivision (B.C.C. 11-03-03.3.B.).
- d. Developer shall not connect, or allow any subcontractor to connect any irrigation timers, decorative lighting, entrance lighting, outlets or other electrical devices to any street lighting circuits. Any and all irrigation timers, decorative lighting, entrance lighting, outlets or other electrical devices shall be connected directly to Idaho Power at an Idaho Power approved location.
- e. The street lights shall be installed and accepted by the Boise City Public Works Department at the following locations. Unless otherwise noted, street lights shall be installed at a 25-foot minimum mounting height, 50 watt class LED fixture (see Attachment A, Boise Standard Revisions for a list of approved fixtures)
 - i) Light Locations:
 - SWC of lot 4, block4
 - NWC of lot 5, block 4
 - SEC of lot 21, block3
 - NWC of lot 2, block5
 - SEC of lot 24, block 3
 - NEC of lot 7, block 12
 - SEC of lot 12, block 12
 - NEC of lot 14, block 6
 - NEC of lot 1, block 2

- NWC of lot 1, block 1
- NEC of lot 27, block 2
- SWC of lot 1, block 6
- NWC of lot 8, block 6
- SEC of lot 20, block 6
- NEC of lot 36, block 2
- NEC of lot 40, block 2
- SEC of lot 16, block 11
- SWC of lot 44, block 15
- NWC of lot 54, block 15
- NWC of lot 19, block 14
- SWC of lot 9, block 14
- NEC of lot 39, block 3
- NWC of lot 6, block 13
- SEC of lot 50, block 3
- SWC of lot 2, block 13
- SWC of lot 5, block 21
- SWC of lot 2, block 21
- SEC of lot 4, block 14
- SWC of lot 8, block 17
- NWC of lot 28, block 15
- SEC of lot 7, block 16
- SEC of lot 6, block 17
- SEC of lot 7, block 18
- SEC of lot 14, block 21
- SEC of lot 55, block 3
- SEC of lot 62, block 3
- NEC of lot 14, block 20
- NWC of lot 6, block 19
- SEC of lot 1, block 17
- SWC of lot 10, block 15
- NEC of lot 77, block 3
- NEC of lot 16, block 19
- SEC of lot 21, block 19
- NEC of lot 6, block 15
- SEC of lot 1, block 15, installed at 30 foot minimum mounting height, 90 watt class LED fixture
- Centered on lot 1, block 15, installed at 30 foot minimum mounting height, 90 watt class LED fixture
- SEC of lot 1, block 15, installed at 30 foot minimum mounting height, 90 watt class LED fixture.
- Centered on lot 45, block 2, installed at 30 foot minimum mounting height, 90 watt class LED fixture.
- SWC of lot 45, block 2, installed at 30 foot minimum mounting height, 90 watt class LED fixture.

- SWC of 13, block 2, installed at 30 foot minimum mounting height, 90 watt class LED fixture.
- SWC of lot 9, block 3, installed at 30 foot minimum mounting height, 90 watt class LED fixture.
- Centered on lot 9, block 3, installed at 30 foot minimum mounting height, 90 watt class LED fixture.
- f. If approval for bonding is granted by the Boise City Public Works Department, developer may bond in the amount of 110% of the estimated street light costs. Street lights shall be installed within 90 days of the issuance of the first building permit in the development, if building permits are obtained prior to completion of street light improvements.
- g. As per Idaho Power requirements the lights along following street frontages must be installed on a metered service. Meter service cabinet location to be in the right of way or in a developer designated City Street Light Easement and shall meet the requirements of the Idaho Standards for Public Works Construction, Standard Drawings SD-1125 or SD-1126, and SD-1127, and the Boise City Standard Revisions for ISPWC Division 1102 Street Lights. See Attachment A, Boise Standard Revisions for a list of approved metered service cabinets.
 - S. Cole Rd
 - Lake Hazel Rd
 - S Umatilla Ave
- h. Developer, engineer, or electrical contractor shall submit a street light plan using the Boise City Street Light Design Check List to public works for approval. Once approved three copies are required.

Special Conditions: None

If you have any further questions contact Mike Hedge at 388-4719 or mhedge@cityofboise.org.

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Doug Holloway Director

Parks & Recreation 1104 Royal Boulevard Boise, Idaho 83706-2840

Phone 208/608-7600

Fax 208/608-7648

TDD/TTY 800/377-3529

Web www.cityofboise.org/parks

Mayor David H. Bieter

City Council

President Maryanne Jordan

Council Pro Tem Elaine Clegg

Scot Ludwig Lauren McLean Ben Quintana TJ Thomson

Boise Parks & Recreation

TO :	Todd Tucker, Subdivision Analyst
FROM:	Jennifer Tomlinson, Parks Planner
DATE:	January 8, 2016
SUBJECT:	CAR15-00029, CPA15-00008

Boise Parks and Recreation (BPR) has been working with the applicants of the above listed application to find an appropriate location for a 10 acre neighborhood park that will serve residents of the area.

6/6a/6b

In 2006, BPR entered into a real estate agreement with Pleasant Valley LLC to obtain a "placeholder" site for a future park, with a final location to be determined upon entitlement of the larger site. In 2015 BPR agreed to an additional placeholder exchange to move the identified location in an effort to better layout their proposed development. BPR requested that the location of the park be central to the residential development to best serve the needs of residents in the area.



The Coughlin park site is intended to provide an amenity to area residents within ½ mile of the site. Neighborhood parks generally have facilities including: playgrounds, open turf areas, and trees, paved walking paths, sitting areas, restroom facilities and passive open space. They may also include sport courts, picnic facilities, plaza space and public art.

Timing for park development is largely based on the development of the adjacent uses, funding, and prioritization by the department. BPR develops parks according to the following timeline:

- 1. Acquisition-contingent on final site layout by the applicant
- Master Plan development-notification of all property owners within a ½ mile radius of the site for input on how the park should be developed. The master plan will then be considered for approval by the Parks Commission.
- 3. Greenup-currently listed in the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for 2020-2024, but can change based on the rate of development in the immediate area. Greenup includes turf, irrigation, parking, paving and sidewalk needs and other infrastructure related needs.
- 4. Amenities-not listed in the CIP but includes play equipment, or other amenities identified in the master plan.

When determining the final location of the site, BPR requests that the neighborhood park is located in such a way that it is central to residents of the area, easily accessible, visible from the public right of way and with good street frontage.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please do not hesitate to contact me at 608-7637.



Dennis Doan Chief

City Hall West 333 N. Mark Stall Place Boise, Idaho 83704-0644

Phone 208/570-6500

Fax 208/570-6586

TDD/TTY 800/377-3529

Web www.cityofboise.org/fire



Mayor David H. Bieter

City Council President Maryanne Jordan

Council Pro Tem David Eberle

Elaine Clegg Lauren McLean TJ Thomson Ben Quintana

Fire Department

January 20, 2016

Todd Tucker PDS – Current Planning

Re: Rezone Application; CAR15-00029 6298 S. Cole Road

Dear Todd,

This is a request to rezone 601.3 acres of land in the area of 6298 S. Cole Road from A-2 to LR, MR, NC and Industrial.

The fire department can support the proposed rezone as the area is within the existing City limits and was anticipated for future development.

Currently this area is serviced by Fire Station 17 located at 3801 S. Cole Road. Portions of the rezone area are currently outside of the 1½ mile or 4 minute response standards from Station 17. Proposed future stations will be needed to adequately service the area in the future. Future stations maybe located in the area of Orchard Street and Lake Hazel Road but an exact site has not been finalized at this time.

Regards,

Romeo P. Gervais, P.E. Deputy Chief – Fire Marshal Boise Fire Department



Dennis Doan Chief

City Hall West 333 N. Mark Stall Place Boise, Idaho 83704-0644

Phone 208/570-6500

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Web www.cityofboise.org/fire



Mayor David H. Bieter

City Council President Maryanne Jordan

Council Pro Tem David Eberle

Elaine Clegg Lauren McLean TJ Thomson Ben Quintana

Fire Department

January 20, 2016

Cody Riddle PDS - Planning

Re: Preliminary Plat – Kirsten Subdivision; SUB15-00055 6298 S. Cole Road

Dear Cody,

This is a request for a preliminary plat for a residential subdivision with 453 buildable lots and 41 common lots on 100.9 acres within Zone "B" of the Boise City Wildland Urban Interface Zones.

The Boise Fire Department has reviewed and can approve the application subject to compliance with all of the following code requirements and conditions of approval.

Comments:

- 1. This subdivision is within Wildland Urban Interface Zone B and compliance with BCC 7-01-69 is required. All new perimeter structures within Zone B shall require a minimum of 30-feet of defensible space.
- 2. A wildfire safety plan is required for this subdivision and shall be submitted and approved prior to approval of the final plat.
- 3. Two points of approved access shall be required for all phases of the proposed subdivision. Final plats shall demonstrate compliance with access requirements.
- 4. For streets having a width less than 36 feet back of curb to back of curb parking shall be restricted on one side; for streets having a width less than 29 feet back of curb to back of curb parking shall be restricted on both sides. Cul-de-sacs parking shall have parking restricted on both sides. A note on the face of the final plat is required. No Parking signs shall be installed in accordance with the requirements of the IFC.
- 5. Fire hydrants, capable of producing the required fire flow, shall be located so that no part of the structure is more than 600-feet from the hydrant. Additional fire hydrants will be required. (IFC 507.3, IFC B105.2, IFC C105).
- 6. Fire Department required fire hydrants, access, and street identification shall be installed prior to construction or storage of combustible materials on site. Provisions may be made for temporary access and identification measures.

General Requirement:

Specific building construction requirements of the International Building Code, International Fire Code and Boise City Code will apply. However, these provisions are best addressed by a licensed Architect at time of building permit application.

Regards,

Romeo Gervais, P.E. Deputy Chief Boise Fire Department



Derick O'Neill Director

Boise City Hall 150 N. Capitol Boulevard

Mailing Address P. O. Box 500 Boise, Idaho 83701-0500

Phone 208/384-3830

Fax 208/384-3814

TDD/TTY 800/377-3529

Web www.cityofboise.org/pds

Mayor David H. Bieter

City Council President Elaine Clegg

Council Pro Tem Lauren McLean

Maryanne Jordan Scot Ludwig Ben Quintana TJ Thomson

Planning & Development Services

January 29, 2016

The Comprehensive Planning Division would like the following comments and conditions included in the project report for the Syringa Valley Specific Plan project and the Kirsten Subdivision.

6/6a/6b

Local Streets

We support the local street typical section that includes 5' detached sidewalks and 8' landscaping strips for pedestrian comfort, pedestrian safety and tree growth. For locations where proposed sidewalk is not located within the public R/W, setback for garages should be measured from the back of detached sidewalk, not the P/L.

<u>Pathways</u>

- Typical Concrete Pathway should be increased to 10' wide through the wider open space areas and primary pedestrian connections to the Arterial roads.
- 5' wide micro-paths through 17' wide green spaces are okay as proposed.

Temporary Site Access to Cole Road

• The City requests the temporary access at Eagle Grove Road be maintained as a permanent access point to Cole Road. This roadway provides needed connectivity for all modes.

Cole Road

- The City supports the 48' R/W width being proposed for the eastern half of Cole Road. Within that proposed R/W width, the City has the following Cole Road typical section requests:
 - Provide 11' vehicle travel lanes
 - An on-street bicycle lane should be a minimum of 5' wide (measured from the lip of gutter) with a minimum 2' wide painted buffer between it and the nearest vehicle travel lane.
 - The proposed 5' detached sidewalk to be located within a permanent easement should be placed a minimum of 8' from the back of the proposed curb & gutter on Cole Road for pedestrian comfort, pedestrian safety and tree growth.

<u>Umatilla Ave</u>

- The City suggests 10' wide vehicle travel lanes
- As a Collector, a minimum 5' wide bike lane (measured from the lip of gutter or parking lane line) should be provided along this corridor.
- Due to the location of Umatilla with respect to the proposed high school and the proposed elementary school, the City requests 7' wide detached sidewalks. The landscape strip between the sidewalk and the curb & gutter should be maintained at 8' wide for pedestrian comfort, pedestrian safety and for tree growth.

 Include on-street parallel parking lanes on Umatilla and institute intersection bulb-outs for traffic calming purposes.

Lake Hazel Road

- We support the Lake Hazel proposal of having detached multi-use pathways along both sides of the corridor. We request longitudinal pavement markings be added to separate bike from pedestrian zones.
- A temporary shoulder is okay for the interim, but ultimately on-street bike lanes are needed.
- The developer should plan for the future widening of Lake Hazel and plan stormwater facilities accordingly. Identify where future stormwater is to be retained within the the right-of-way and/or typical section (i.e. median, landscape buffer).



Derick O'Neill Director

Boise City Hall 150 N. Capitol Boulevard

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Web www.cityofboise.org/pds

Mayor David H. Bieter

City Council President Maryanne Jordan

Council Pro Tem David Eberle

Elaine Clegg Lauren McLean TJ Thomson Ben Quintana

Planning & Development Services

September 29, 2015

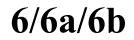
PDS Plan Review:

The subdivision preliminary plat SUB15-00055 has been reviewed and there are no comments at this time.

6/6a/6b

Javier Guzman Plans Examiner II Planning & Development Services

208/384-3822 208/384-3801 208/384-3814 Fax jguzman @cityofboise.org





Independent School District of Boise City #1

Boundaries, Transportation, and Traffic Safety 8169 W Victory Rd - Boise, ID 83709 (208) 854-4167 Fax (208) 854-4011

RESPONSE TO PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

- DATE: November 5, 2015
- TO: PDSTransmittals@cityofboise.org
- FROM: Lanette Daw, Supervisor Traffic Safety and Transportation
- RE: SUB15-00055 Kirsten Subdivision

At the present time, the Developer and/or Owner have made arrangements to comply with all requirements of the Boise School District.

The schools currently assigned to the proposed project area are:

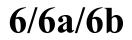
Elementary School:HillcrestJunior High School:WestHigh School:Borah

There are possible boundary changes as the area develops.

Comments Regarding Traffic Impact: None

Comments Regarding Safe Routes to School Impact: None

If you have any further questions, please feel free to contact this office.





Independent School District of Boise City #1

Boundaries, Transportation, and Traffic Safety 8169 W Victory Rd - Boise, ID 83709 (208) 854-4167 Fax (208) 854-4011

RESPONSE TO PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

- DATE: November 17, 2015
- TO: PDSTransmittals@cityofboise.org
- FROM: Lanette Daw, Supervisor Traffic Safety and Transportation

RE: CAR15-00029 & CPA15-00008 – 6298 S Cole Rd

At the present time, the Developer and/or Owner have made arrangements to comply with all requirements of the Boise School District.

The schools currently assigned to the proposed project area are:

Elementary School:HillcrestJunior High School:WestHigh School:Borah

There are possible boundary changes as the area develops.

Comments Regarding Traffic Impact: None

Comments Regarding Safe Routes to School Impact: None

The Boise School District owns a 50 acre site near S. Umatilla Avenue. The Comprehensive Plan describes a layout design and plan for a high school. At this time, the Boise School District has not determined the layout or specific building needs for this site.

The Boise School District requests that the developer donate 10 acres for the elementary school site that is outlined in the Comprehensive Plan. The Plan describes a future elementary school located near Kirsten Coughlin Park.

If you have any further questions, please feel free to contact this office.

WILL PATTERSON CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

MAX SVATY VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

TIMOTHY M. PAGE PROJECT MANAGER

ROBERT D. CARTER ASSISTANT PROJECT MANAGER

APRYL GARDNER SECRETARY-TREASURER

JERRI FLOYD ASSISTANT SECRETARY-TREASURER **BOISE PROJECT BOARD OF CONTROL**

(FORMERLY BOISE U.S. RECLAMATION PROJECT)

2465 OVERLAND ROAD BOISE, IDAHO 83705-3155 OPERATING AGENCY FOR 167,000 ACRES FOR THE FOLLOWING IRRIGATION DISTRICTS

6/6a/6h

NAMPA-MERIDIAN DISTRICT BOISE-KUNA DISTRICT WILDER DISTRICT NEW YORK DISTRICT BIG BEND DISTRICT

TEL (208) 344-1141 FAX: (208) 344-1437

OCT 20 2015 15 October 2015 SERVICES

Boise City Planning & Development – Subdivisions 150 North Capitol Boulevard P O Box 500 Boise, Idaho 83701-0500

RE: Pleasant Valley South-Larry Hellhake CAR15-00029, CPA15-00008 East of 6298 S. Cole Rd. & New York Canal New York Irrigation District NY-477-001-00, NY-477-002-00 Main Canal (approx. Sta. No. 800+00) Sec.31, T3N, R2E, BM.

Boise City Planning:

The majority of the above-mentioned property is located outside of an irrigation district and does not possess a valid surface irrigation water right; however, it does lie adjacent to the United States' New York Canal.

The United States' New York Canal borders this property on the west. The rights of way for this canal are held in the name of the United States through the Bureau of Reclamation under the authority of the Act of August 30, 1890. (26 Stat. 391; 43 U.S.C. 945)

The Boise Project Board of Control is contracted to operate and maintain the New York Canal. The normal limits of this easement are asserted 25' out and parallel to the lower toe of the canal embankment; however, any storm retention and/or detention ponds, catch basins and/or seepage beds planned on being constructed within this development **must** be a minimum of 100' from the lower toe to protect the integrity of the canal due to the underground reach from the storm facilities leaching and/or connecting to the underground reach of the New York Canal.

Whereas these easements are for the operation and maintenance of our facility, no activity should hinder our ability to do so. The Boise Project does not approve landscaping (other than grass) within its easements, as this will certainly increase our cost of maintenance.

Fencing (as may be required) must be constructed just off the canal easement, to insure public safety and prevent encroachments.

Storm Drainage and/or Street Runoff must be retained on site. NO DISCHARGE into the New York Canal system is permitted.

Wording on the preliminary and final recorded plat needs to be noted that this development must adhere to Idaho Statutes, Title 42-1209.

Future preliminary and final plats must call out the Project easements.

As presented, the above-mentioned development contains 100.9 acres of an overall 601 acre project; however, (per our records) a portion of this property is limited to 31.79 acres of valid water right "and should be so noted".

Those lots, which do not hold valid water rights, must be so noted on the plat and/or irrigation plan. The applicant / landowner may wish to contact the New York Irrigation District concerning the availability of inclusion of this ground into the District and if any additional water rights are available.

Whereas the extended use of irrigation water (beyond the limits of the current rights) would be considered water spreading, the irrigation plan should indicate which lots do NOT possess a valid right.

Project facilities and/or easements that parallel, and are within and/or intended to be within road right-of-ways due to any development of this property must be relocated outside of road right-of-ways. The easements of Boise Project facilities will remain the same unless agreed upon and/or approved with written permission from Boise Project Board of Control.

The construction of any roadway crossings must be conducted only during the nonirrigation season when the canal is dewatered. In any case no work shall take place within the easement before the proper crossing agreements have been secured through the Bureau of Reclamation and the Boise Project Board of Control.

Utilities planning to cross any project facility must do so in accordance with the master policies now held between the Bureau of Reclamation and most of the utilities. In any case no work shall take place within the easement before proper crossing agreements have been secured through both the Bureau of Reclamation and the Boise Project Board of Control.

Crossing agreements must be secured and signed by all parties prior to March 1st of each year. A time schedule for the construction to be done during the non-irrigation season must be approved by Boise Project prior to any activity within Project easements. No construction will be allowed within the easement boundaries of the Boise Project Board of Control facilities after March 15th of each year. However, on a case by case basis,

overhead utilities may be allowed after March 15th if reviewed and approved by the Boise Project.

This development is subject to Idaho Code 31-3805, in accordance, this office is requesting any copies of the irrigation and drainage plans.

Whereas this development is in its preliminary stages, Boise Project Board of Control reserves the right to review plans and require changes when our easements and/or facilities are affected by unknown factors.

If you have any further questions or comments regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact me at (208) 344-1141.

Sincerely,

11

Bob Carter Assistant Project Manager- BPBC

bdc/bc cc Clint McCormick Velta Harwood File

Watermaster, Div; 2 BPBC Secretary/Treasurer, NYID

		<u> 6/6a/6h</u>
CENT DIST DEP	Kict CENTRAL DISTRICT HEALTH DEPARTMENT ALTH Environmental Health Division	Return to: ACZ Boise
Conditional	SuB15-00055 Use # / Final / Short Plat Kirsten Sub	 Eagle Garden City Kuna Meridian Star
1.	We have No Objections to this Proposal.	
2 .	We recommend Denial of this Proposal.	層同
3.	We recommend Denial of this Proposal. Specific knowledge as to the exact type of use must be provided before the can comment on this	s Proposal.
4 .	We will require more data concerning soil conditions on this Proposal before we Approximate	C
5 .	Before we can comment concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal before we can comment concerning individual sewage disposal, we will require more data concerning individual sewage disposal of the concerning indit sewage disposal of the concerning individual sewage dispo	EN I
G .	This office may require a study to assess the impact of nutrients and pathogens to receiving gro surface waters.	
7.	This project shall be reviewed by the Idaho Department of Water Resources concerning well co water availability.	onstruction and
4 -8.	After written approval from appropriate entities are submitted, we can approve this proposal for:	I
9 59.	The following plan(s) must be submitted to and approved by the Idaho Department of Environm Central sewage	ental Quality:
1 0.	This Department would recommend deferral until high seasonal ground water can be determine considerations indicate approval.	ed if other
1 1.	If restroom facilities are to be installed, then a sewage system MUST be installed to meet Idaho Sewage Regulations.	State
1 2.	We will require plans be submitted for a plan review for any: food establishment swimming pools or spas child care controls beverage establishment grocery store	enter
13.	Infiltration beds for storm water disposal are considered shallow injection wells. An application a submitted to CDHD.	and fee must be
1 4.	Reviewed By:	2) Andin
		te: 10/14/15

ADA COUNTY STREET NAME COMMITTEE STREET NAME EVALUATION

		Preliminary Plat	
Meeting Date:	September 10, 2015	Final Plat	
Subdivision Name:	KIRSTEN SUB		
Township/Range/Section:	2N 2E 06		
City/County Agency:	BOISE		
Project/Plat Applicant:	Kent Brown		
Email:	kentkb@gmail.com		
Phone No:			

The street name comments listed below are made by the member of the ADA COUNTY STREET NAME COMMITTEE (Under the direction of the Ada County Assessor) regarding this development/project in accordance with the Ada County Street Name Ordinance. Overall final street names are subject to change at Final Plat phase levels due to design changes, time constraints and or previous recorded plat street alignments.

The following existing street names shall appear on plat:

S COLE RD	10	S CHEYENNE AVE	
W LAKE HAZEL RD	4	S UMATILLA AVE	
	Core Street	Recommended for denial	
Proposed street names:	Approved	Denial-Reason code pg 2	Comment
1 W BALD EAGLE ST	X		
[*] 2 S BANDED EAGLE AVE		В	Aligns with S DAKOTA AVE
' 3 W BOOTED EAGLE ST	X		
[®] 4 S CHEYENNE AVE	X		
[*] 5 S CHINOOK AVE	X		
6 W CRESTED EAGLE ST	X		
7 W CROWNED EAGLE ST	X		
* 8 W EAGLE GROVE ST	X		
9 S HARPY EAGLE AVE	X		
10 S SEAL EAGLE AVE	X		
11 W SKYLIGHT ST	X		
12 S SPOTTED EAGLE AVE	X		
13 S STEPPE EAGLE AVE	X		
14 S SUNFISH AVE	X		
15 S TAWNY EAGLE AVE	X		
16 S UMATILLA AVE	X		

Please make the following changes or corrections:

NOTE: If there are corrections and changes recommended, please make these changes on the subdivision plat and resubmit to the committee. A final review with no changes required and the matching plat must be presented to the Ada County Surveyor at time of recording.

Agency Name	Authorized Agent	Date
Ada County Highway District	Kan Dym	8/10/15
Ada County Sheriff	CH	9/10/15
City Addressing		
City Planning and Zoning	Jold Julin	9/10/15
City Fire Department	CAMO	9/10/15
Ada County Assessor		

ADA COUNTY STREET NAME COMMITTEE STREET NAME EVALUATION

Meeting Date:	September 10, 2015

Subdivision Name:

KIRSTEN SUB

Codes/criteria regarding denial

- A Sounds like an existing street
- B Alignment with existing street
- C Duplicate street name within Ada County
- D Street name exceeds 13 letters
- E Other

I

For Office Use Only:

Non approval/denial comments.	Committee Member Name

From:	Liam Brown
To:	Todd Tucker
Subject:	Prospective new development near Cole/Lake Hazel area
Date:	Thursday, January 28, 2016 11:05:15 PM

To Whom it May Concern,

Some of my neighbors and I have previously spoken to others on the matter of this massive new development proposed in the currently empty area near the airport. Several people have said that they are not opposed to development there, suggesting such alternatives as rezoning for commercial development. They have pointed out the looming pollution, traffic, and populace congestion issues that a huge neighborhood will exacerbate if it is built in the area in question. I would propose an alternative. Instead of rezoning for commercial development or sticking with the original plan, I suggest scrapping all construction plans and instead planting 100,000 trees in the area. If water is a concern (when is it not a concern in our steppe climate?) then trees adapted to an arid climate could be used, and the area would become a beautiful forest with little or no maintenance required.

My suggestion may at first sound facetious or at least humorous. It is neither. I am absolutely opposed to the overreach and excess displayed in the current construction plan. That area is undeveloped for a reason, and it should remain so. The city planners and realtors in Boise and the surrounding communities seem eager to parcel off huge lots to mass-production home builders as if there were some strange factory somewhere where they're making new land. Some people in positions of importance appear to want to turn Boise into one of the major metropolitan areas of the country. So I will tell you something that I will repeat to every official in this city in which I am a tax-paying homeowner. Forbes, among other sources, currently rates Boise as one of the best places to live in the entire nation. This area is highly rated. Emulating cities like Los Angeles, Chicago, Detroit, and New York City will quickly strip Boise of that status and make us "just another city" with the usual wicked problems: crime, crowding, poverty, and high cost of living, to name a few. I have visited and lived in such cities, and my wife and I chose to return to our old haunts because things are still better here. If you continue to fill in every blank spot on the map with houses and stores, you will end up with a miniature Chicago. And we will all pay the price for that transformation.

If the Boise city planners wish to make significant improvements to the city as a whole, I suggest creating additional parks and greenways. The 100,000 trees I suggested would make an excellent start. Boise already has a beautiful greenbelt along the river, and its narrow network of trails could be extended to car-free bicycle and running paths throughout the city. That, along with improved bicycle lanes and sidewalks in areas where sidewalks are not currently continuous, would improve the livability of an already excellent city rather than harming its best qualities. I know many people who would welcome such improvements, as many people in this area appreciate both unused land and usable public outdoor space. I do not believe that cramming 2,000 new houses in a current noise buffer zone will improve anything at all. My family and I returned to this area with the hope of enjoying a city

that combines the best of a metropolitan area with the advantages of being out in the country. I would like to see those qualities preserved as the city planners and other officials listen to residents and stop aspiring to mimic the largest and ugliest cities in this nation.

Sincerely, Liam Brown.

From:	Chris Christman
То:	Todd Tucker
Subject:	Syringa Valley Project/Kirsten Subdivison, Pleasant Valley South LLC Hearing
Date:	Friday, January 29, 2016 8:37:12 AM

Good Morning Mr. Tucker,

First off, I would like to say thank you for returning my phone calls and answering my questions quickly and professionally.

I am writing you in regards to the Syringa project/Kirsten subdivision on south Cole that we have talked about in the past. I, along with other residents, plan on being at the hearing on Monday the 8th, but if for some reason I or they can't make it, I wanted to send you a written testimony with our concerns and opposition on certain parts of the plans. I would also like myself CC'd in when this is forwarded to the Commission and other concerning parties if possible.

This is in regards to File numbers CPA15-00008 & CAR15-00029 / Pleasant Valley South LLC

My name is Chris Christman. My family and I reside at 6209 S Latgio Dr. Boise, ID 83709. I have proudly served in the Idaho Air National Guard full time for the last 8 years as I cherish our great way of life in this city, state, and great nation. I am contacting you to cover some very important and concerning issues, in our opinion, that need to be addressed if the Syringa Development/Kirsten subdivision is approved. If not before it is approved. I have spent many days and hours visiting with neighbors and residents discussing this subject. Issues with this subject will be covered and solutions based on facts will be given, not just direct opposition. These are inputs from not just myself, but a diverse group of people from within the affected area. I also have a signed roster of these people in which this represents who are deeply concerned along with many others I have simply spoken to.

First of all I will start with Cole road traffic since this is what our community is mostly concerned with and it has already been a rising issue. As I'm sure ACHD is aware of traffic on this main road is reaching its limits during rush hour on weekdays, they still claim that it is within "level of service". I don't see how this is possible with Cole road backing up more than a mile from Victory, and south past Amity street in the AM. If anyone on the boards has been in this area during this time, they will know what I am talking about. ACHD needs to review how they calculate LOS as it is not accurate by any means, or perhaps the method they are performing the study isn't applicable to situation on this road. I will explain more in depth if you haven't witnessed this.

South Cole near Lake Hazel was not congested at all before Lake Hazel was tied in. But since the connection, it has more than tripled. ACHD traffic counts prove this. It's a non-stop flow between 7-9 am and 4-6 pm. Also, Cole will back up to Amity from Victory at these times since the connections. Cole road itself is falling apart between Desert and Lake Hazel and is in need of repair. This section could benefit from being widened to 3 lanes and this would largely increase safety for residents merging into

Cole. I know Cole/Victory intersection is supposed be improved to 5 lanes from Victory, south to the fire station. This improvement should be done in the VERY LEAST before any of the Syringa project is approved. Still, this won't solve the main problem, as the main issue lies south, beyond Victory, and this will just make a merging battle for drivers when the 5 lanes is reduced to 3 at the fire station. North of Cole, specifically Cole and Overland area is the problem. Traffic backs half way to Overland on Cole, and half way to Orchard on Victory during 4-5 pm. How is this area going to handle 500+ cars in the beginning? Let alone 5000+ once this proposed community is finished? We can foresee the majority of traffic going down Cole as it would be the shortest route with or without Lake Hazel being connected to Orchard, unless there was an alternative option put in to influence drivers to take another route. You might say, "go to a bigger city and see how their traffic is" or " we'll put bus services out there." Well, this isn't that city and there is no reason we can't make changes to keep our city from turning into that chaos. As far a the bus system, It isn't adequate as it is, and Idahoans are very independent you can expect public transportation will a last resort or simple wont be used. I personally have never road a bus in this town after 12 years of living here and never intend to.

The ultimate solution to these issue will be to connect Lake Hazel through to Orchard before any building occurs on Syringa Valley Development. Additionally, eliminate access to Cole, with the exception of Lake Hazel to influence drivers to take the Orchard interchange. This will also benefit Maple Grove, Five Mile, and the majority of the area south of I84 significantly as the traffic will flow from these other communities down this main feed road to the freeway at Orchard. Many other developments are being built, and according to ACHD, this traffic has not even been accounted for.

Second, we would like to cover density. The developer has plotted areas with 5-10 homes per acre. Most of the housing in the area of south Cole is plotted on 1/2 to 1 acre lots, with some of the small plotted lots being around .2 acres. Having the developer reduce density would help eliminate the stress on the current road infrastructure as this area was not built to sustain such density as the developer has planned. An example of this can be witnessed on Maple Grove and Five Mile from the over-population in that area. We would ask that you push the developer to not build so may homes per acre. This will also help reduce congestion and keep the area as it was built from the beginning and what the area was intended to handle. Along with following Blueprint Boise and maintaining open spaces and a rural environment, not urbanism.

Third, we want to address pollution. Air quality in this valley is already beyond poor when it comes to inversions. Not only will you have the emissions from heating 2000+ homes along with businesses, but also the emissions of 5000+ vehicles in the area every day. An estimated 44,000 vehicles, according to ACHD, from this community alone by 2035. My long-term intentions are to raise my family in this beautiful valley, the last thing I desire would to face health issues for yours, or my family, due to poor air quality. This we have no solution for other than not allowing any building at all. We do have one question: has the EPA or the DEQ completed an impact analysis for this much emissions in this area?

On a side note from that, Has there been an Environmental analysis complete for the projects in this area and the effects it will have on the surrounding wildlife habitats and ecosystem? The Snake River Birds of Prey conservation area is within a close vicinity to this area along with other wildlife in the area. Why is this a concern? The last thing we want to see is our tax dollars going towards fighting a lawsuit from an environmental organization, they love this stuff. Coming from a background in the mining industry I personally have seen this happen to governing agencies costing the tax payers millions of dollars. So we ask again, has this been done? And if not, why?

Lastly, the growth of our airport. With this many people this close to the airport, especially the possible 3rd runway, noise complaints are going to be a growing issue. Our airport is a key factor of our national transportation along with cargo movement. As an Individual, I myself and 100's of others have made a career working for the Idaho Air National Guard along with the Idaho National Guard. This could have a negative impact on the future mission selections and jobs of 1000's of treasure valley residents. How can we be confident this issue will be mitigated?

These are the comments and opinions of many citizens in the South Cole area. As much as we all would rather see the area on south Cole to stay the nice, open space it is, we also realize that growth is inevitable. With that being said, there is no reason the infrastructure can't be improved first, then the building plot density reduced before any development begins. Otherwise, the development should be moved to an area that is more capable of supporting it. If anyone's inputs and opinions should be in consideration, it should be the residents that live within the affected area and the ones that will be impacted by the development the most.

On behalf of myself, my neighbors, and the citizens of south Boise that this represents,

We strongly suggest the Boise Planning and Zoning Commission NOT pass CPA15-00008 & CAR15-00029 / Pleasant Valley South LLC Syringa Valley project until these issue are addressed.

Thank you for your time and considerations

Sincerely,

Chris Christman

My husband and I have 4 children ranging in age from 12 to 1 years old. We recently moved to Hollilynn Dr as we loved the country feel out here, but are coming to be more concerned with the dangerous, speeding traffic volume on our road. I think it will get much worse as the Syringa Development begins.

We understand that you serve as a city planner over the Syringa Proposal. Along with many of my neighbors on Hollilynn Dr in Boise, I have a few suggestions that we would like to be considered:

1) Widen Cole Road (there are currently no bike paths or much of a shoulder) between Hollilynn and Amity before phase 1 of the Syringa Development.

2) Complete the Lake Hazel to Orchard Extension BEFORE phase 1 of the Syringa Development.

3) Request the Developer require the construction contractors to access the work cite from Cole road and not Hollilynn.

4) Request the Developer perform any research to assure home owners on Hollilynn that their existing water irrigation wells will not be damaged.

We moved to Boise from Utah about 6 years ago. We love it here but the roads haven't kept up with the growth. It seems they always want to build a bunch of homes and worry about the roads retroactively instead of pro-actively. Lets be sure to build the infrastructure on the existing roads BEFORE the implementation of hundreds of homes. Please! We don't want another Eagle road jam situation.

Thanks for your time and effort in helping keep our community grow safely!

-Dr Toby and Kristi Davis

From: Karen Jennings [mailto:karenjennings1217@gmail.com] Sent: Wednesday, January 27, 2016 3:37 PM To: Mindy Wallace Subject: 2000 New Homes

I don't mind having the new homes added as long as there is a clear understanding that Gowen Field is used for training and for testing Jets.

The homeowners association for these homes needs to clearly state that all persons buying these homes understands that there is the possibility of loud noise levels and that they won't try to seek legislation to remove Gowen Field and it's training and testing abilities.

Right now a group of new homeowners that knew about Gowen Field when they bought their homes, is trying to find a way to get Gowen Field closed to flying jets because of the noise.

These homeowners are a minority, but trying to stir the pot. They have said they will try and use this new housing development to try to enforce their plan.

The majority of us that live near Gowen Field don't have a problem with the noise level. It is only a handful of people that moved here and want the base removed. From some of the things a couple of them have stated in their conversations, they might have bought homes here with the express intention of working to get Gowen Field removed.

This is an issue that needs to be addressed before you add 2000 more people, some of whom may buy with the express purpose of disposing of Gowen Field.

They may only be a few, but if they cause enough problems, it could cause Gowen Field to be placed in a precarious situation.

Don't let a few bad apples ruin the whole barrel full. Gowen Field is important to Boise, the Treasure Valley, Idaho and America.

Please make sure Gowen Field is protected.

Sincerely yours,

Karen Jennings karenjennings17@yahoo.com

I have heard that there will be 2,000 homes built in the area of S. Cole Rd and Lake Hazel. Nice for the developer but not so nice for the residents all of the way down Cole Rd when it comes time to go to work and come back. I have to be at work at 8:00 am to a job that is 15-20 minutes away, but have to leave at 7:15 am to be able to get down S. Cole Rd. We are bumper to bumper and the last time I asked, there were no plans to enlarge S. Cole to 2 lanes on each side from Victory on up the bench.

With this development, we will have at least 2,000, possibly 4,000 to 6,000 cars adding to the mix. I shudder to think how early I'll need to start out in the morning. We already have traffic coming from Maple Grove onto S. Cole which we have to deal with now.

If there is a vote as to whether or not they get to develop, my vote is a BIG NO.

Carol Johnson 4669 Maverick Way Boise, ID 83709 208-859-6499

From:	Len and Patt Kopp
To:	Todd Tucker; mwallace@achdidaho.org
Subject:	2,000 Homes Planned Near Cole and Lake Hazel Roads
Date:	Friday, January 29, 2016 10:06:46 AM

I was told that a letter was sent out to homeowners in our area informing everyone about a meeting in regard to this proposed subdivision (where actually only 3 or 4 people attended who said they all were in favor of the development.) We did not receive any notice of this meeting nor did any of our immediate neighbors. While I'm not opposed to developing this area and realize that it will happen at some point. I think 2,000 homes is too much for that area.

My main concerns are:

- The increased traffic and noise that will be added on Cole Road , which is already way over capacity and a nightmare to drive.
- Possible restrictions on the military operations at Gowen Field, some residents are already upset about the noise level and more population here will increase the pressure to move this activity to Mountain Home.
- Annexation by the City of Boise would significantly increase our taxes. A lot of us in the established subdivisions are on fixed incomes with no resources for this added burden.
- Something that also needs to be considered is water. The State trying to reduce our irrigation in the Treasure Valley and the only explanation is that they need the water for new subdivisions. We need to conserve our resources so we don't find ourselves in a situation like California.

We feel that the last thing the southwest area needs is more homes without supporting the infrastructure. We'd need grocery stores, restaurants and other stores so that we don't have to drive so far or we can walk or improve public transportation. There are so many homes being built in the valley now but the job growth just doesn't warrant even more construction.

Thank you. Leonard & Patricia Kopp Indian Lakes

My family currently resides at 6784 Hollilynn Dr. I will be unable to attend the 01-27-16 ACHD meeting. I would like to submit the following for consideration:

The ACHD traffic study is incomplete. For phase 1A there is only one access road to the development from Cole Rd. Traffic associated with the development can only use 3 choices: Cole Rd. north, Lake Hazel, or Cole Rd. south. ACHD did not study traffic impact issues for all 3 routes.

ACHD failed to consider traffic impact on Cole Rd. south of Lake Hazel. A majority of this traffic exits to or enters from W. Hollilynn Dr. and profoundly affects our neighborhood.

This is copied from the ACHD document:

3. Traffic Impact Study

The purpose of the study was to evaluate the traffic impacts resulting from the Syringa Valley development and to make recommendations for mitigation to the impacts if needed.

Traffic Impact Study Area

With the traffic impact study for Syringa Valley the study area was extended beyond the roadways within and adjacent to the development to allow for analysis of all the traffic impacts. The study area included the following roadway segments:

- Lake Hazel Road (Maple Grove to Cole Road)
- Lake Hazel Road (Orchard to Cole)
- Cole Road (Lake Hazel to Victory)
- Cole Road (Victory to Overland)
- Orchard Street (Lake Hazel to Gowen)
- Orchard Street (1-84 to Gowen Road)

The following intersections were also included in the analysis:

- Cole/Victory
- Cole/Amity
- Cole/New Site Road
- Cole/Lake Hazel

Page 7 of 15

- Maple Grove/Lake Hazel
- Orchard/Lake Hazel
- Orchard/Gowen
- Lake Hazel/New Site Access Roads

It is unreasonable and negligent for ACHD to not study the impact of the development on Cole Rd, south [Hollilynn] traffic.

Looking at attachment 5 of your document posted for the upcoming ACHD meeting; based on your 12-17-15 survey there is currently more traffic on Cole Rd. south of Lake Hazel Rd. than on Cole Rd. north of Lake Hazel Rd. This is copied from attachment 5:

Average Daily Traffic Count (VDT)

Average daily traffic counts are based on ACHD's most current traffic counts.

- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Overland Road was 32, 598 on 9/24/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Victory Road was 17,011 on 4/23/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road north of Lake Hazel was 3,565 on 12/7/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Cole Road south of Lake Hazel was 3,924 on 12/7/15.
- The average daily traffic count for Lake Hazel Road west of Cole was 3,988 on 12/9/15.

This suggests traffic on Lake Hazel connecting to Cole more frequently heads south than north on Cole, eventually proceeding to Hollilynn. This is to avoid the congested mess that already exists on Cole north to Victory. With the development of phase 1A, the associated increased traffic will utilize this same option,

further increasing traffic using Cole Rd. south of Lake Hazel and W. Hollilynn Dr.

ACHD needs to produce traffic projections for Cole Rd. south prior to approving phase 1A.

I have been a resident on W. Hollilynn Dr. for over 30 years. Hollilynn was originally a safe, peaceful estate area [Holly Estates] with a dead end road. Under the guise of needing a road to provide firetruck access after the NY canal bridge was weight restricted, ACHD extended Hollilynn through to Pleasant Valley Rd. This was done without written notice to Holly Estate residents after we were verbally assured a firetruck access road would be constructed to Cole Rd. from the west. We were told only a temporary road was to be constructed and removed after the bridge was upgraded.

Hollilynn was not constructed to be a S. Cole Rd. high speed bypass road and should not be expected to perform that purpose.

I have surveyed all of the roads entering S. Cole Rd. from the west or east between Hollilynn and W. Victory. All of the roads are wider than W. Hollilynn Dr. I have noted the following:

6 ROADS: NO POSTED SPEED LIMIT.

9 ROADS: 20 MPH.

10 ROADS: 25 MPH.

W. DESERT RD.: 30 MPH. THIS ROAD HAS A SIDEWALK, BIKE LANES AND PARKING LANES AND IS 37' WIDE. HOLLILYNN IS 21' WIDE.

LAKE HAZEL: 35 MPH. DESIGNED AS A BYPASS ROAD, HAS WIDE APRONS AND A SIDEWALK. PRIVATE RESIDENCES ARE NOT LOCATED ON AND DRIVEWAYS TO NOT ENTER THE LAKE HAZEL EXTENSION RD.

4 ROADS: INTERSECT WITH COLE RD. AND ARE SIMILAR RESIDENTIALLY TO HOLLILYNN. THEY HAVE ACREAGES AND DRIVEWAYS THAT CONNECT TO THE STREET. ALL ARE 24' TO 24 ½' WIDE, HOLLILYNN IS 21' WIDE:

- W. DELWOOD: NO POSTED SPEED LIMIT.
- W. MCGLOCHLIN: 25 MPH.
- W. DIAMOND: 20 MPH.
- W. SORENSON: 20 MPH.

As a result of previous ACHD actions, Hollilynn residents are now living on an inappropriately utilized, increasingly busy, unsafe bypass road used by frustrated commuters to avoid congestion on Cole Rd.

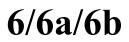
I believe you owe an explanation to Hollilynn residents as to why W. Hollilynn has a posted speed limit of 35 mph. The road is in a residential Estate area. There are no sidewalks and several tight curves. There are an increasing number of children residing in the residential area. In their frustration of diverting all the way to Hollilynn to avoid the congestion on Cole heading north,

a high percentage of commuters exceed the speed limit. IT IS ONLY A MATTER OF TIME BEFORE SOME IS KILLED BECAUSE OF THIS SITUATION. APPROVAL OF THE CURRENT TRAFFIC PLAN FOR SYRINGA VALLEY WILL ONLY MAKE THIS SITUATION WORST. I believe the speed limit on W. Hollilynn should be immediately reduced to 20 or 25 mph and vigorously enforced.

Thank you for considering these issues. I suspect the ACHD commissioners involved with this plan approval have or desire to have homes on quiet, safe residential streets. Please think of your response if you owned a home and were forced to endure what is happening on W. Hollilynn Dr.

There is a logical potential solution to the above issues. The developer should be compelled to accelerate the Lake Hazel to Orchard Rd. connection schedule. ACHD should require the initial connector road be constructed prior to beginning phase 1A. If you really want to improve traffic issues, the road should be more robust than the currently proposed 2 lane road. After phase 1A is completed, traffic surveys should be repeated, including Cole Rd. south of Lake Hazel, and the schedule further adjusted.

Thank you WT Murray, MD



I feel that Cole Rd. is beyond reasonable capacity at peak traffic times. This road needs widening at the Victory Rd. intersection. Mornings are a nightmare!

Regards,

Elissa Maguire W. Tillamook Dr.

From:	Kristin Nelson
To:	Todd Tucker
Cc:	mwallace@achdidaho.org
Subject:	Cole and Lake Hazel Subdivision
Date:	Friday, January 29, 2016 9:28:36 AM

Hello,

I'm contacting you regarding the proposed development at the Cole and Lake Hazel intersection. Please enter my statement into the public record.

I'm not entirely opposed to the subdivision. I understand the need to create additional housing in Boise. However, I'm very concerned about the information I received that the Orchard and Lake Hazel extension was not planned for the first 170 houses. This will cause a traffic nightmare during the rush hours. The traffic is already bad and it's very difficult to even enter the lanes of travel from a side street. Additional traffic will also exacerbate the problem and cause more accidents, frustration, and congestion. Cole road also needs to be widened to accommodate more traffic. Please drive out here during rush hour to see the issues that residents have concerns about.

Additionally, I'm concerned that "newer" homes and developers will influence the city to change the airport traffic and flight paths in such a way that it flies over homes that were previously not in the path. This would reduce home values and quality of life for those already living out here. Quality of life is also affected by the addition of 2000 more households, but understandably, change is inevitable. Lessening the burden on those who already reside in the affected area however, is the right thing to do.

Thank you,

Kristin H. Nelson 5006 S Umatilla Ave, Boise

ACHD committee members

January 21, 2016

We are Carla and Alan Pladsen and currently reside on Hollilynn Drive in South Boise. We are urging you to consider the traffic issues that will arise due to the new Syringa development slated to begin in Feb. of this year. We feel strongly that the road alterations and extensions need to occur prior to construction start. Below we have listed the questions/concerns we have regarding the increased traffic this project will cause.

- 1. Why is the Orchard bypass and the widening of Cole not being done prior to construction start?
 - Rush hour traffic is already significant on Hollilynn Drive (a residential street) and SEVERE on Cole.
 - Traffic flow on Hollilynn will exceed the 2000 count set by ACHD in no time.
 - Guaranteed that construction traffic will use Hollilynn to get to the site, rather than use the congested Cole/Victory streets.
- Hollilynn speed limit at 35 MPH is high for a residential street. (According to ACHD rules) Due to the undeveloped portion being 50 MPH, most vehicles enter the residential area exceeding the 35 MPH limit. (the result of that is a large number of wildlife dead in the road, including pets)
- 3. Why were the speedbumps denied in 2012? Please clarify.

Thank you for your time,

Alan and Carla Pladsen

I'm concerned about the increase in traffic on Cole rd. The plan calls for Lake Hazel to be punched through to Orchard, but not until later phase.

In summary there are going to be 453 lots in this 101 acre parcel (and it's just the first phase). For comparison, a nearby subdivision has 81 homes right now (108 when fully built). Once that subdivision is done there will be 2.7 houses per acre, once the proposed new development is done it will be 4.5 houses per acre.

Assuming that each house has only one car going to work in the AM (which is low) that's 453 more cars that have to go down Cole, and that's only 1/6 of the total development.

Recently, Lake Hazel was connected to Cole road. The traffic has increased rapidly. Based on traffic concerns, I propose that Lake Hazel is punched through to Orchard before the first phase of development.

Sincerely, Jennifer Risch 5776 S Cole Rd Boise ID 83709

From:	khema siemers
To:	Todd Tucker
Subject:	Syringa Valley development
Date:	Friday, January 29, 2016 7:05:12 AM

We would like to have our statement on the record about the Syringa Valley Development off of Cole South.

WE are not against the development. We do feel however, that is it imperative for the traffic concern, that the Lake Hazel road and the Orchard street road are first completed to alleviate the already poor traffic flow that exists. Penalizing the people that live here with heavy construction traffic for who knows how many years is not a fair option. We need to know that the road proposed will be approved by the City, sold to the developer, and completed.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely.

Stephen and Bunny Siemers 4851 so Chinook ave Boise, Idaho 83709

From:	Joseph Willmus
To:	Todd Tucker
Subject:	Re: test e-mail
Date:	Thursday, January 28, 2016 9:25:14 PM

Todd, thanks for the call today, here's my input:

1/28/2016

Regarding the new development on South Cole to the south of the Boise Airport:

Please enter into the public record:

I'm not opposed to the new development south of the airport. However, I'm concerned that shortly after the residential development is completed, public funds will be spent to mitigate airport noise impacting the new development. In other words, perhaps the airport noise issues needs to be cleared up first. (No, the noise issue is not settled. The question has been raised about the potential for inaccuracies in the noise study due to erroneous predicted noise levels for the F-35.)

The area of new development is directly under, or nearly so, the most heavily traveled airspace for both arrivals and departures to/from Boise airport. Airport noise is why this area has remained blank for so long. It was used as a noise buffer by your predecessors. I do not expect the noise level to the north or south of Lake Hazel and east of Cole road will be tolerable to most residential home owners if an afterburning type aircraft becomes an hourly routine at Boise. Also please consider the most modern USAF aircraft have a night and day mission capability. Do you really think residents won't be bothered by frequent F-35 flights arriving and departing Boise at night? If it is determined the area will be, now or in the future, subject to noise beyond what is tolerable by a typical resident, then rezone for commercial. Building residential in an area which will probably be too noisy for most to tolerate will result in numerous complaints, lawsuits, lower property values, and eventually a neighborhood on the lower end of the socioeconomic scale. Such neighborhoods require additional community services and spending.

One way or another the land will be developed and I support the rights of the land owners to do so, but public money spent at a later date to fix a mistake we are talking about now is irresponsible governance. It appears to me you are knowingly approving a problem so as to have more federal money to spend on the problem later on. Denver had to move its airport because of really poor planning. A lot of people made a lot of money from that poor planning. Is that what you are doing here in Boise too?

Additional area road traffic from the new development: ACHD seems to not care about the obscene amount of traffic they are forcing down the 2-lane roads like Cole, Lake Hazel, MapGrv, 5Mile etc. There is a need for stoplights too at several difficult intersections like Sea Breeze/LH. I believe ACHD has traffic counts, complaints, traffic accidents (including fatalities and life changing injuries), and observations which support multi-lane roads, stoplight installations, and crosswalks, but ACHD does nothing due to an emphasis on maximizing uninterrupted traffic flow on the 2-lane roads. The connection to Orchard and the widening of Cole should be occurring before any new residential is added to this area. Local governments have been increasing taxes, including tax clawbacks. The money to improve this situation is available now and should be spent before development. Do you realize you have a fire station on Cole which is essentially closed by traffic twice a day? None of you live out this way... please pay the area a visit a few times during the rush hours (bicycle not recommended).

Sincerely,

Joseph Willmus Ada resident (but I pay Boise sewer fees)

9 March 2016

TO: Boise City Council

ATTN: Todd Tucker, City Planner

RE: Planned Syringa Valley Subdivision

FROM: Prof. Emeritus Tom J. Cade 6484 Hollilynn Drive Boise, -Idaho 83709

Dear City Council Members:

I wish to comment on a proposal to be submitted before you on 29 March to add the "Syringa Valley Specific Plan" to Chapter 11-013 of the Boise City Code, also to be consistent with the Southwest Boise Reserve Plan, which encompasses 16 "design goals," none of which has much to do with the major public concerns about this or any other proposed subdivision in southwest Boise and adjacent parts of Ada County. Population growth has been rampant in the Treasure Valley for more than 20 years, with little political will to control it or to mitigate its environmental impacts, among which traffic congestion, air pollution, and water use are major concerns. The bottom line, in case you get bored with the entire statement, is that no land developments should be permitted without first being preceded by a thorough, science-based environmental assessment of the probable problems that the proposed development will cause accompanied by stipulated actions to mitigate them.

After first visiting lovely, quiet, friendly Boise, a river running through it, in 1951when the City's population was under 20,000 and living here now for 28 years, my unhappy conclusion is that, without such analysis, Boise and the Treasure Valley will soon become a second-rate approximation of the Los Angeles Basin. After having attended two preliminary meetings by the ACHD Commission and the City Planning and Zoning Commission leading up to the City Council meeting, and reading the posted development plan on the internet, I am convinced that the entire planning and approval procedure needs to be revised and modernized to pay less attention to how streets and sub-districts are laid out and named and more attention to long term environmental impacts of the proposed development. The City Council could begin such changes by sending the Syringa Valley Plan back to the developer with instructions and stipulations for a full revision of the plan with environmental issues and mitigations included for a resubmission of the overall plan. The City Council should reach out to other relevant governmental agencies and private sector organizations to identify problems and to seek their solution, e.g. the Ada County Highway District for traffic problems, the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality and the Ada County Air Quality Board for mitigating air pollution, and the State Department of Water Resources, U.S. Geological Survey, and the French-owned SUEZ Water Company for insuring long term sustainability of surface and under-round water resources.

Other concerned residents of south Boise and southwest Ada County will be expressing their concerns about existing traffic congestion on South Cole Road that could worsen as a result of the Syringa plan as currently presented, and the increased air pollution from the exhaust of the many vehicles associated with 3,000 closely spaced households. My main concern, however, is about the use of water and the long term sustainability of water resources in the Treasure Valley.

As we all know, water is the limiting resource for human distribution and density in the arid West. We must live either by rivers or on ground over accessible and replenishable aquifers. Aquifers that are discharged by human use at a rate greater than their natural recharge by incoming water decrease in volume, and over time they become exhausted, a process that is not unknown in southern Idaho. Shallow aquifers in particular have become dry since the 1980s.

The Syringa Valley application contains no mention of water, although it has been reported elsewhere that it will be provided by the French-owned SUEZ Company from its deep wells located southeast of Syringa in the vicinity of Pleasant Valley Road not far from the South Boise Prison Complex of seven institutions. The inmates and employees comprise a large, concentrated number of water consumers within the extended neighborhood of Syringa and no doubt get their water from the same aquifers that would supply the Syringa community. In addition, there are some 100-200 private residential and farming wells between Amity Road to the north and the Kuna-Mora Road to the south [west of Pleasant Valley and east of Maple Grove].

Questions that need to be answered about water before Syringa or any other proposed subdivision is permitted are: 1) How much water is SUEZ currently pumping on an annual basis from its wells serving south Boise and adjacent southwest Ada County? 2) Are the aquifers it draws from generally stable [no loss of volume over time, recharge equals discharge]? 3) How much water would 3,000 households at Syringa consume annually and what impact would that have on the aquifers from which that water is taken? 4) What impacts might the pumping of more water from the deep SUEZ wells have on the shallower private wells on Hollilynn Drive and other exurban locations? 5) To what extent do the shallow aquifers in the areas where SUEZ has wells connect to the deep aquifers? 6) Could depletion of the deep aquifers draw down water from the shallow ones causing private wells to go dry? 7) Does the City of Boise or Ada County have a contingency plan to rely upon if aquifers should fail on a community-wide scale? 8) As a result of continuing to promote population growth by creating more and more subdivisions, when will it become necessary to start thinking about construction of a giant pipeline and pumping station to move water from the Snake River to supply the needs of the Treasure Valley?

I believe that facts and figures to answer most of these questions already exist in the files, reports, and publications of the government agencies and private companies concerned with hydrological and geological issues in Idaho. It only requires a progressive impetus to lay it all out in a manner that the general public can understand and respond to.

Thank you for the opportunity to present these perspectives and recommendations for meaningful change.

Page 2

Good Morning Mr. Tucker,

I am writing you in regards to the Syringa project/Kirsten subdivision on south Cole that we have talked about in the past. I, along with other residents, plan on being at the hearing on Tuesday the 29th of March, but if for some reason I or they can't make it, I wanted to send you a written testimony with our concerns and opposition on certain parts of the plans.

This is in regards to File numbers CPA15-00008 & CAR15-00029 / Pleasant Valley South LLC and the Kirsten Subdivision Project.

My name is Chris Christman. My family and I reside at 6209 S Latgio Dr. Boise, ID 83709. I have proudly served in the Idaho Air National Guard full time for the last 8 years as I cherish our great way of life in this city, state, and great nation. I am contacting you to cover some very important and concerning issues, in our opinion, that need to be addressed if the Syringa Development/Kirsten subdivision is approved. If not before it is approved. I have spent many days and hours visiting with neighbors and residents discussing this subject. Issues with this subject will be covered and solutions based on facts will be given, not just direct opposition. These are inputs from not just myself, but a diverse group of people from within the affected area. I also have a signed roster of these people in which this represents who are deeply concerned along with many others I have simply spoken to.

First of all I will start with Cole road traffic since this is what our community is mostly concerned with and it has already been a rising issue. As I'm sure ACHD is aware of traffic on this main road is reaching its limits during rush hour on weekdays, they still claim that it is within "level of service". I don't see how this is possible with Cole road backing up more than a mile from Victory, and south past Amity street in the AM. If anyone on the boards has been in this area during this time, they will know what I am talking about. ACHD needs to review how they calculate LOS as it is not accurate by any means, or perhaps the method they are performing the study isn't applicable to situation on this road. I will explain more in depth if you haven't witnessed this.

South Cole near Lake Hazel was not congested at all before Lake Hazel was tied in. But since the connection, it has more than tripled. ACHD traffic counts prove this. It's a non-stop flow between 7-9 am and 4-6 pm. Also, Cole will back up to Amity from Victory at these times since the connections. Cole road itself is falling apart between Desert and Lake Hazel and is in need of repair. This section could benefit from being widened to 3 lanes and this would largely increase safety for residents merging into Cole. I know Cole/Victory intersection is supposed be improved to 5 lanes from Victory, south to the fire station. This improvement should be done in the VERY LEAST before any of the Syringa project is approved. Still, this won't solve the main problem, as the main issue lies south, beyond Victory, and this will just make a merging battle for drivers when the 5 lanes is reduced to 3 at the fire station. North of Cole, specifically Cole and Overland area is the problem. Traffic backs half way to Overland on Cole, and half way to Orchard on Victory during 4-5 pm. How is this area going to handle 500+ cars in the beginning? Let alone 5000+ once this proposed community is finished? We can foresee the majority of traffic going down Cole as it would be the shortest route with or without Lake Hazel being connected to Orchard, unless there was an alternative option put in to influence drivers to take another route. You might say, "go to a bigger city and see how their traffic is" or " we'll put bus services out there." Well, this isn't that city and there is no reason we can't make changes to keep our city from turning into that chaos. As far a the bus system, It isn't adequate as it is, and Idahoans are very independent you can expect public transportation will a last resort or simple wont be used. I personally have never road a bus in this town after 12 years of living here and never intend to.

The ultimate solution to these issue will be to connect Lake Hazel through to Orchard before any building occurs on Syringa Valley Development. Additionally, eliminate access to Cole, with the exception of Lake Hazel to influence drivers to take the Orchard interchange. This will also benefit Maple Grove, Five Mile, and the majority of the area south of I84 significantly as the traffic will flow from these other communities down this main feed road to the freeway at Orchard. Many other developments are being built, and according to ACHD, this traffic has not even been accounted for.

Second, we would like to cover density. The developer has plotted areas with 5-10 homes per acre. Most of the housing in the area of south Cole is plotted on 1/2 to 1 acre lots, with some of the small plotted lots being around .2 acres. Having the developer reduce density would help eliminate the stress on the current road infrastructure as this area was not built to sustain such density as the developer has planned. An example of this can be witnessed on Maple Grove and Five Mile from the over-population in that area. We would ask that you push the developer to not build so may homes per acre. This will also help reduce congestion and keep the area as it was built from the beginning and what the area was intended to handle. Along with following Blueprint Boise and maintaining open spaces and a rural environment, not urbanism.

Third, we want to address pollution. Air quality in this valley is already beyond poor when it comes to inversions. Not only will you have the emissions from heating 2000+ homes along with businesses, but also the emissions of 5000+ vehicles in the area every day. An estimated 44,000 vehicles, according to ACHD, from this community alone by 2035. My long-term intentions are to raise my family in this beautiful valley, the last thing I desire would to face health issues for yours, or my family, due to poor air quality. This we have no solution for other than not allowing any building at all. We do have one question: has the EPA or the DEQ completed an impact analysis for this much emissions in this area?

On a side note from that, Has there been an Environmental analysis complete for the projects in this area and the effects it will have on the surrounding wildlife habitats and ecosystem? The Snake River Birds of Prey conservation area is within a close

vicinity to this area along with other wildlife in the area. Why is this a concern? The last thing we want to see is our tax dollars going towards fighting a lawsuit from an environmental organization, they love this stuff. Coming from a background in the mining industry I personally have seen this happen to governing agencies costing the tax payers millions of dollars. So we ask again, has this been done? And if not, why?

Lastly, the growth of our airport. With this many people this close to the airport, especially the possible 3rd runway, noise complaints are going to be a growing issue. Our airport is a key factor of our national transportation along with cargo movement. As an Individual, I myself and 100's of others have made a career working for the Idaho Air National Guard along with the Idaho National Guard. This could have a negative impact on the future mission selections and jobs of 1000's of treasure valley residents. How can we be confident this issue will be mitigated?

These are the comments and opinions of many citizens in the South Cole area. As much as we all would rather see the area on south Cole to stay the nice, open space it is, we also realize that growth is inevitable. With that being said, there is no reason the infrastructure can't be improved first, then the building plot density reduced before any development begins. Otherwise, the development should be moved to an area that is more capable of supporting it. If anyone's inputs and opinions should be in consideration, it should be the residents that live within the affected area and the ones that will be impacted by the development the most.

United Water will supply Syringa from its deep, ground water wells in S. Ada County. Idaho Department of Water Resources corresponded with me in 2014, stating that "It appears that the aquifer is currently in overdraft." A list of Boards and Commissions reporting to the City Council reveals no liaison with IDWR. Syringa Valley was conceived in 2006 and will take 20 years to build. Its approval process did not address the need for water conservation and clean air. A science based forecast of its impact on water use should precede project approval.

On behalf of myself, my neighbors, and the citizens of south Boise that this represents,

We strongly suggest the Boise City Council NOT pass CPA15-00008 & CAR15-00029 / Pleasant Valley South LLC Syringa Valley project, along with the Kirsten Subdivision, until these issue are addressed.

Thank you for your time and considerations

Sincerely,

Chris Christman

Attention Boise City Council:

Dear Members of the Boise City Council,

I would like to speak concerning the pending requested change of zoning specifically: Requested Change of Zoning, Amendment to Policy SW-CCN 2.5 of the Comprehensive Plan, and proposed Kirsten Plat (matters 6, 6a, and 6b on the PZ Commission agenda for the 2/8/16 meeting).

As a resident and member of the Southfork home owners association, the adjacent subdivision to the proposed comprehensive plan, I would like to bring to the Boise City Council's attention several matters that I believe merit serious consideration.

I submit that the area being requested was zoned A-2. The following is taken directly from the Boise Zoning Regulations: A-2 The Open Land A-2 District provides a zoning district within the City for property intended for **permanent** open space and to properly guide growth of the fringe areas of the City. The A-2 zone should be applied to property that is not intended for development, or for property that the City desires to be subject to more development limitations than would be provided by the A-1 District (emphasis added). It is clear that it was the intent of our predecessors after serious deliberation and consideration that the area was not to be zoned for high density residential use, hence the A-2 classification. In the area we have the renowned Birds of Prey reserve which is still a popular attraction for thousands every year, the nature of which commands a rural environment. It is clear from the zoning assignment that the growth was intended to propagate to other areas prior to desecrating the virgin land surrounding the reserve. The applying party nor the City Council cannot make claim that all other non A-2 areas have been fully developed and only A-2 zoning is left, therefore it must be given serious consideration that the fringe areas in proximity to the reserve must be preserved. The developer is simply seeking to increase profits by purchasing land at an extremely reduced rate due to the A-2 zoning rather than purchasing land in an area intended for such a development. The developer does not care about the preservation of our beautiful Idaho land or the Birds of Prey Reserve. The extremely high density proposal is also proof positive this is nothing more than a high profit endeavor of a major corporation that has zero regard to the beautiful Idaho land we all cherish.

The developers plan is a debacle in the making. Consider the proposal. The developer wants to **begin** utility improvements, develop and sell 171 residential dwelling prior to committing

to extend Lake Hazel or complete the development. Why? The answer is simple, the developer has marginal confidence at best that the properties will sell and if they don't we are left with a half completed construction eye sore for the next several decades or longer the developer is under no obligation to complete. Such a scenario would have a frightful impact on the Reserve.

The Cole and Lake Hazel road traffic assessments done by ACHD were not done during relevant times of the day, conduct them when the construction traffic and daily commuters would actually be using the roads. To conduct the assessments during late hours of the day or on weekends is nonsensical and quite frankly irresponsible. The sheer increase in volume of traffic on the access roads for the proposed development will have a grievous impact on the overall health and safety of the area. Over burdened roads cause more accidents, increased maintenance requirements, and negatively affect the quality of life the existing residents of the area already enjoy.

The development plan has no access to water rights. What's to prevent homeowners in the new development and other buildings from tapping into city water for irrigation purposes putting at risk the areas drinking water?

I have yet to see a utilities impact study done for water, power, or sewer and in the absence of these how can the Council even consider allowing the project to proceed.

Lastly and possibly the most important concern, the development is a safety catastrophe waiting to happen. The developer wants to begin heavy equipment construction and later high volume general contractor and subcontractor activities prior to extending the Lake Hazel to Orchard road. How are these vehicles going to access the area? Cole Rd and Lake Hazel are the only two access roads. Both those roads have school bus stops and schools littered for miles. I drive both Cole Rd and Lake Hazel regularly and see young children walking to and from bus stops along both roads, some children even walk Cole road to school since they live within 1 mile of the school. Neither road has a comprehensive side walk or walking pathway. Is the City Council seriously willing to put our children at risk for the sake of allowing a "big money corporation" to inflate it's profits.

For the reasons expressed above, I respectfully request that the City Council act to deny the zoning change, deny the modification, and deny the plat application. The application does not offer an alternative low density low impact proposal nor does it cite that other non A-2 areas could not be used. Furthermore, the application lacks appropriate measures to ensure the safety and well being of the residents and their children in the impacted area. If the Council finds that some sort of development is warranted it must align with the intent of the area, sufficiently assess the potential impact on the area and complete those improvements prior to causing the adverse impact, and MUST provide a comprehensive safety proposal and

how they intend to protect the lives of the hundreds of children that walk those roads daily.

Respectfully Submitted,

David Clayton 7004 West Ring Perch Ct Boise, ID 83709 Dear Sir,

The thought of even 1 more car on this road is ridiculous . Something must be done before anymore homes are built out here.

Debra Duran Manager of Operations Thunder Mountain Line 208-870-0266 Debduran@ymail.com From:Jeffrey JanisTo:Todd TuckerSubject:FW: South Syringa SubdivisionDate:Tuesday, March 15, 2016 10:32:34 AMAttachments:image001.png

Good Morning Todd,

The Mayor received the below email last Friday with comments about the Syringa Subdivision Development. I was told to forward these emails to you for follow-up, and I just wanted to confirm that this is accurate? Or is there someone else that I should forward these to?

Thanks, Jeff Janis



Jeff Janis Constituent Services Coordinator Office of the Mayor **CITY OF BOISE** Phone - 208/384-4422; Fax - 208/384-4420 jjanis@cityofboise.org

From: Curtis Fackler [<u>mailto:curt.fackler@hotmail.com</u>] Sent: Friday, March 11, 2016 3:44 PM To: MayorBieter Subject: South Syringa Subdivision

Dear Mayor Bieter,

As native Boisean's we've both seen the entire Treasure Valley grow into a metropolitan area that has brought prosperity to many. As I write you today my concerns are to how, as a city, Boise's growth is proactive and completely rational.

The infrastructure of south Boise is a topic that you have undoubtedly read/heard about to point of hysterics, but sincerely is of great concern. My concern isn't only of road congestion but of the environment impact of idling autos: i.e. emission standards are placed on all autos primarily, if not entirely for idle emissions. It has been proven that the exhaust from all petrol and natural gas powered autos produces radical hydrocarbons that cross the blood-brain barrier leading to countless health problems.

As the old saying goes, "Whisky is for drinking and water is for fighting", Im also kicking that can of future water concerns for our growing valley. The parcel in question was laid out decades ago for open area, last to be developed, and is the reason why there are only minuscule water rights belonging to it. In the scope of time, the "Mohaland Water Wars" of California were not that long ago. The Boise River Irrigation water is already in jeopardy and quite likely heading to the 7th district court in San Francisco, as previously seen in the Snake River Aquifer recharge in Southern Idaho. It would be terrific to an engineer from United/Suez Water, diligently explain how there will be no impact on existing wells in the Southwest Ada County area.

After living in Pittsburgh PA I've seen the effects of a densely populated area and can only say that crime is a byproduct. The necessity for an expanded Police/EMT/Court system is imminent and the state of Idaho has just recently dealt with a lawsuit over our Public Defender system in the statewide court system. Impact/Connect fees should absolutely be the focus of covering these future budget increased paid by the developer and/or home buyer and not the citizens of Boise or Ada County. I spend a tremendous amount of time in the Portland OR area with family living there and it's an area busting at the seems due to growth. Native Portlander's can't afford to buy property in their hometown and I hear and see the same problem happening in Boise!

In closing I humbly ask you to please take everything into prospective and with due diligence set a precedent for the future growth of our hometown.

Most Sincerely, Curtis A. Fackler

208-713-7085 curt.fackler@hotmail.com Dear City Council,

I am writing you in my concern regarding the Syringa subdivision development that is coming up for consideration on March 29, 2016.

My concerns are some basic needs that should be addressed before this development is allowed to be confirmed. In example:

1) Roads

2) Water

3) Sewer systems

Thank you,

Mildred E. Fackler 1614 W. Victory Rd. Boise, ID 83705 208-343-0743

Attention Boise City Council: Mike Fackle ()Veer Members of the Boise City Council Your time and consideration is appreciated. Concerning the Kirsten Plat, Syringa developments I concure with 100 % with the letters David Clayton wrote and gave me. My gradifude of his work, Concerne and first hand knowlege cannot be expressed. He has also confirmed my and everyone I have falked to on this matters suspesions of Inside polificks and cremi cronyisime. I do not state this lightly or with any type of gleej. the we now live in a state of dread seeing sound laws, rules that we sighned up for, paid for, dissregarded at every way for Quick Buck. I pray and Beg for a got cquitable resolve to this Development. I also concure with most of the letter given to me that I have in closed and with redactions. Talso need to a phatically renounce at the P2 meeting February of 2016 concerning this development. I stated something like build the road first and the rest is O.K. I was whelly ignorant at the time of many pertiment aspects of this mard I do not want thistory to reflect my name as endorsing any of this and area concerning this matter to be other 251 of 270 n what it was

Zoned for intended for, used for by our great and considerant leaders of the Past Council members, Mayor etc. I was a simple man, & and coucated after 9th grade by hands on Farmers, Masons, minnors, loggers, (never and an offical logger) etc. terma NEVER was too good or a fraid to do or learn most any labor type of Work. Now I'm a dissabled simple man, ignorant to mest legal issues. I'm 54 years of age, lived and worked in several different areas doing a fast variety of work for and with 100's of different people. Primarely masonry; lots of structural block, pouseing. Marble is the only comentouse applied masonry product I have not had a hand in. I'm long winded here (pressed for time etc.) because I feal my first hand experiences have proven to me why we have rules, regulations, codes, laws etc. As a young man most everyone I that in fluenced me had tremendous common sense that I took for granted. Many regulations seemed extreme. Since then I have witnessed many attrasities atrousiouse acts, near dissasters. The reason for good, sound practices, inspections, codes, laws, quality control, rules, regulations etc. Have hit me in fac 252 of 2700 y times

(3)and one of wicke near killed me. I grew up with good to great mosenry and it's it's do characida and then witnessed bad masonry. Some new people had what I reflectively discribe as a Sa New culture of practices. Drugs, alcohola, disregard and often dire dis regarding structural requirments. Example, out of laziness, timeing the growte grew pumped the lime-slurry into the structure. Now the entegraty of that boilding To of that building is compromissed. I was shocked. The inspector over looked this attos violation and passed the cade wall for forther further work. Evidense was their there . As a low men on the pecking order and the real asspect of being blackballed by all masons, I diel not report the violation, and ame some what a me I now often dread the responsibility I sherked should a carthquack, misshape with a heavy piece of equipment or something Insure people or Property. Built to enginered specifications, this portion of the building, stoulas the rest of it, be the safest place for punder severe carthqual carth quack or the likes. Instead I seen guit attheregh needing that Job and severed future employment from the biggest employer. 253 of 270

(4) I ame for from hollyer then the next man but try to stay to with good price principles that any and all would be hard put to criticize critacise, History is very abundant of with the consequences of mistakes, hard lessons, bad legislation, substandards, amendedments, infractions, Violations etc. etc. etc. etc. directing and story Vearently a geogla mayout comunities This generation, in this area are blessed with history and the ge the knowlege from various historical sources and recordings. Visasters Désastores, Many Keaple are moveing here for many reasons. I doubt many of them whant more of the same to come bight bite them them. I see motion fair to To benafete a very select few, for what ever purpose, at the risk of more crisis governance is a culture and precadence that will imedially, adversly, unfairly impact many, many people I feal is inconsionable. The risk out weigh the reward that cannot be weighed by any Just, informed, impartially balanced scale of measur mostate 270

Oct. 27th? 2008, I was seriously in Jured, came very close to death and being crippled. I bounced and violently rolled around & in the twisted repare scener and concrete we were pouring 255 of 270

Dear Mr. Tucker,

We are hereby submitting the following comments in reference to the agenda items addressed therein, which are to be considered by the City Council on March 29, 2016. Please timely transmit these materials to the appropriate Council personnel, and advise if there are any additional actions we may take in order to bring our concerns to Council attention.

Regards,

Bryan Freeman Marjorie Cameron 7065 W Ring Perch Ct Boise, ID 83709 702-683-8432

Attention Boise City Council:

Dear Members of the Boise City Council,

We would like to address the pending matters of the Requested Change of Zoning, Amendment to Policy SW-CCN 2.5 of The Comprehensive Plan, and proposed Kirsten Plat (matters 6, 6a, and 6b on the PZ Commission agenda for the 2/8/16 meeting).

In examining the viability of any project such as this we are seemingly faced with any number of planning documents and regulations, as well as the discourse accompanying the pros and cons of such a development. Arguments can, and have been made, that this project does or does not comply in all these aspects.

We propose focusing in on one simple, and rather obvious, element of the discussion. Everyone can agree that a predominant theme for utmost consideration running throughout any planning discussion must be the promotion and maintenance of stable communities. Here we are referring to that aspect of a neighborhood which defines its character and promotes a particular quality of life consistent with the needs and desires of the residents of that neighborhood. Therefore, any planning must absolutely take into account and give greatest weight to sustaining and nurturing that character and quality of life. What else is there to preserve in a neighborhood, if not this?

There can be little question that the subject area is distinctively rural in nature. A quick perusal of a vicinity map, or better yet, a casual drive down Cole Rd. past the subject property will unmistakably reveal that this is rural, country-style living. Evident are large agricultural fields to the west, estate lots and the renowned Birds of Prey to the south, the open, virgin lands to the east, and only the smallest slice of single family residences on the northwest fringe. To classify this as anything other than a distinctly, very low density, rural environment is to ignore one's senses. The people living here want to be here for exactly the environment it provides, one of removal from the hustle-bustle of city life, with its attendant light and air pollution, congestion, wildlife decimation, and the myriad other "blessings" of urban life. The open environment, with its intrinsic value as

wildlife habitat, the sense of calm and peace, is extraordinarily valuable to our well-being, and deserves greater consideration and protection, as opposed to the need to plant a cement-laden, crowded complex in our backyard.

The subject proposal is nothing less than a catastrophic destruction of the qualities which we cherish and which drew us to live here in the first place and which keep us here. Any planning documentation rationale to the contrary only provides cover for the wholesale, radical, poorly-conceived change of our neighborhood. What we are respectfully requesting is a common sense consideration of the proposal. It is one thing to develop open lands for light residential use mirroring the neighborhood, as opposed to a massive project flooding the area with urban congestion, obliterating this most valuable "reserve" of open space. The subject property is an integral part of the area, and this project would simply create an island of congestion in the middle of our pastoral community.

For the reasons expressed above, we hereby respectfully request that the City Council act to deny the zoning change, deny the modification, and deny the plat application. If the Council finds that development of some sort is ultimately warranted, then a very low density residential proposal be alternatively considered, thus preserving the open land concept originally envisioned for this area.

Respectfully submitted, Bryan Freeman Marjorie Cameron 7065 W Ring Perch Ct Boise, ID 83709

From:	Rich Kaylor
То:	MayorBieter; CityCouncil
Cc:	Todd Tucker
Subject:	Pleasant Valley South and Syringa Valley Development Project
Date:	Monday, March 14, 2016 7:38:39 PM
Attachments:	<u>1458001405616</u>
	<u>1458004965861</u>
	<u>1458003468479</u>
	<u>1458003951869</u>
	CAR15-00029, CPA15-0008, SUB15-00055 Pleasant Valley South, LLC.docx
	A-2 Open Land, Reserve.docx

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My wife and I moved to Southfork Subdivision about two years ago. We were attracted to this area because of the open area.

Our home is on the southern border of Southfork Subdivision and we were told that the open area to the south and east of us was open range and would not be developed. (See attached A-2 Open Land, Reserve.docx which shows the Coughlin Site just south of Southfork Subdivision zoned as A-2)

A-2

The **Open Land A-2 District** provides a zoning district within the City for property intended for permanent open space and to properly guide growth of the fringe areas of the City. The A-2 zone should be applied to property that is not intended for development, or for property that the City desires to be subject to more development limitations than would be provided by the A-1 District.

http://pds.cityofboise.org/media/184600/boise_s_zoning_districts_web_version_.pdf

Section 11-04-03: Residential Districts Subsection 4: Dimensional Standards for Open Land Districts

Table 11-04.2 Dimensional Standards for Open Lands				
Dimensio	onal Standard	A-1	A-2	
Lot Area, Minimum (square feet)	Interior Lots Corner Lots	-		
Average Lot Width, Minimum (feet)	Interior Lots Corner Lots	50	100	
Street Frontage	e, Minimum (feet)	30	100	
Density, Maxi	mum (units/acre)	1	1 unit/ 40 acres	
Open Space p	er Unit, Maximum	N/A		
Building Heig	nt, Maximum (feet)	45, 35*		
	Front Yard / Side Yard, Street	20*	40*	
Setbacks, Minimum (fee	t) Side Yard, Interior	10*	20*	
	Rear Yard	30*	60*	

4. DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS FOR OPEN LAND DISTRICTS

*Buildings or structures adjacent to or across a street or alley from residential use or zone.

The Maximum Density of A-2 is 1 unit per 40 acres.

The last paragraph of page 1 attached CAR15-00029, CPA15-0008, SUB15-00055 Pleasant Valley South, LLC.docx:

Comprehensive Plan Amendment

The amendment is required for the public convenience or necessity, or for the general welfare of the community. To achieve the densities needed along Lake Hazel to warrant transit service in the future, and to provide a buffer to the lower densities further to the south an increase in density is needed. As such, the amendment is for the public convenience, necessity, and for the general welfare of the community.

is BS. It is not for public convenience, necessity or general welfare of the community.

Re: CPA15-00008, CAR15-00029 & SUB15-00055 / 6298 S. Cole Road

Dear Mr. Hellhake:

This letter is to inform you of the action taken by the Boise City Planning and Zoning Commission on your request for an amendment to Policy SW-CCN 2.5 of the Comprehensive Plan to remove both the area and density limits on residential development north of the future Lake Hazel Road Extension in the Reserve Planned Community Area, a rezone of approximately 601 acres from A-2 (Open Land) to SP-03 (Syringa Valley Specific Plan). The new zone will include a number of subdistricts with a range of use allowances and dimensional standards and a preliminary plat for a residential subdivision comprised of 453 buildable and 41 common lots on approximately 101 acres generally located in a proposed SP-03 (Syringa Valley Specific Plan) zone.

http://pdsonline.cityofboise.org/pdsonline/Documents.aspx?id=201601060905049250

453 homes on 101 acres = **4.45 homes per acre**

4.45 homes per acre is quite a change from 1 unit per 40 acres.

I urge you to oppose the proposed changes for Pleasant Valley South and Syringa Valley Development Project.

Thanks

Richard Kaylor 7355 W Ring Perch Drive Boise, ID 83709 Attention Boise City Council:

Dear Members of the Boise City Council,

I would like to speak concerning the pending requested change of zoning specifically: Requested Change of Zoning, Amendment to Policy SW-CCN 2.5 of the Comprehensive Plan, and proposed Kirsten Plat (matters 6, 6a, and 6b on the PZ Commission agenda for the 2/8/16 meeting).

As a resident and member of the Southfork home owners association, the adjacent subdivision to the proposed comprehensive plan, I would like to bring to the Boise City Council's attention several matters that I believe merit serious consideration.

I submit that the area being requested was zoned A-2. The following is taken directly from the Boise Zoning Regulations: A-2 The Open Land A-2 District provides a zoning district within the City for property intended for **permanent** open space and to properly guide growth of the fringe areas of the City. The A-2 zone should be applied to property that is not intended for development, or for property that the City desires to be subject to more development limitations than would be provided by the A-1 District (emphasis added). It is clear that it was the intent of our predecessors after serious deliberation and consideration that the area was not to be zoned for high density residential use, hence the A-2 classification. In the area we have the renowned Birds of Prey reserve which is still a popular attraction for thousands every year, the nature of which commands a rural environment. It is clear from the zoning assignment that the growth was intended to propagate to other areas prior to desecrating the virgin land surrounding the reserve. The applying party nor the City Council cannot make claim that all other non A-2 areas have been fully developed and only A-2 zoning is left, therefore it must be given serious consideration that the fringe areas in proximity to the reserve must be preserved. The developer is simply seeking to increase profits by purchasing land at an extremely reduced rate due to the A-2 zoning rather than purchasing land in an area intended for such a development. The developer does not care about the preservation of our beautiful Idaho land or the Birds of Prey Reserve. The extremely high density proposal is also proof positive this is nothing more than a high profit endeavor of a major corporation that has zero regard to the beautiful Idaho land we all cherish.

The developers plan is a debacle in the making. Consider the proposal. The developer wants to **begin** utility improvements, develop and sell 171 residential dwelling prior to committing to extend Lake Hazel or complete the development. Why? The answer is simple, the developer has marginal confidence at best that the properties will sell and if they don't we are left with a half completed construction eye sore for the next several decades or longer the developer is under no obligation to complete. Such a scenario would have a frightful impact on the Reserve.

The Cole and Lake Hazel road traffic assessments done by ACHD were not done during relevant times of the day, conduct them when the construction traffic and daily commuters would actually be using the roads. To conduct the assessments during late hours of the day or on weekends is nonsensical and quite frankly irresponsible. The sheer increase in volume of traffic on the access roads for the proposed development will have a grievous impact on the overall health and safety of the area. Over burdened roads cause more accidents, increased maintenance requirements, and negatively affect the quality of life the existing residents of the area already enjoy.

The development plan has no access to water rights. What's to prevent homeowners in the new development and other buildings from tapping into city water for irrigation purposes putting at risk the areas drinking water?

I have yet to see a utilities impact study done for water, power, or sewer and in the absence of these how can the Council even consider allowing the project to proceed.

Lastly and possibly the most important concern, the development is a safety catastrophe waiting to happen. The developer wants to begin heavy equipment construction and later high volume general contractor and subcontractor activities prior to extending the Lake Hazel to Orchard road. How are these vehicles going to access the area? Cole Rd and Lake Hazel are the only two access roads. Both those roads have school bus stops and schools littered for miles. I drive both Cole Rd and Lake Hazel regularly and see young children walking to and from bus stops along both roads, some children even walk Cole road to school since they live within 1 mile of the school. Neither road has a comprehensive side walk or walking pathway. Is the City Council seriously willing to put our children at risk for the sake of allowing a "big money corporation" to inflate it's profits.

For the reasons expressed above, I respectfully request that the City Council act to deny the zoning change, deny the modification, and deny the plat application. The application does not offer an alternative low density low impact proposal nor does it cite that other non A-2 areas could not be used. Furthermore, the application lacks appropriate measures to ensure the safety and well being of the residents and their children in the impacted area. If the Council finds that some sort of development is warranted it must align with the intent of the area, sufficiently assess the potential impact on the area and complete those improvements prior to causing the adverse impact, and MUST provide a comprehensive safety proposal and how they intend to protect the lives of the hundreds of children that walk those roads daily.

Respectfully Submitted,

Marybeth Kroon 7350 W Old Country Ct Boise, ID 83709

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Remember to SMILE!!! It's your face that sticks in people's heads... not your name!!

Dear Sir:

I have owned a property off South Cole for ten years and have been distressed by the lack of improvements to Cole Road both from the safety of driving and for the safety of our neighborhood children. Other than the stop light at Amity, there is no traffic controls to accommodate merging traffic from the arterial system or for the safety of our neighborhood children catching school buses and crossing the road in order to do so.

Morning traffic is beyond tolerable levels and the intention of adding 2000 or so homes before this situation is addressed is harmful to our safety and the quality of life of current residents. There needs to be better coordination between the City of Boise, ACHD, and Ada County as further development of South Cole and Lake Hazel areas takes place in order to improve quality of life for those of us living here.

Sincerely,

Elissa Maguire 7967 W. Tillamook Dr. Boise, ID 83709

208-602-3704 lifealign9@yahoo.com Todd,

Here's another one sent last week.

Thanks, Jeff

From: Donald Miller [mailto:donaldmiller@boisestate.edu] Sent: Friday, March 11, 2016 5:09 PM To: MayorBieter Subject: south of boise sub divisions

Honorable Mayor:

Years ago I had a rather heated discussion with a certain member of "compass" about building a south of Boise to west of Caldwell connector to handle the flow of traffic on I84, I believed then and still do today that it is a solution to relieve congestion. Her response to me was " Well that can not happen because then developers would want to develop the land out there". To which I replied " not if the city and county said NO"

I believe that this is one of those times when the city needs to say "NO" very loudly and made it very clear that 'NO " is what you mean. I have watched this valley be sliced and diced into a little version of Los Angeles, Ca and I think its time to stop building more crappy subdivisions just to increase the tax base. All the services will require large upgrades to keep up and the tax payer will foot that bill. And who ,Pray Tell ,is going to rebuild the roadway system again to get all those commuters from there cozy little bungalows to work in downtown Boise?

What may pass for the norm in So-Cal is not what the citizens of ADA county or Boise need or want at this time. I grew up here, went to grade school, Jr High at (old) West and Borah so I know what once was and it bears little resemblance to what is now.

Years have passed since the old guard of Boise wanted growth to be subtle and controlled so that they could always come home to a quieter and gentler Boise for the weekend.

Dear Mayor please 'Just Say No' to development south of Boise

Thank You for your time

Donald Miller

Dear Council Members :

This is a Very, Very, Very, Bad Idea.

Who is Going to pay for the , Expansion of services , Expansion of the roadways , decline of quality life values, To even consider such a monstrous proposal to benefit a few already greedy builders is tantamount to treason, The state may want a few more citizens, It does not need all of So- Cal moving here. Very Bad idea think long and hard and then just Say NO not at this time maybe 50 or 100 years from now when we have figured out how to manage a steadily growing population then maybe.

This area has no infrastructure as it is and has no industry to support such a growth rate as proposed . SAY NO

From:Inna S.To:Todd TuckerCc:Inna S.; Wade PatrickSubject:Public Comments to Boise City Council Meeting on Syringa Valley DevelopmentDate:Monday, March 07, 2016 9:18:17 AM

Inna Patrick, Ph.D. 6850 Hollilynn Dr, Boise, ID 83709

PUBLIC COMMENT TO BOISE CITY COUNCIL re: SYRINGA VALLEY DEVELOPMENT

On March 29, Boise City Council will consider approval of the proposed Syringa Valley Development off S. Cole Rd, between Victory and Lake Hazel roads. Your vote is not just FOR OR AGAINST the Specific Area Plan proposed by the developer, or the amendments filed now.

You were elected by the public to be the LEADERS FOR THE BOISE CITY. BY LISTENING TO THE PUBLIC, YOU CAN IDENTIFY THE ISSUES, MAKE INFORMED DECISIONS AND PROPOSE SOLUTIONS.

I identified three major items that are MISSING from Boise City and Ada County GROWTH PLANNING PROCESS.

These are BUILD NEW MODERN ROADS before the new Subdivision, its ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT on GROUND WATER resource and CLEAN AIR, and if the proposed Specific Development Plan meets the NEEDS OF OUR COMMUNITY at present and in the future.

ADA COUNTY HAS BEEN GROWING FASTER THAN NATIONAL AVERAGE FOR MANY YEARS, WHILE THE EXISTING ROADS HAVE BECOME ANTIQUATED. Traffic counts on our residential street Hollilynn Drive tripled from year 2007. MANY ADA COUNTY RESIDENTS HAVE EXPERIENCED THE SAME STRESSFUL IMPACT OF UNPLANNED GROWTH ON OUR QUALITY OF LIFE: TRAFFIC CONGESTION.

It is estimated by ACHD that Syringa Valley Development will add 44,000 daily car trips to South Boise area, from its proposed 3,000 households. For comparison, traffic counts on S. Cole north and south of Victory Rd were 23,000 (in y. 2015) and 17,000 (in y. 2014), respectively.

ACHD Commission told us they NEVER require a builder to build roads before the houses.

The worsening traffic situation now requires YOU TO IMPLEMENT A MAJOR NEW GROWTH PLANNING POLICY TO BUILD NEW ROADS BEFORE NEW SUBDIVISIONS IN BOISE, ADA COUNTY, IDAHO.

In Idaho 15% of households have a child with asthma; air pollution is one of its triggers. The impact of an estimated 44,000 daily car trips from new Subdivision on air quality has not been evaluated.

You have to BUILD MODERN ROADS TO REDUCE CONGESTION and IMPACT OF RESIDENTIAL GROWTH ON AIR QUALITY IN BOISE and ADA COUNTY.

United Water will supply Syringa from its deep, ground water wells in S. Ada County. Idaho Department of Water Resources corresponded with me in 2014, stating that "It appears that the aquifer is currently in overdraft." A list of Boards and Commissions reporting to the City Council reveals no liaison with IDWR.

Syringa Valley was conceived in 2006 and will take 20 years to build. Its approval process did not address the need for water conservation and clean air.

A science based forecast of its impact on water use should precede project approval. THE PRESIDENT OF BOISE CITY COUNCIL SHOULD CREATE AND APPOINT A NEW LIAISON TO IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES.

The Idaho Statesman and TV media reported many times recently that it is difficult for Boiseans to find affordable housing. Does Boise need another Subdivision like Harris Ranch? The majority of Boise households cannot afford houses priced over \$300K. The average price of S. Boise homes is \$185K. What will Syringa Valley Development offer?

THE CITY COUNCIL SHOULD DIRECT SYRINGA VALLEY DEVELOPER TO CREATE A NEW PLAN FOR AFFORDABLE AND SUSTAINABLE GROWTH IN BOISE - the plan that is more inclusive and conservative.

With best regards, Inna Patrick.

From:	Inna S.
То:	Todd Tucker
Cc:	Bruce Wong
Subject:	Public Comments for Boise City Council on Syringa Valley Development
Date:	Friday, March 11, 2016 11:37:45 AM

Hi Todd,

please inform the Boise City Council of public comments regarding lack of roads to the site of proposed Syringa Valley Development, they can be read by following the highlighted link below.

There are NO ROADS AT ALL on the North and South sides of the land for Syringa Valley.

The roads on the East and West sides are 2-lane roads without a turn lane for Construction Vehicles to access the building site without disrupting heavy commuter traffic on S. Cole road and 50 mph traffic on Pleasant Valley rd.

The Syringa Valley Comprehensive and Specific plan has been in development since 2006, and the **Developer had 10 years to work with ACHD to provide the roads to Syringa Valley site.**

The only plausible explanation why they have not done so is because they were hoping that the TAXPAYERS WILL PAY FOR THE ROAD IMPROVEMENTS TO SYRINGA VALLEY SITE.

Please inform the Boise City Council of significant Public support for my online campaign "BUILD NEW ROADS BEFORE NEW SUBDIVISIONS IN BOISE, ADA COUNTY, IDAHO".

I intend to present an updated SIGNATURE COUNT (87 signatures at the time of writing) during March 29 meeting in the City Hall.

Many Ada County residents also commented on the petition site "change.org" why they are signing it - very instructive reading for people employed in public service.

 image
 Boise City Council: BUILD NE

 W ROADS BEFORE NEW...
 BUILD NEW ROADS BEFORE NEW SUB

 DIVISIONS IN BOISE, ADA COUNTY, ID
 AHO, U.S.A. LET CITY and COUNTY officials KNOW NOW! I am asking RESI...

 View on www.change.org
 Preview by Yahoo

Boise City Council: BUILD NEW ROADS BEFORE NEW SUBDIVISIONS IN BOISE, ADA COUNTY, IDAHO, U.S.A.

With best regards, Inna Patrick, Ph.D. 6850 Hollilynn Dr, Boise 83709 March 1, 2016

Committee Members,

Concerns regarding the new Syringa development projected for southwest Boise.

My name is Carla Pladsen. My husband and I built our home on Hollilynn just over 3 years ago, after moving from SE Boise where we lived for 22 years (Bagley Park River Run area). In our wildest dreams, we would not have imagined that we would be faced with the concern about heavy traffic and possible water shortages due to a huge development out here in the country! (A development that we have heard described as another "Harris Ranch". South Boise is very different from South East Boise and a neighborhood with homes starting at 350K is unreasonable, unrealistic and unfair to current residents)

So here we are, requesting that you please take a hard look at the proposed development and its impact on traffic and the environment. Hollilynn is basically a rush hour nightmare, with commuter traffic in the early morning and then again starting around 4pm. Occasionally, someone drives the speed limit! As it exists currently, Hollilynn is not safe for pedestrian or bicycle traffic. We do not walk our two dogs on this "residential" street for fear of being hit by passing traffic. There is nowhere to get out of the way!

- We feel the problematic traffic that currently exists on Hollilynn will only increase with this development. People will avoid Cole rd. at all cost!
- We are VERY concerned about the aquifer and the potential of losing our well, with the proposed homes and businesses adding an exponential burden to the water supply.

We realize that growth cannot be stopped and with careful planning can be a good thing. However the infrastructure and the EPA studies on environment etc. are crucial for this development to thrive and be a great place to live.

We would like to make the following suggestions:

- Lake Hazel to Orchard extension should exist, prior to construction start.
- Impact studies in regards to Air Quality and Water need to be completed prior to approval.
- Hollilynn speed limit reduced to 25MPH, with adequate signage and/or enforcement.

We will be in attendance at the meeting on March 29th along with many of our neighbors.

Sincerely,

Carla and Alan Pladsen

5780 West Hollilynn Drive

3/4/2016

Regarding the proposed Syringa Valley subdivision:

Please enter into the public record at/for your hearing.

I'm concerned about the increase in traffic on Cole rd. The plan calls for Lake Hazel to be punched through to Orchard, but not until later phase.

In summary there are going to be 453 lots in this 101 acre parcel (and it's just the first phase). For comparison, a nearby subdivision has 81 homes right now (108 when fully built). Once that subdivision is done there will be 2.7 houses per acre, once the proposed new development is done it will be 4.5 houses per acre.

Assuming that each house has only one car going to work in the AM (which is low) that's 453 more cars that have to go down Cole, and that's only 1/6 of the total development.

Recently, Lake Hazel was connected to Cole road. The traffic has increased rapidly. Based on traffic concerns, I propose that Lake Hazel is punched through to Orchard before the first phase of development.

Sincerely, Jennifer Risch 5776 S Cole Rd Boise ID 83709